Registration number: 03133903

Drebbin Enterprises Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

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(Registration number: 03133903) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	-	1,354
Investment property	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	515,000	515,000
		515,000	516,354
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	14,905	14,134
Cash at bank and in hand		15,309	8,918
		30,214	23,052
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u> </u>	(33,702)	(33,320)
Net current liabilities		(3,488)	(10,268)
Total assets less current liabilities		511,512	506,086
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(82,307)	(105,576)
Provisions for liabilities			(257)
Net assets		429,205	400,253
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Capital redemption reserve		900	900
Profit and loss account		428,303	399,351
Shareholders' funds		429,205	400,253

For the financial year ending 31 March 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 23 September 2020

The notes on pages $\underline{2}$ to $\underline{5}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 1

Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England & Wales.

The address of its registered office is: C/o Kyoto Futons Hards Lane Frognall Deeping St James Lincolnshire PE6 8RP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 23 September 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Plant & machinery

15% reducing balance basis 15% reducing balance basis

Depreciation method and rate

Fixtures & fittings

Investment property

The investment property is shown at its fair value as estimated by the director. Any movements in fair value are recognised in arriving at the profit before tax. Deferred tax is provided against these movements.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2019 - 1).

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2019	2,700	1,786	4,486
Disposals	(2,700)	(1,786)	(4,486)
At 31 March 2020			-
Depreciation			
At 1 April 2019	1,543	1,589	3,132
Eliminated on disposal	(1,543)	(1,589)	(3,132)
At 31 March 2020			
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2020		<u> </u>	
At 31 March 2019	1,157	197	1,354

5 Investment properties

	2020 £
At 1 April	515,000
At 31 March	515,000

The Investment properties were valued on 31 March 2020 by the directors at £515,000 (2019 - £515,000). The basis of this valuation was market value. The deemed historical cost of the investment properties are £515,000 (2019 - £515,000).

There has been no valuation of investment property by an independent valuer.

6 Debtors

	2020	2019
	£	£
Other debtors	14,905	14,134
	14,905	14,134

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2020

7 Creditors

Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
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creditors, amounts faming due within one year		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	23,270	22,091
Trade creditors		549	-
Accruals and deferred income		2,569	4,069
Other creditors		7,314	7,160
		33,702	33,320
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
Creditors, amounts taining due after more than one year		2020	2019
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8	82,307	105,576
8 Loans and borrowings			
		2020	2019
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings		92.207	105 576
Bank borrowings		82,307	105,576
		2020	2019
		£	£
Current loans and borrowings		22.270	22.001
Bank borrowings		23,270	22,091

Current and non-current loans and borrowings consist of a commercial mortgage and are secured by a legal charge over the freehold property at Hards Road, Frognall, Deeping St James and by fixed and floating charges over the undertaking and all property and assets present and future including goodwill, book debts, uncalled capital, buildings, fixtures, plant and machinery. Interest is charged on the borrowings at a market rate.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.