Company No: 03115789 (England and Wales)

PURBECK SHOOTING SCHOOL LTD
Unaudited Financial Statements
For the financial year ended 31 October 2021
Pages for filing with the registrar

## Contents

Balance Sheet	3
Notes to the Financial Statements	5

# PURBECK SHOOTING SCHOOL LTD BALANCE SHEET As at 31 October 2021

	Note	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	200,788	213,450
		200,788	213,450
Current assets			
Stocks	5	46,000	71,000
Debtors	6	21,566	29,004
Cash at bank and in hand		110,782	36,745
		178,348	136,749
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	7	( 229,560)	( 238,327)
Net current liabilities		(51,212)	(101,578)
Total assets less current liabilities		149,576	111,872
Creditors			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	8	( 52,924)	( 77,623)
Provisions for liabilities		( 18,124)	( 18,551)
Net assets		78,528	15,698
Capital and reserves			
Called-up share capital		2,000	2,000
Profit and loss account		76,528	13,698
Total shareholder's funds		78,528	15,698

## PURBECK SHOOTING SCHOOL LTD BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) As at 31 October 2021

For the financial year ending 31 October 2021 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements; and
- These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and a copy of the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements of Purbeck Shooting School Ltd (registered number: 03115789) were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 20 July 2022. They were signed on its behalf by:

N Brown	S Brown
Director	Director

### 1. Accounting policies

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the financial year and to the preceding financial year, unless otherwise stated.

#### General information and basis of accounting

Purbeck Shooting School Ltd (the Company) is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Companies Act 2006 and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the Company's registered office is Towngate House, 2-8 Parkstone Road, Poole, BH15 2PW, United Kingdom. The principal place of business is Puddletown Road, Wareham, Dorset, BH20 7NG.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain items at fair value, and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' issued by the Financial Reporting Council and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are presented in pounds sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest  $\mathcal{E}$ .

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the company.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

### **Employee benefits**

Defined contribution schemes

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

#### **Taxation**

Current tax

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recoverable) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises as a result of including items of income and expenditure in taxation computations in periods different from those in which they are included in the Company's financial statements. Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which result in an obligation to pay more or less tax at a future date, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply when the timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

## Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of amortisation and any provision for impairment. Amortisation is provided on all intangible assets at rates to write off the cost or valuation of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Other intangible assets

3 years straight line

### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than investment property and freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset on a [straight-line, reducing balance] basis over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings not depreciated

Plant and machinery 25 % reducing balance
Vehicles 25 % reducing balance
Office equipment 25 % reducing balance

Residual value represents the estimated amount which would currently be obtained from disposal of an asset, after deducting estimated costs of disposal, if the asset were already of the age and in the condition expected at the end of its useful life.

#### Impairment of assets

Assets, other than those measured at fair value, are assessed for indicators of impairment at each Balance Sheet date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings as described below.

#### Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to sell, which is equivalent to the net realisable value. [MANUFACTURERS, ETC - Cost includes materials, direct labour and an attributable proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal levels of activity.] Cost is calculated using the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method. Provision is made for obsolete, slow-moving or defective items where appropriate.

### Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the Balance Sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets receivable within one year, such as trade debtors and bank balances, are measured at transaction price less any impairment.

Basic financial assets receivable within more than one year are measured at amortised cost less any impairment.

## Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities that have no stated interest rate and are payable within one year, such as trade creditors, are measured at transaction price.

Other basic financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the Balance Sheet date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation. Where a provision is measured using the cash flows estimated to settle the present obligation, its carrying amount is the present value of those cash flows (when the effect of the time value of money is material).

When some or all of the economic benefits required to settle a provision are expected to be recovered from a third party, a receivable is recognised as an asset if it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received and the amount of the receivable can be measured reliably.

## 2. Employees

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
Monthly average number of persons employed by the Company during the year, including directors	8	8

#### 3. Intangible assets

5. Intangible assets		
	Other	
	intangible assets	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 01 November 2020	6,000	6,000
At 31 October 2021	6,000	6,000
Accumulated amortisation		
At 01 November 2020	6,000	6,000
At 31 October 2021	6,000	6,000
Net book value		
At 31 October 2021	0	0
At 31 October 2020	0	0

4.	Tai	ngi	Ы	е	asset	S
----	-----	-----	---	---	-------	---

Other debtors

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Vehicles	Office equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 01 November 2020	106,459	335,919	69,470	25,743	537,591
Additions	0	2,639	14,500	0	17,139
Disposals	0	0	( 27,155)	0	( 27,155)
At 31 October 2021	106,459	338,558	56,815	25,743	527,575
Accumulated depreciation					
At 01 November 2020	1,059	251,047	52,463	19,572	324,141
Charge for the financial year	0	21,548	5,158	1,542	28,248
Disposals	0	0	( 25,602)	0	( 25,602)
At 31 October 2021	1,059	272,595	32,019	21,114	326,787
Net book value					
At 31 October 2021	105,400	65,963	24,796	4,629	200,788
At 31 October 2020	105,400	84,872	17,007	6,171	213,450
5. Stocks					
				2021	2020
				£	£
Stocks				46,000	71,000
6. Debtors					
				2021	2020
				£	£
Trade debtors				6,676	309

14,890

21,566

28,695

29,004

## 7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	17,463	46,105
Other creditors	168,148	161,886
Corporation tax	19,138	0
Other taxation and social security	18,707	24,232
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	6,104	6,104
	229,560	238,327
8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans	40,111	57,810
Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	7,021	11,521
Other creditors	5,792	8,292
	52,924	77,623

There are no amounts included above in respect of which any security has been given by the small entity.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.