FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2015

Company Number 03121085

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NOTICE OF MEETING

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the annual general meeting of the company will be held at Unit 19, Mauretania Road, Nursling Industrial Estate, Southampton, Hampshire on 1st October 2015 at 10:00a.m. for the following purposes:-

- 1. To receive the accounts for the year ended 31 May 2015 together with the reports of the directors and auditors thereon.
- 2. To re-appoint the auditors and authorise the directors to fix their remuneration.

A member of the company entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member of the company.

By order of the board

S R Terris Secretary

25th August 2015

Registered office: Unit 19, Mauretania Road Nursling Industrial Estate Southampton Hampshire SO16 0YS

Registered in England No. 03121085

Strategic Report for the year ended 31 May 2015

Review of the business

The principal activity of the group is the supply of logistics services.

In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, S414c(11), information in respect of business activities, risk and future developments are shown below.

The results for the group are set out on page 4 of the accounts. The increase in turnover and pre-tax profit for the year was in line with expectation. Net debt was significantly reduced and the directors consider the performance of the group and the position at the end of the year to be satisfactory.

Financial risk management

The group has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the group by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related financial costs.

The group makes little use of financial instruments other than an operational bank account, hire purchase and contract hire agreements. All of these bear interest at a market competitive rate.

The group credit risk is managed through a combination of obtaining credit checks on potential customers and maintaining credit limits for existing customers which are reviewed periodically.

The group's cash position is monitored on a daily basis.

As a result the exposure to price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and cash flow risk is not considered to be material for the assessment of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of the group.

Future Developments

The directors are looking for both the recent improvement in the group's performance, and the development of the group, to continue. It is anticipated that this will be through further expansion of the core activities, adding additional contracted business in the areas of warehousing, freight forwarding and UK distribution.

The directors consider the principal operational risks that could impact on the industry are that of volatility in the price of fuel and HGV driver shortages. Fuel surcharge clauses are included in all transport contracts to minimise the impact of increases in the price of fuel and the company is actively involved in a number of local training schemes in an effort to attract new drivers to the industry.

The group will continue the recent trend of investing heavily in new operating equipment ensuring that both a modern fleet of vehicles and up to date facilities are maintained.

Signed on behalf of the directors

R. T. Terris Director

Approved by the directors on October 1st 2015

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 May 2015

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company and its subsidiaries (the group) for the year ended 31 May 2015.

Directors

The directors of the company at the date of this report were as follows:

Mr. R.T. Terris

- Chairman

Mr. S.R. Terris

- Managing Director

Mr. R.J. Lambourne

Mr. N.S. Fensome

Mr R.J. Lambourne resigned as a Director of the company on 18th June 2015.

Mr J.E. Terris was appointed as a Director of the company on 6th July 2015.

Under the company's Articles of Association the directors are not subject to retirement by rotation.

Dividends

Dividends totalling £500,000 were paid during the year.

Auditors

Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP are deemed to be re-appointed as auditor in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

Strategic Report

The directors have chosen in accordance with section 414C (11) of the Companies Act 2006 to include in the Strategic Report matters otherwise required to be disclosed in the Directors' Report as the directors consider these are of strategic importance to the company.

By order of the board

R. T. Terris Director

1st October 2015

Registered office: Unit 19, Mauretania Road Nursling Industrial Estate Southampton Hampshire SO16 0YS

Registered in England No. 03121085

Consolidated Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31 May 2015

	<u>Notes</u>	2015 £000	2014 £000
Turnover	1(b)	25,482	20,322
Cost of sales		20,468	16,599
Gross profit		5,014	3,723
Other operating expenses	2	2,885	2,441
Operating profit	3	2,129	1,282
Net interest payable	4	47	38
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,082	1,244
Taxation	6	449	296
Profit for the year after taxation	7	1,633	948

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The group has no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the year.

Company Number: 03121085

Consolidated Balance Sheet at 31 May 2015

		G ₁	Group		ny
		2015	2014	2015	2014
	Notes	£000	£000	£000	£000
Fixed assets	0	4 117	2.765		
Tangible assets	9 10	4,117 14	3,765 14	2 209	2 209
Investments	10	14	14	2,398	2,398
		4,131	3,779	2,398	2,398
Current assets					
Stocks	13	74	89	-	-
Debtors	14	4,848	4,376	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		2,070	718		<u>-</u>
		6,992	5,183	-	-
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	15	4,283	3,801		<u>-</u>
Net current assets		2,709	1.382		-
Total assets less current liabilities		6,840	5,161	2,398	2,398
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	15	1,661	1,182	-	-
Provisions for liabilities and charges	16	108	41	 -	
Net assets		5,071	3,938	2,398	2,398
Capital and reserves	•				
Called-up share capital	17	93	93	93	93
Share premium account	18	17	17	17	17
Capital redemption reserve	18	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account	18	<u>3,961</u>	2,828	1,288	1,288
Total shareholders' funds	18	5,071	3,938	2,398	2,398

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 1st October 2015 and are signed on their behalf by:

R. T. Terris. Director.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 May 2015

Cash Flow Statement	2015 £000	2014 £000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	3,099	1,340
Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
Interest paid on lease purchase agreements Other interest paid	(44) (6)	(34) (7)
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	(50)	(41)
Taxation		
UK Corporation Tax paid	(265)	(291)
Investing Activities		
Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets	(194) 195	(186) 193
Net cash inflow from investing activities Equity dividends paid	1	7
Ordinary dividends paid	(500)	(400)
Financing		
Lease Purchase - capital paid - initial payments	(804) (129)	(942) (180)
Net cash outflow from financing	(933)	(1,122)
Increase/(Decrease) in cash	1,352	(507)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 May 2015

Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net funds/(debt)

			2015 £000	2014 £000
Increase/(Decrease) in cash in the year Decrease in debt due within one year Increase in debt due after one year Change in net debt			1,352 123 (479) 996	(507) 126 (797) (1,178)
Net (debt)/funds at 1 June 2014 / 1 June 2013			(1,152)	26
Net debt at 31 May 2015 / 31 May 2014			(156)	(1,152)
Analysis of changes in net funds/(debt)				
	At 1.6.2014 <u>£000</u>	Cash Flows £000	Other Changes £000	At 31.5.2015 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	718	1,352	-	2,070
Debt due within one year	(688)	933	(810)	(565)
Debt due after one year	(1,182)	-	(479)	(1,661)

(1,152) 2,285 (1,289) (156)

Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities

Total

	2015 £000	2014 £000
Operating profit	2,129	1,282
Depreciation charges	1,041	888
Profit on sale of fixed assets	(105)	(29)
Decrease/(increase) in stocks	15	(41)
Increase in debtors	(480)	(714)
Increase/(decrease) in creditors	499	(46)
Net cash inflow from operating activities	3,099	1,340

Notes to the Accounts

1. Principal accounting policies

(a) Basis of accounting

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the U.K. As allowed under S408 of the Companies Act 2006, the holding company's profit and loss account has not been included in these accounts. The accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.

(b) Turnover

Turnover, which arises from one class of business in the U.K., is the amount receivable for services provided and goods supplied, excluding value added tax.

(c) Taxation

Corporation tax at appropriate rates is charged on the taxable profits computed in accordance with current tax legislation. Full provision is made for deferred taxation using tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred by the balance sheet date with certain limited exceptions.

Deferred tax is calculated on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

(d) Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost. Cost represents the purchase price plus any incidental costs of acquisition. Depreciation is provided on a straight line basis at such rates as will write off the cost of the various assets over the period of their expected useful lives. The principal annual rates of depreciation used are as follows:

Leasehold land and buildings

- the term of the lease.

Motor Vehicles

- 15 - 25% as appropriate.

Plant & Equipment

- 10 - 50% as appropriate.

(e) Investment Property

In accordance with SSAP 19, depreciation is not provided on investment properties. Properties are revalued annually and revaluation surpluses are taken to the revaluation reserve where material. Deficits on revaluation which are considered to be permanent are charged to the profit and loss account and subsequent reversals are credited.

Temporary deficits on revaluations are charged to the revaluation reserve up to the amount of the associated revaluation surplus, and any excess deficits are charged to the profit and loss account.

(f) Stock

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on the basis of first-in, first-out, and represents purchase price.

Notes to the Accounts

(g) Investments

Investments are stated at cost. Where appropriate, provision is made for permanent diminution in value.

(h) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts incorporate the accounts of all subsidiary companies. The results of subsidiaries sold or acquired are included in the consolidated profit and loss account up to, or from, the date control passes. Goodwill, representing the excess of the purchase consideration for businesses acquired over the fair value ascribed to the net tangible assets on acquisition, is amortised on a systematic basis over the lives of those assets.

(i) Pension arrangements

The group contributes to defined contribution pension schemes. Employer pension contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred. See also note 19.

(j) Leased assets

Assets acquired under lease purchase agreements are included in tangible fixed assets and depreciated in accordance with the policy referred to above. Unpaid capital is treated as a loan and shown under creditors. Interest is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Costs in respect of operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

(k) Foreign exchange

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Notes to the Accounts

	1,000 00 000 12000		
		2015 £000	2014 £000
2. Other operating expenses			
Distribution and selling costs		1,285	1,206
Administration expenses		1,600	1,235
Other operating expenses		2,885	2,441
		2015	2014
		£000	£000
3. Operating profit			
Operating profit is stated after c	harging:		
Operating lease charges	plant and equipmentland and buildings	486 1,220	331 1,112
Depreciation of and amounts w	ritten off fixed assets:		
Charge for period	 tangible fixed assets tangible fixed assets under lease purchase agreements 	571 470	475 413
	- Profit on disposal of tangible fixed assets	(105)	(29)
Auditors' remuneration	- for audit - taxation services	24 6	17 13
		2015	2014
		£000	£000
4. Net interest payable			
Interest payable on lease purcha Other interest payable	ase agreements	42 5	31 7
		47	38

Notes to the Accounts

	2015 £000	2014 £000
5. Employees		
Staff costs during the year Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs	5,170 527 187	4,475 429 96
	5,884	5,000
The average number of persons employed by the group each week during th	e year was:	
	2015 Number	2014 Number
Hourly paid Salaried	91 77	83 72
	168_	155
	2015 £000	2014 £000
Directors remuneration:		
Aggregate emoluments	791	582
Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes	69	25
Highest paid director:		
Aggregate emoluments	253	179
Company pension contributions to money purchase schemes		10

Retirement benefits are accruing to three directors (2014: three) under money purchase pension schemes.

Notes to the Accounts

	2015 £000	2014 £000
6. Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
(a) Analysis of charge for the period		
U.K. corporation tax at 20.83% (2014: 22.67%)		
Current tax: U.K. corporation tax on profits of the period	382	265
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	67	31
	449	296

(b) Factors affecting the tax charge for the period

The tax assessed for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the U.K. The differences are explained below:

	2015 £000	2014 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	2,082	1,244
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate U.K. corporation tax of 20.83% (2014: 22.67%)	434	282
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Capital allowances in excess of depreciation Other short term timing differences Fixed asset differences Marginal Relief	18 (70) - -	16 (28) (9) 6 (2)
Current tax charge for period	382_	265

(c) Factors that may affect future tax charges

Based upon current capital investment plans, the group expects depreciation to exceed capital allowances for the foreseeable future.

Paid

- ordinary shares

500

400

Notes to the Accounts

	Freehold investment property £000	Leasehold land and buildings	Motor vehicles £000	Plant & equipment £000	Total £000
9: Tangible fixed assets					
Group					
Valuation or cost:					
At 1 June 2014	249	966	4,871	1,546	7,632
Additions	-	17	1,415	51	1,483
Disposals			(900)		(900)
At 31 May 2015	249	983	5,386	1,597	8,215
Depreciation:					
At 1 June 2014	-	850	1,687	1,330	3,867
Charge for year	-	74	857	110	1,041
Eliminated in respect of disposals		_	(810)		(810)
At 31 May 2015		924	1,734	1,440	4,098
Net book value:					
At 31 May 2015	249_	59	3,652	157	4,117
At 31 May 2014	249	116	3,184	216	3,765

The net book value of tangible fixed assets includes an amount of £2,579,251 (2014: £2,760,631) in respect of assets held under lease purchase agreements.

Leasehold properties are held on short leases.

The investment property is being carried at the Directors' valuation which has been based on similar property transactions in the same geographical area.

Notes to the Accounts

	Other investments £000
10. Fixed asset investments	
Group	
Cost:	
At 1 June 2014 and 31 May 2015	14
Amounts written off:	
At 1 June 2014 and 31 May 2015	
Net book value:	
At 31 May 2015	14
At 31 May 2014	14
The net book value of fixed asset investments relates to eight cherished number plates owned	by the company.
	Subsidiary companies £000
Company	
Cost:	
At 1 June 2014 and 31 May 2015	2,398
Amounts written off:	
At 1 June 2014 and 31 May 2015	-
Net book value:	
At 31 May 2015	2,398
At 31 May 2014	2,398

Notes to the Accounts

10. Fixed asset investments (cont'd)

The companies in which Meachers Group Investments Limited holds more than 20% of the equity are set out below:

	Country Incorporation or Registra	tion	Status	Proportion held
Subsidiary companies:				
Meachers Global Logistics Limited	England		Trading	100%
Write Law Limited	England		Dormant	100%
Oast (Agencies) Limited	England		Dormant	100%
Southampton Road Transport Limited	England		Dormant	100%
The capital of each of the subsidiary companies above comprises ordinary shares only. All of the above companies are included in the consolidation. These investments are held via Meachers Global Logistics Ltd The company holds 10% of the ordinary share capital of the following company: EM Paving Limited England 10%				
11. Capital commitments	Group 2015 £000	2014 £000	2015 £000	ompany 2014 £000
Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has not				
been provided for in the accounts	107	396	10	7396

Notes to the Accounts

	Group		Company	
	2015 £000	2014 £000	2015 £000	2014 £000
12. Commitments under operating leases				
At the end of the period the group had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:				
Land and buildings:				
Expiring within 1 year Expiring between 2 and 5 years Expiring in 5 years or more	864 - 360	85 922 270	<u>-</u> -	- - -
	1,224	1,277		
Other:				
Expiring within 1 year Expiring between 2 and 5 years Expiring in 5 years or more	13 86 1	7 69	- - 	- - <u>-</u>
	130	76		<u> </u>
13. Stocks Stocks comprise: Fuel & Oil	74	. 89	 .	
14. Debtors				
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Trade Debtors Prepayments and accrued income Other Debtors	3,783 1,028 37	3,101 1,238 37	- -	- -
	4,848	4,376		<u> </u>

Included in other debtors is £36,000 due from Hampshire County Cricket Club, which is due after one year.

Notes to the Accounts

	Group		Company	
	2015	2014	2015	2014
	£000	£000	£000	£000
15. Creditors				
Amounts falling due within one year:				
Lease purchase agreements	565	688	-	-
Payments received on account	100	100	-	-
Trade creditors	1,644	1,479	-	-
Corporation tax	382	265	-	-
Other taxation and social security payable	627	491	-	-
Other creditors	36	72	-	-
Accruals and deferred income	929	706	<u>-</u>	
	4,283	3,801		

The payment on account represents a customer deposit held in respect of a guarantee in the company name dated 24th December 2001 in favour of HM Revenue and Customs.

Amounts falling due after one year:

Lease purchase agreements:

Between 1 and 2 years Between 2 and 5 years	555 1,106	333 849	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	1,661	1,182		

All lease purchase agreements are secured against specific vehicles or equipment and fall due within five years of the balance sheet date.

Notes to the Accounts

	2015 £000	2014 £000
16. Deferred taxation		
Group		
Provision at end of period:		
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	108	41
Short term timing differences		<u>=</u>
Deferred tax liability	108_	41_
A division out to many rigion.		
Adjustment to provision:		
At start of period	41	10
Transfer to profit and loss account for the period (note 6)	67	31_
At end of period	108	41

Full provision, without discounting, has been made in the group for deferred taxation in the current period in respect of timing differences relating to depreciation, capital allowances and other short term timing differences as required by Financial Reporting Standard 19. This value has been quantified using the corporation tax rate of 20.00%.

Notes to the Accounts

Notes to the Accounts					
				2015	2014
	·		<u> </u>	£000	£000
17. Called-up share capital					
Allotted, called up and fully paid: 92,857 ordinary shares of £1 each				93	93
	Ordinary	Share	Capital	Profit	Equity
	share capital £000	premium account £000	redemption reserve	and loss account £000	shareholders' funds
18. Shareholders' funds					
Group At 1 June 2014	93	17	1,000	2,828	3,938
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,633	1,633
Dividends				(500)	(500)
At 31 May 2015	93	17	1,000	3,961	5,071
Company					
At 1 June 2014	93	17	1,000	1,288	2,398
Profit for the year	-	-	-	500	500
Dividends			•	(500)	(500)
At 31 May 2015	93	17_	1,000	1,288	2,398

Notes to the Accounts

19. Pension arrangements

The group contributes to a company sponsored money purchase group personal pension scheme for eligible employees who choose to participate. The group also contributes to a small self-administered contributory money purchase personal pension scheme for two executive directors. For both schemes, the personal funds available at retirement are not guaranteed and can be used to purchase an annuity or alternatively be part cashed.

The total pension cost for the group is disclosed in note 5.

20. Related Party Transactions

During the year a dividend of £300,000 was paid to R.T. Terris and a dividend of £200,000 was paid to R.J. Lambourne who are both directors of the company.

21. Control

The ultimate controlling party is considered to be R.T. Terris due to his ownership of the majority of the share capital of the company.

22. Post Balance Sheet Events

In June 2015 the company brought back 37,143 of its ordinary shares at open market value.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report, Strategic Report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and company and of the profit or loss of the group for that year. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the group and company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the group and company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the group and company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. The directors are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the group and company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the group's and company's auditors are unaware; and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

By order of the board

Director

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MEACHERS GROUP INVESTMENTS LIMITED AND SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES

We have audited the group and parent company financial statements (the "financial statements) on pages 4 to 21. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the group's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the group and the group's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 22, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial reporting Council's website at http://www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and parent company's affairs as at 31 May 2015 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Christopher Mantel (Senior Statutory Auditor)

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for and on behalf of RSM UK Audit LLP (formerly Baker Tilly UK Audit LLP), Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

Highfield Court

Tollgate

Chandlers Ford

Eastleigh

SO53 3TY

Date: 25/10/16