UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

30 SEPTEMBER 2020



THIMBLEBY FARMS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03160770

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

			2020		2019
	Note		£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		8,247,873		7,581,185
			8,247,873		7,581,185
Current assets					
Stocks		683,347		760,499	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	6	141,604		84,291	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	118		692	
		825,069	•	845,482	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(9,087,201)		(7,652,792)	
Net current liabilities			(8,262,132)		(6,807,310)
Total assets less current liabilities			(14,259)		773,875
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(3,061,473)		(3,000,000)
Net liabilities			(3,075,732)		(2,226,125)

THIMBLEBY FARMS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 03160770

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	3,500,000	3,500,000
Profit and loss account		(6,575,732)	(5,726,125)
		(3,075,732)	(2,226,125)

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr A E Shelley
Director

Date: 29 July 2021

The notes on pages 3 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

1. General information

Thimbleby Farms Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England, with the registration number 03160770. The registered office address is York House, Thornfield Business Park, Standard Way, Northallerton, North Yorkshire, DL6 2XQ. The principal place of business is Thimbleby Hall, Thimbleby, Northallerton, North Yorkshire, DL6 3PY. Presentational and functional currency is pound sterling.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

Despite having a negative balance sheet amounting to £3,075,732 (2019: £2,226,125) the directors continue to support the business and therefore the accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The shooting side of the business was affected by restrictions due to COVID-19 but with restrictions loosening the Directors are confident this will pick back up. Costs have been minimised until that point, income from Government Grants has been maximised and loans secured. The business has sufficient resources and the financial backing of the Directors to continue, it is therefore appropriate to produce these accounts on a going concern basis

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

2.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.7 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery

Freehold property

2% straight line Improvements to f/hold property -

4% straight line

.

20% straight line
Motor vehicles -

25% reducing balance

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.9 Stocks

Biological assets within stock comprise cattle and lambs. Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.10 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at transaction value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at transaction value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.13 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 23 (2019 - 23).

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill
	£
Cost	
At 1 October 2019	313,034
At 30 September 2020	313,034
Amortisation	
At 1 October 2019	313,034
At 30 September 2020	313,034
Net book value	
At 30 September 2020	
At 30 September 2019	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

5. Tangible fixed assets

6.

	Freehold property	Impt's to Freehold Property	Plant and machinery	Motor vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost or valuation					
At 1 October 2019	6,099,699	1,730,188	1,009,498	107,665	8,947,050
Additions	253,550	537,378	184,684	21,000	996,612
Disposals	•	•	(53,595)	•	(53,595)
At 30 September 2020	6,353,249	2,267,566	1,140,587	128,665	9,890,067
Depreciation					
At 1 October 2019	271,805	332,430	705,908	55,722	1,365,865
Charge for the year on owned					
assets	69,326	74,973	159,291	16,057	319,647
Disposals	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	(43,318)		(43,318)
At 30 September 2020	341,131	407,403	821,881	71,779	1,642,194
Net book value					
At 30 September 2020	6,012,118	1,860,163	318,706	56,886	8,247,873
At 30 September 2019	5,827,894	1,397,758	303,590	51,943	7,581,185
Debtors					
				2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors				12,436	35,209
Other debtors				85,718	16,839
Prepayments and accrued income				43,450	32,243
				141,604	84,291

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

7.	Cash	and	cash	equivalents
----	------	-----	------	-------------

		2020 £	2019 £
	Cash at bank and in hand	118	692
	Less: bank overdrafts	(1,161,394)	(1,183,095)
	EGGS. Bank Overarand	——————————————————————————————————————	
		(1,161,276)	(1,182,403)
8.	Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2020 £	2019 £
	Bank overdrafts	- 1,161,394	
		58,255	1,183,095 11,790
	Payments received on account Trade creditors	237,055	163,053
	Other taxation and social security	14,132	12,468
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	22,655	12,400
	Other creditors	7,544,006	6,251,752
	Accruals and deferred income	49,704	30,634
		9.087.204	7 652 702
		9,087,201	7,652,792
9.	Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Bank loans	3,050,000	3,000,000
	Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	11,473	-
		3,061,473	3,000,000

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a charge against property and assets held by the company.

Included in creditors due after more than one year are bank loans of £3,000,000 (2019: £3,000,000) payable after more than 5 years.

10. Share capital

	2020	2019
	£	£
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
3,500,000 (2019 - 3,500,000) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	3,500,000	3,500,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2020

11. Related party transactions

At the balance sheet date there was a loan from the director to the company amounting to £7,544,006 (2019: £6,251,752). No interest has been charged on this loan.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.