West Valley Mobile Security
Limited Filleted Accounts Cover

West Valley Mobile Security Limited

Company No. 03149421

Information for Filing with The Registrar

30 June 2022

West Valley Mobile Security Limited Balance Sheet Registrar at 30 June 2022

Company No. 03149421	Notes	2022	2021
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4 _	20,571	20,569
		20,571	20,569
Current assets			
Debtors	5	558,448	574,50 2
Cash at bank and in hand		41,019	82,824
		599,467	657,326
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6 _	(383,208)	(422,341)
Net current assets		216,259	234,985
Total assets less current liabilities		236,830	255,554
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(72,356)	(129,481)
Net assets	_	164,474	126,073
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account	8	164,374	125,973
Total equity	_	164,474	126,073

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 18 August 2022 And signed on its behalf by:

C. Coe Director 18 August 2022 West Valley Mobile Security Limited Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 30 June 2022

1 General information

Its registered number is: 03149421
Its registered office is:
Lincolns View Oakgreen
Stanley Business Park
Cheadle Hulme
Stockport
SK8 6QL

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets held for the company's own use are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses.

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amount of its tangible fixed assets to determine whether there is any indication that any items have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost or valuation less the estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life:

Plant and machinery

25% Reducing balance

Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3	Employees	2022		2021
		Number		Number
	The average monthly number of employees (including	40		42
	directors) during the year was:	48		42
4	Tangible fixed assets			
		Plant and machinery £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
		Ľ	£	L
	Cost or revaluation	165 477		165 477
	At 1 July 2021 Additions	165,477	- 5,368	165,477
	At 30 June 2022		5,368 5,368	5,368 170,845
	Depreciation	1.44.000		1.44.000
	At 1 July 2021	144,908	-	144,908
	Charge for the year At 30 June 2022	5,142	224 224	5,366
		150,050		150,274
	Net book values	45 407	- 444	20.574
	At 30 June 2022	15,427	5,144	20,571
	At 30 June 2021	20,569		20,569
5	Debtors			
,	Debtois	2022		2021
		£		£
	Trade debtors	7,546		6,905
	Other debtors	494,980		497,694
	Prepayments and accrued income	55,922		69,903
	' '	558,448	_	574,502
_	Constitution .			
6	Creditors:			
	amounts falling due within one year	2022		2021
		2022 £		2021 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts	9,096		11,250
	Other loans	50,000		50,000
	Trade creditors	7,592		21,690
	Other taxes and social security	52,826		136,245
	Other creditors	116,665		46,791
	Accruals and deferred income	147,029		156,365
		383,208	_	422,341
			_	

7 Creditors:

amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	30,071	37,814
Other loans	42,285	91,667
	72,356	129,481

8 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.