

North Western Properties & Development Limited

Annual report and accounts
For the year ended 30 June 2000

Registered number: 3161998

JMA *J623089Z* 0264
COMPANIES HOUSE 30/04/01

DIRECTORS

H.N. Moser

M.B. Richards (resigned 1 September 2000)
C.W. Hacking (appointed 1 September 2000)

C.W. Hacking (appointed 1 September 2000)

J.E. Smith (appointed 15 June 2000, resigned 29 January 2001)

G.D. Beckett (appointed 15 June 2000)
M. Goldberg (appointed 2 March 2001)

SECRETARY

G.D. Beckett

REGISTERED OFFICE

Bracken House Charles Street

Manchester

M1 7BD

AUDITORS

Arthur Andersen

Bank House

9 Charlotte Street

Manchester

M1 4EU

BANKERS

Bank of Scotland

19/21 Spring Gardens

Market

M2 1FB

Directors' report

For the year ended 30 June 2000

The directors present the annual report on the affairs of the company, together with the accounts and auditors' report, for the year ended 30 June 2000.

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will
 continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activity and business review

The company's principal activity is that of a property holding company.

The directors consider the performance of the company to be satisfactory.

Results and dividends

The company's results for the year are set out in detail on page 5. No dividend can be paid.

Directors

The present directors of the company who served during the year are set out on page 1.

H.N. Moser is a director of the company's ultimate parent company, Blemain Group plc and as such, his interest in the share capital of that company is disclosed in its directors' report.

No director has, or had any material interest in any contract or agreement entered into by the company during the period, or any other interests required to be disclosed under Schedule 7 of the Companies Act 1985.

Directors' report (continued)

Payments to suppliers

The company agrees terms and conditions for its transactions with its suppliers. Payments are then made, subject to the terms and conditions being met by the suppliers.

Auditors

The board will place a resolution before the annual general meeting to reappoint Arthur Andersen as auditors for the ensuing year.

By order of the Board,

Sarket

G.D. Beckett

Secretary

25 April 2001



To the Shareholders of North Western Properties & Development Limited:

We have audited the accounts on pages 5 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

Respective responsibilities of director and auditors

As described on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the accounts.

Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the company's state of affairs at 30 June 2000 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Arthur Andersen

Arthur Andersen

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

Bank House 9 Charlotte Street Manchester M1 4EU

25 April 2001

Profit and loss account

For the year ended 30 June 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Operating expenses		34	(1,805)
Operating profit (loss)	•	34	(1,805)
Gain on sale of investment property		-	5,415
Interest payable	3	(3,498)	(3,561)
(Loss) profit on ordinary activities before taxation		(3,464)	49
Tax on (loss) profit on ordinary activities	4	16	(16)
(Loss) profit for the financial year	8	(3,448)	33

All activity has arisen from continuing operations. The company has no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the financial year.

A statement of movement in reserves is shown in note 8.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this profit and loss account.

Balance sheet

30 June 2000

	Notes	2000 £	1999 £
Fixed assets			
Investment properties	5	46,036	41,947
Current assets			
Cash at bank and in hand		100	100
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(49,036)	(41,499)
Net current liabilities		(48,936)	(41,399)
Net (liabilities) assets	13	(2,900)	548
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital	7	100	100
Profit and loss account	8	(3,000)	448
Equity shareholders' (deficit) funds	9	(2,900)	548

Signed on behalf of the Board

H.N. Moser Directors

25 April 2001

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this balance sheet.

Notes to accounts

30 June 2000

1 Accounting policies

A summary of the principal accounting policies, all of which have been applied consistently throughout the current year and the preceding year, is set out below.

a) Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of investment properties including SSAP 19, which unlike the detailed rules of the Companies Act does not require depreciation of freehold and long leasehold investment properties. The lack of depreciation is necessary to give a true and fair view for the reason explained below in the investment properties accounting policies note.

b) Investment properties

A valuation of investment properties is made annually as at the balance sheet date by the directors, at open market value. Changes in the market value of investment properties are accounted for by way of a movement in revaluation reserve and are included in the statement of total recognised gains and losses unless a deficit (or its reversal) on an individual investment property is expected by the directors to be permanent, in which case the change in market value is charged (credited) to the profit and loss account. On disposal, the cumulative revaluation surpluses or deficits are transferred from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account reserve.

Additions to investment properties under development comprise construction costs excluding attributable interest incurred in bringing a project to its present state of completion.

In accordance with SSAP 19 no depreciation or amortisation is provided in respect of freehold investment properties and leasehold investment properties with over 20 years to run. The requirement of the Companies Act 1985 is to depreciate all properties, but that requirement conflicts with the generally accepted principles set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, as these properties are not held for consumption but for investment, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view, and that it is necessary to adopt SSAP 19 in order to give a true and fair view. If this departure from the Act had not been made the profit for the financial year would have been decreased by depreciation. However, the amount of depreciation cannot reasonably be quantified, because of the lack of analysis of the cost/value as between land and buildings.

c) Taxation

No tax is payable as the company made losses.

2 Staff costs

The company had no employees and paid no directors' emoluments during either year.

3 Interest payable

interest payable	2000 £	1999 £
Interest payable on bank overdraft	3,498	3,561

Notes to accounts (continued)

4 Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
The tax charge for the year comprises:		
	2000	1999
	£	£
Current year corporation tax	-	16
Adjustment in respect of prior year	(16)	-
	(16)	16
	(10)	
There is no unprovided deferred tax at the 30 June 2000 (1999 - £Nil).		
5 Fixed assets		
0 1 IACU 255CE		Investment
		properties
		£
Beginning of year		41,947
Additions		4,089
End of year		46,036
The directors consider the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of investment properties is not materially difference upon the carrying value of the carry	ent from the ma	rket value at
6 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
o orealtors. Amounts family due within one year	2000	1999
	£	£
Taxation	-	2,825
Amounts owed to group undertaking	49,036	38,674
	49,036	41,499
	 _	
7 Called-up share capital		
	2000	1999
	£	£
Authorised, allotted, called-up and fully paid		

100

100

100 Ordinary shares of £1 each

Notes to accounts (continued)

8 Profit and loss account

6 Profit and loss account	2000 £	1999 £
(Loss) profit for the financial year	(3,448)	33
Beginning of year	448	415
End of year	(3,000)	448
9 Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' (deficit) funds	2000 £	1999 £
(Loss) profit for the financial year	(3,448)	33
Opening shareholders' funds	548	515
Closing shareholders' (deficit) funds	(2,900)	548

10 Contingent liability

The company's assets are subject to a fixed and floating charge in respect of £50 million of bank borrowings of the group (1999 - £36 million).

11 Cash flow statement

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 (Revised), the company has not produced a cash flow statement, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Blemain Group plc, which has produced consolidated accounts that are publicly available.

12 Related party transactions

As a subsidiary undertaking of Blemain Group plc, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 8, "Related party disclosures" not to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Blemain Group plc.

13 Net liabilities

Under section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986, any creditor of the company could petition for it to be wound up on the grounds that it has net liabilities. However, the directors have drawn up the accounts on a going concern basis because they have received confirmation from the ultimate parent company that it will provide such financial support as is necessary to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

Notes to accounts (continued)

14 Ultimate parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of Blemain Group plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales.

The largest and smallest group of which North Western Properties & Development Limited is a member and for which group accounts are drawn up is that headed by the Blemain Group plc, whose principal place of business is at Bracken House, Charles Street, Manchester, M1 7BD.