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Company Registration No. 3123072 (England and Wales)

# CAPION HOLDINGS LIMITED DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

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### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Director** A Bührer

Secretary Accomplish Secretaries Limited

Company number 3123072

Registered office 3 Sheldon Square

London W2 6PS

Auditors MRI Moores Rowland LLP

3 Sheldon Square

London W2 6PS

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### DIRECTOR'S REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

The director presents his report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2005.

### Principal activities

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of an investment holding company.

#### Director

The following director has held office since 1 January 2005:

A Bührer

#### **Director's interests**

The director's interest in the shares of the company was as stated below:

Ordinary shares of £ 1 each 31 December 2005 1 January 2005

A Bührer

Mr A Bührer's wife and children are discretionary beneficiaries of the Colibri Settlement, a Jersey discretionary trust, which is the ultimate controlling party of Capion Holdings Limited.

#### **Auditors**

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that MRI Moores Rowland LLP be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

### Director's responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to:

- -select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently:
- -make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- -prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Financial Risk Management

The company's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of credit risks. liquidity risk and interest rate risk.

The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effect on the financial performance of the company by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs. The company does not use derivative financial instrument to manage interest rate costs, and as such, no hedge accounting is applied.

Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board.

### DIRECTOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

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### Credit risk

The amount of exposure to any individual counterparty is subject to a limit, which is reassessed annually by the board.

### Liquidity risk

The company actively maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance that is designed to ensure the company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

Interest rate cash flow risk

The company has a policy of maintaining debt at a fixed rate to ensure the certainty of future cash flows. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations change in size or nature.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board

A Bührer

Director

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CAPION HOLDINGS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Capion Holdings Limited for the year ended 31 December 2005 set out on pages 5 to 9. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting policies set out therein and the requirements of the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of the director and auditors

As described in the Statement of Director's Responsibilities on page 2 the company's director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the director's report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding director's remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the director's report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the director in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF CAPION HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2005 and of its loss for the year then ended; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

### **Emphasis of matter - Going concern**

MI Marces Kowland LLP

In forming our opinion, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in the financial statements concerning the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. Details of the circumstances relating to this uncertainty are described in note 1 to the financial statements. In view of the significance of this uncertainty we consider that it should be drawn to your attention but our opinion is not qualified in this respect.

**MRI Moores Rowland LLP** 

Chartered Accountants
Registered auditor

3 Sheldon Square London W2 6PS

31/10/26

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

	Notes	2005 £	2004 £
Turnover		117,576	102,558
Administrative expenses		(179,834)	(138,583)
Operating loss	2	(62,258)	(36,025)
Interest payable and similar charges		-	(30)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(62,258)	(36,055)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	-	
Loss for the year	8	(62,258)	(36,055)

# BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2005

		2	005	2	004
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		1,013,730		1,043,649
Current assets					
Debtors	5	5,316,226		5,270,052	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,707		27,286	
		5,345,933		5,297,338	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	6	(6,676,345)		(6,595,411)	
Net current liabilities			(1,330,412)		(1,298,073)
Total assets less current liabilities			(316,682)		(254,424)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		1,000		1,000
·			•		
Profit and loss account	8		(317,682)		(255,424)
Shareholders' funds			(316,682)		(254,424)

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2005).

Approved by the Board for issue on .

A Bührer **Director** 

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

#### 1.3 Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for diminution in value.

### 1.4 Foreign currency translation

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are taken to profit and loss account.

### 1.5 Consolidation

The financial statements present information about the company as an individual undertaking and not about its group. The company and its subsidiary undertakings comprise a small-sized group. The company has therefore taken advantage of the exemptions provided by section 248 of the Companies Act 1985 not to prepare group accounts.

### 1.6 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis. This is considered appropriate as the shareholders have agreed to continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future. Should the company be unable to continue trading, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the value of assets to their recoverable amounts, to provide for any further liabilities which might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets as current assets.

2	Operating loss	2005	2004
		£	£
	Operating loss is stated after charging:		
	Auditors' remuneration	10,000	10,000
	Director's emoluments	47,997	48,000
3	Taxation	2005	2004
	Demontic assurant seas tax	£	£
	Domestic current year tax		
	U.K. corporation tax	-	-
	Current tax charge	-	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

### 4 Fixed asset investments

	Shares in group
	undertakings
	£
Cost	
At 1 January 2005	1,043,649
Exchange differences	(29,919)
At 31 December 2005	1,013,730
Net book value	
At 31 December 2005	1,013,730
At 31 December 2004	1,043,649

### Holdings of more than 20%

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The company holds more than 20% of the share capital of the following companies:

Company Subsidiary undertakings	Country of registration or incorporation	Shares held Class	%
SCA Château Capion	France	Ordinary	99.00
SCA Domaine de Capion	France	Ordinary	99.65

The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the results of these undertakings for the last relevant financial year were as follows:

	Capital and reserves 2005	Profit/(loss) for the year 2005
	€	€
SCA Château Capion	152,437	215
SCA Domaine de Capion	(1,116,470)	(499,799)

Debtors	2005 £	2004 £
Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors	5,303,064 13,162	5,268,568 1,484
	5,316,226	5,270,052

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2005 £	2004 £
	Taxation and social security Other creditors	3,584 6,672,761	3,615 6,591,796
		6,676,345	6,595,411

Included in other creditors is an amount owed to A Bührer of £56,350 (2004: £56,350).

The loan amounting to £6,603,588 (2005: £6,502,712) included in other creditors is secured on the assets of the company and by an unrelated third party guarantee.

7	Share capital	2005 £	2004 £
	Authorised 10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
8	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		Profit and loss account £

Balance at 1 January 2005	(255,424)
Loss for the year	(62,258)
Balance at 31 December 2005	(317,682)

### 9 Control

The ultimate controlling party is the Colibri Settlement, a Jersey discretionary trust. Mr A Bührer's wife and children are discretionary beneficiaries of the trust.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2005

### 10 Related party transactions

At 31 December 2005, a loan account balance of £2,021,630 (2004 - £1,958,499) was due from SCA Château Capion, a 99% owned subsidiary. The movement on the loan was for funding purposes, and is partly a result of the foreign exchange translation at the year-end rate.

At 31 December 2005, a loan account balance of £3,281,434 (2004 - £3,310,069) was due from SCA Domaine de Capion, a 99.65% owned subsidiary. The movement on the loan was for funding purposes, and is partly a result of the foreign exchange translation at the year-end rate.