



# Financial Statements Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited

For the year ended 31 May 2011





COMPANIES HOUSE

## Company information

**Company registration number:** 

3139409

Registered office:

Franklin's Gardens Weedon Road NORTHAMPTON

**Directors:** 

K L Barwell OBE (Chairman)
A Robson (Chief Executive Officer)
R A Deane (Financial Director)
L K L Barwell (Non-executive)
N D Beal (Non-executive)
J J Drown (Non-executive)
A C Hewitt (Non-executive)
M A L Holmes (Non-executive)
P Pask (Non-executive)
C Povey (Non-executive)

J A G D Raphael (Non-executive)

Secretary:

A T Cozzolino

**Auditor:** 

Grant Thornton UK LLP Chartered Accountants Statutory Auditor Grant Thornton House Kettering Parkway Kettering Venture Park KETTERING

Northants NN15 6XR

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## Report of the directors

The directors present their report together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2011

### **Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of promoting the playing and furtherance of rugby football

#### **Business review**

The team consolidated its position in the Guinness Premiership and reached the final in the Heineken Cup. The company has recorded a profit for the year after taxation of £449,344 (2010 - £576,661)

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2010 - finil)

## Financial risk management objectives and policies

Although the company may enter into derivative transactions such as interest rate swaps or forward foreign currency transactions in order to minimise its risks, the company did not enter into such transactions during the year. The company's policy is that no trading in such financial instruments shall be undertaken

The company's financial instruments comprise cash, trade debtors, trade creditors, overdrafts and loans. The main purpose of these financial instruments is to raise finance for the company's operations.

#### Liquidity risk

The company generates cash and therefore does not have any significant liquidity exposure. In the event of the rugby club being relegated, the company would receive an income parachute payment and additional income from central funds. The directors believe that this income, in addition to income generated from gate receipts and off field activities, would ensure the club has sufficient funding to either achieve premiership status on its first attempt, or enable the club to put into place further contingency plans to manage its liquidity exposure. Short term flexibility is achieved through the availability of overdraft facilities, bank loans and mortgages.

#### Interest rate risk

The company finances its operation through a mixture of shareholders' funds, bank overdrafts, bank loans, mortgages and working capital

#### Key performance indicators

#### Financial

The company measures its financial performance using the following measures

- growth in turnover is a key measure of the company's success in winning new business and retaining existing customers. The growth in rugby and commercial income was 9.5% up on last year.
- cash collection is an important part of effective working capital management. At the year end debtor days were 23 7 days compared to last year of 15 6 days
- total gate receipts per match
- monitoring senior and academy salary squad caps

## Key performance indicators (continued)

#### Non-financial

The company measures its non-financial performance in several areas as follows

- number of season tickets sold
- number of wins per season
- match attendances

#### **Directors**

The present membership of the Board is set out below. All of the directors served on the Board throughout the year

K L Barwell OBE A Robson R A Deane L K L Barwell N D Beal J J Drown A C Hewitt M A L Holmes P Pask C Povey J A G D Raphael

#### Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom. Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable laws). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs and profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy, at any time, the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Statement of directors' responsibilities (continued)

In so far as each of the directors are aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

#### **Auditor**

Grant Thornton UK LLP, having expressed their willingness to continue in office, will be deemed reappointed for the next financial year in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006 unless the company receives notice under section 488(1) of the Companies Act 2006

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

R A Deane Director 9 August 2011



## Report of the independent auditor to the members of Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited (registered number 3139409)

We have audited the financial statements of Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited for the year ended 31 May 2011 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out in the Report of the Directors, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

#### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at <a href="https://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm">www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/private.cfm</a>

#### **Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2011 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006



## Report of the independent auditor to the members of Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited (registered number 3139409)

#### Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

## Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

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John Corbishley

Senior Statutory Auditor

for and on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP

Statutory Auditor, Chartered Accountants

Kettering

9 August 2011

## Principal accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards (United Kingdom Generally Accounting Practice)

The principal accounting policies of the company are set out below. The policies have remained unchanged from the previous year

#### Turnover

Turnover represents the amounts, excluding VAT and trade discounts, receivable by the company for match tickets, executive boxes, sponsorship, English Rugby Partnership income, rental of ground, gate receipts and the provision of goods supplied and services provided by the company

#### **Deferred income**

Deferred income represents amounts received in relation to sponsorship and executive boxes. Deferred income is released to the profit and loss account in the season to which the income relates and typically is over a period of between 1 and 4 years.

## Goodwill and intangible fixed assets

## Purchased goodwill

Goodwill represents the surplus arising on the acquisition of the net assets of The Northampton Football Club on 12 February 1996

The company has adopted a policy of amortising the cost over 20 years from February 1996

#### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets other than freehold land over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are

Freehold property and new buildings

2% on cost

Leasehold property

Over the remaining term of the lease

Ground improvements
Property improvements

20% on reducing balance 10% on reducing balance

Furniture, fixtures and fittings

20% on reducing balance

Office equipment

 $20 - 33^{1}/_{3}\%$  on cost

Motor vehicles

331/3% on reducing balance

In respect of freehold property and improvements on assets taken over from The Northampton Football Club, depreciation is provided on the original costs of the assets. No depreciation is provided during the period of construction for freehold property

#### Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2011

#### Leased assets

All leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term

#### Investments

Investments are included at cost less amounts written off

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

#### **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Contributions to pension schemes

#### **Defined Contribution Scheme**

The pension costs charged against operating profits are the contributions payable to the scheme in respect of the accounting period

#### **Grants received**

Grants received in respect of capital expenditure are credited to a deferred income account and are released to the profit and loss account by equal annual installments over the expected useful lives of the relevant assets

### **Financial instruments**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity. There is no effect on the financial statements as a result of adopting the new policy.

## Profit and loss account

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Turnover	1	13,174,685	12,032,507
Cost of sales		(7,231,320)	(6,427,691)
Gross profit		5,943,365	5,604,816
Administrative expenses		(5,083,840)	(4,988,456)
Operating profit		859,525	616,360
Net interest	2	(19,970)	(39,699)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	839,555	576,661
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	(390,211)	
Profit for the financial year	16	449,344	576,661

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year

All of the operations of the company are considered to be continuing

## Balance sheet

Note	•	2011	c	2010
	£	£	£	£
_		20.127		24 207
		•		34,397
				12,034,825
7				179
		11,640,431		12,069,401
				, ,
8	216,506		283,839	
9	1,488,766		928,267	
	2,554,436		770,255	
	4,259,708		1,982,361	
	(F (04 4F0)		(4.800.804)	
10	(5,631,478)		(4,280,301)	
		(1,371,770)		(2,297,940)
		10,268,661		9,771,461
11		(6,012,111)		(6,333,142)
		, , , ,		
13		(368,887)		
		3.887.663		3,438,319
15		4.500.000		4,500,000
				(1,061,681)
10		(022,001)		(-,001,001)
17		3,887,663		3,438,319
	5 6 7 8 9 10 11 13	\$ 216,506 9 1,488,766 2,554,436 4,259,708 10 (5,631,478)  11 13	£ £  5 28,337 11,611,915 7 179  11,640,431  8 216,506 9 1,488,766 2,554,436  4,259,708  10 (5,631,478)  (1,371,770) 10,268,661  11 (6,012,111) 13 (368,887) 3,887,663  15 4,500,000 (612,337)	£ £ £ £  5 28,337 11,611,915 7 179  11,640,431  8 216,506 283,839 9 1,488,766 928,267 770,255  4,259,708 1,982,361  10 (5,631,478) (4,280,301)  (1,371,770) 10,268,661  11 (6,012,111) 13 (368,887) 3,887,663  15 4,500,000 16 (612,337)

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 9 August 2011 They were signed on its behalf by

A Robson Director

RA Deane Director

Registration number 3139409

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements.

## Notes to the financial statements

## 1 Turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation

2

3

The turnover is attributable to the activity as stated in the Report of the Directors

Turnover is attributable to the following classes of business		
2	2011	2010
	£	£
Rugby income	4,381,445	4,594,439
Premier Rugby income	3,209,101	2,165,350
Commercial income	_5,584,139	5,272,718
	13,174,685	12,032,507
The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after	2011	2010
	2011	2010
	£	£
Depreciation		
Tangible fixed assets, owned	376,949	390,590
Hire of plant and machinery under operating leases	38,946	36,415
Hire of land and buildings under operating leases	45,720	23,400
Goodwill amortised	6,060	6,060
Auditor's remuneration	•	
- audit of the financial statements	18,150	17,600
- taxation service	2,550	2,475
Net interest		
	2044	2040
	2011	2010
	£	£
	19,970	39,699
On bank loans and overdrafts		
Directors and employees		
Staff costs during the year were as follows	2044	2010
	2011	2010
	£	£
Wages and salaries	5,646,647	5,236,235
Social security costs	633,260	573,386
·	65,623	65,475
Other pension costs		
	6,345,530	5,875,096

## Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2011

## **Directors and employees (continued)**

The average number of employees of the company during the year was		
. , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , . , . ,	2011	2010
	Number	Number
Sports and rugby players	67	56
Administration, commercial and match day only staff	<u> 166</u>	186
	233	242
Included in administration, commercial and match day only staff are 138	) /2010 154) mart tie	•••
employees	s (2010 - 134) part-ui	ne
•	5 (2010 - 134) part-ui	ne
employees	2010 - 134) part-ui	2010
employees	`	
employees	2011	2010
Remuneration in respect of directors was as follows	2011 £	2010 £

during the year

During the year two directors (2010 - two) participated in defined contribution pension schemes

The amounts set out above include remuneration in respect of the highest paid director as follows

	2011	2010
	£	£
Emoluments	224,048	195,905
Pension contributions to money purchase pension scheme	20,464	9,463
Taxation		
The tax charge represents		
	2011	2010
	£	£
Corporation tax at 28% (2010 - nil) and total current tax	21,324	-
Origination and reversal of timing differences and total deferred taxation	368,887	-
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	390,211	-

## Northampton Rugby Football Club Limited Financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2011

## **Taxation (continued)**

### Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 28% (2010 - 28%) The differences are explained as follows

	2011 £	2010 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	839,555	576,661
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 28% (2010 - 28%)	235,075	161,465
Effects of Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	113,284	26,690
Tax rate adjustment	(7,336)	**
Capital allowances for the year in excess of depreciation	(24,436)	12,514
Utilisation of trading losses in the year	(295,263)	(200,669)
Current tax charge for the year	21,324	

Tax losses of £nil remain available to carry forward for offset against future taxable trade. No provision has been made for deferred tax on the sale of freehold land and properties where taxable gains have been rolled over into replacement assets. Such tax would become payable only if the freehold land and property were sold without it being possible to claim rollover relief. The total amount unprovided for in respect of this is £217,000 (2010 - £217,000). At present it is not envisaged that any tax will become payable in the foreseeable future.

#### 5 Intangible fixed assets

	Purchased goodwill £
Cost	101 257
At 1 June 2010 and 31 May 2011	121,257
Amortisation	
At 1 June 2010	86,860
Provided in the year	6,060
At 31 May 2011	92,920
Net book amount at 31 May 2011	28,337
Net book amount at 31 May 2010	34,397

Purchased goodwill relates to the surplus arising from the acquisition of the net assets of the Northampton Football Club and is amortised over its useful economic life of 20 years

## 6 Tangible fixed assets

Freehold property, new buildings and ground improvements	Furniture, fixtures and fittings, motor vehicles and office equipment f	Totals £
~	~	~
13,782,547	1,666,560	15,449,107
9,826	78,183	88,009
(193,502)		(193,502)
17,272,747	1,744,743	19,017,490
2,169,466	1,244,816	3,414,282
263,003	113,946	376,949
(59,532)	-	(59,532)
2,372,937	1,358,762	3,731,699
11,225,934	385,981	11,611,915
11,613,081	421,744	12,034,825
	property, new buildings and ground improvements £  13,782,547 9,826 (193,502)  17,272,747  2,169,466 263,003 (59,532)  2,372,937  11,225,934	Freehold property, new buildings and ground improvements  13,782,547

Included within freehold property, new buildings and ground improvements is land at a cost of £1,095,048 (2010 - £1,095,048) which is not depreciated

### 7 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in group	Investments other than	
	undertakings	loans	Total
Cost and net book amount At 1 June 2010 and 31 May 2011	± 100	79	179
At 1 June 2010 and 31 May 2011	100		1/9

At 31 May 2011 the company held more than 20% of the equity of the following

	Class of share capital held	Proportion held	Nature of business	Capital and reserves
Saints Rugby Limited	£1 Ordinary shares	100%	Dormant	100

The investments other than loans relates to an investment in Premier Rugby Limited

The company is exempt from preparing consolidated financial statements on the grounds that it is an intermediate holding company in a medium sized group. The financial statements therefore present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group.

#### **Stocks**

		2011 £	2010 £
	Shop stock	216,506	283,839
9	Debtors		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	856,234 108,922 523,610	515,184 82,388 330,695
		1,488,766	928,267
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Corporate tax Amounts owed to group undertakings Social security and other taxes Other creditors Accrued expenses Deferred income	300,000 508,174 21,324 94,939 1,162,628 937,648 545,205 2,061,560 5,631,478	300,000 497,723 63,944 875,486 13,084 425,574 2,104,490 4,280,301

Interest on bank overdrafts is charged at 1 5% (2010 - 15%) over the bank base rate

The bank loan held with Barclays Commercial Bank is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the group

#### Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 11

	2011 £	2010 £
Bank loans Amounts owed to group undertakings Deferred income	905,000 4,542,411 564,700	<b>11</b> 4,542,411
	6,012,111	6,333,142

The bank loan held with Barclays Commercial Bank is secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the group

## 12 Borrowings

Bank loans are repayable as follows	2011 £	2010 £
Within one year	300,000	300,000
After one and within two years	300,000	300,000
After two and within five years	605,000	905,000
	1,205,000	1,505,000

The bank loan is repayable by yearly instalments at an interest rate of 1 15% over the bank base rate

## 13 Provisions for liabilities and charges

			Deferred taxation (Note 14)
	At 1 June 2010		-
	Movement in year		368,887
	At 31 May 2011		368,887
14	Deferred taxation		
	Deferred taxation provided for in the financial statements is set out below	2011 £	2010 £
	Other timing differences	368,887	
15	Share capital		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Authorised	20,000,000	20,000,000
	20,000,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	20,000,000	20,000,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 4,500,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	4,500,000	4,500,000

#### 16 Reserves

17

		Profit and loss account
At 1 June 2010		(1,061,681)
Retained profit for the year		449,344
At 31 May 2011		(612,337)
Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		
	2011	2010
	£	£
Profit for the financial year and net increase in shareholders' funds	449,344	576,661
Shareholders' funds at 1 June 2010	3,438,319	2,861,658
	3,887,663	3,438,319

## 18 Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at 31 May 2011 or 31 May 2010

## 19 Retirement benefits

#### **Defined Contribution Scheme**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for the benefit of the employees and certain directors (see Note 3) The assets of the scheme are administered by trustees in a fund independent from those of the company

## 20 Contingent liabilities

There were no contingent liabilities at 31 May 2011 or 31 May 2010 other than the unprovided deferred taxation as referred to in Note 4

## 21 Leasing commitments

Operating lease payments amounting to £84,666 (2010 - £59,815) are due within one year. The leases to which these amounts relate expire as follows

to when these amounts relate expire as rollows		2011		2010
	Land and buildings	Other £	Land and buildings £	Other £
In one year or less Between one and five years	45,720	152 38,794	23,400	152 36,263
	45,720	38,946	23,400	36,415

## 22 Transactions with directors and other related parties

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Northampton Saints PLC, the company is exempt from the requirement of FRS 8 to disclose transactions with other members of the group headed by Northampton Saints PLC on the grounds that accounts are publicly available from Companies House

#### Transactions with directors

		Due to/(from)			
		Value in the year		the group	
Director/entity	Type of transaction	2011	2010	2011	2010
·	•	£	£	£	£
K L Barwell OBE and	Sales from the company	530	5,110	-	-
L K L Barwell (Bradden Estates Management)	Purchases made by the company	82,250	82,250	-	-
L K L Barwell	Sales from the company	48,395	44,396	-	5,398
(Vision Security Group Limited)	Purchases made by the company	68,248	69,135	(15,046)	(23,848)
A C Hewitt	Sales from the company	8,144	8,093	-	345
(Burbage Realty)	Purchases made by the company	5,000	-	-	-
N D Beal (David Williams Independent Financial Advisers)	Sales from the company	4,100	3,507	1,260	-
J J Drown (Porterhouse		39,666	-	-	
Developments)	Purchases made by the company				-

Sales and purchases between the company and companies connected with the directors were at arm's length and relate principally to sponsorship and the rental of hospitality suites

## 23 Controlling related party

The directors consider that the ultimate parent undertaking and controlling related party of this company is Northampton Saints PLC

The largest group of undertakings for which group accounts have been drawn up is that headed by Northampton Saints PLC