STRATEGIC REPORT, DIRECTORS' REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 FOR INK UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED



FRIDAY

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COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

DIRECTORS:

M Rea

C Richmond

C Scott

SECRETARY:

A Peel

REGISTERED OFFICE:

The Walbrook Building 25 Walbrook

25 Walbrook London EC4N 8AW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

03110970 (England and Wales)

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR:

Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor 25 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5EY

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the year ended 31 December 2018.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The principal activity of the Company in the period under review was that of wholesale insurance and managing general agent. On 1 March 2017, the majority of the remaining underwriting trade, assets, and liabilities of the Company were transferred to Pen Underwriting Limited at net book value.

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. a company incorporated in the United States of America, and is included in the publicly available consolidated financial statements of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. ("the Group"). The Group's strategic focus continues to be on the organic growth of existing core business and the acquisition of businesses to enhance future turnover and profitability.

The results of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018 are set out in the financial statements on pages 8 to 17.

For the year ended 31 December 2018, the Company has recorded neither a profit nor loss before tax compared with the profit before tax of £283k in 2017. The decline in results is due to the business winding down post hiving up the remaining business to Pen Underwriting Limited in 2017.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The Group's international operations and debt profile expose it to a variety of financial and operational risks including the effects of changes in foreign currency exchange rates, counterparty credit risks, compliance risks, liquidity and interest rates. The Group's Board of Directors are responsible for setting the Group's risk appetite and ensuring that it has an appropriate and effective risk management framework and monitors the ongoing process for identifying, evaluating, managing, and reporting significant risks faced. To facilitate this, the Group maintains a risk framework, through which the key risks affecting the Group are identified, assessed and monitored.

The Group has in place a risk management programme and policies in the context of the wider Group risk framework. This risk management programme seeks to manage any adverse impact upon the Group caused by the nature of its principal activity. The approach to the significant risks is noted below:

Borrowing facilities and liquidity risk

Operations for the Group are financed by a mixture of shareholders' funds, external borrowing facilities, inter-group borrowings and cash reserves. The objective is to ensure a mix of funding methods offering flexibility and cost effectiveness to match the needs of the Group. Forward looking cash flow projections are prepared on a regular basis to assess funding requirements.

Interest rate risk

Interest rates on the Group's formal intra-group loans are set in accordance with the wider Group treasury and transfer pricing policies.

Counterparty credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties to financial assets but mitigates such risk through its policy of selecting only counterparties with high credit ratings or arranging beneficial credit terms in accordance with the Group's investment and counterparty policy.

Compliance risk

The Group is exposed to regulatory risk from the potential failure to comply with the relevant laws and regulations for insurance intermediaries. To mitigate this the Group has a risk and compliance function and has designed a control framework to reduce the risk of non-compliance. This includes regular assessment and monitoring of the compliance and regulatory requirements, with regular reporting to the Risk Committee and Board of Directors, and the Group has a proactive, open relationship with the regulator.

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES - continued

Operational risk

The Group has identified the key operational risks to which it is exposed, principal among which are incorrect underwriting leading to the breach of Insurer delegated authorities, the protection of client information, the prevention of cyber and financial crime, and compliance with regulations. An appropriate control framework has been deployed to manage and mitigate these key operational risks.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD:

A Peel - Secretary

23 September 2019

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The Directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018. The results for the Company for the year ended 31 December 2018 and future developments are discussed in the Strategic Report.

DIRECTORS OF THE COMPANY

The Directors who have held office during the period from 1 January 2018 to the date of this report are as follows:

M Rea C Richmond

Other changes in Directors holding office are as follows:

C Scott – appointed 9 July 2018 I Story – resigned 30 June 2018

DIVIDENDS

No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2018 (2017: £nil).

EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

Information relating to events after the reporting period is given in the notes to the financial statements.

EMPLOYEES

The Company is an equal opportunities employer and bases all decisions on individual ability regardless of race, religion, gender, age or disability.

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY PROVISION

The Directors have benefitted from qualifying third party indemnity provisions during the financial year and to the date of this report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland". Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITOR

So far as the Directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the Company's auditor is unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

AUDITOR

The auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment in accordance with section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD:

A Peel - Secretary

Date: 23 September 2019

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INK UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Ink Underwriting Agencies Limited for the year ended 31 December 2018 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes 1 to 15, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2018 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report below. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the Directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the Directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the Directors' Report and the Strategic Report. The Directors are responsible for the other information.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of the other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF INK UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED - continued

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the Company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of Directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at https://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Emst & Young Lip

Vinood Ramabhai (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP Statutory Auditor 25 Churchill Place Canary Wharf London

Date: 25 4/19

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
TURNOVER	2	3	4,270
Administrative expenses		(5)	(4,250)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	5	(2)	20
Interest receivable and similar income	6	2	263
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		-	283
Tax on profit	7	(252)	(587)
LOSS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		(252)	(304)

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

On 1 March 2017 the majority of the remaining trade, assets and liabilities of the Company were transferred to Pen Underwriting Limited at net book value.

INK UNDERWRITING AGENCIES LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: 03110970)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Notes	£'000	2018 £'000	£'000	2017 £'000
FIXED ASSETS Investments	8		_5,096		<u>5,096</u>
			5,096		5,096
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors Cash at bank	9 10	22,069 1,705		22,414 	
CREDITORS		23,774		24,458	
Amounts falling due within one year	11	3,060		3,492	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			20,714		20,966
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			25,810		26,062
					
NET ASSETS			25,810		26,062
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital Retained earnings	12 13		<u>25,810</u>		26,062
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			25,810		26,062

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on and were signed on its behalf by:

23 September 2019

C Scott - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Called up share capital £'000	Retained earnings £'000	Total equity £'000
Balance at 1 January 2017	-	26,366	26,366
Changes in equity Loss for the financial year Balance at 31 December 2017	-	(304) 26,062	(304) 26,062
Changes in equity Loss for the financial year	<u> </u>	(252)	(252)
Balance at 31 December 2018		25,810	25,810

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland', and with the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared on a golfig concern basis, under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Basis of preparation

The Company has taken advantage of Section 401 of the Companies Act 2006 in not preparing consolidated financial statements on the basis that the results of the Company are included within the consolidated financial statements of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., a company incorporated in the United States of America and for which results are publicly available from the Company's registered office.

The Company has also taken advantage of the exemptions, under FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(b) & (e) respectively, from preparing a Statement of Cash Flows and disclosure of key management compensation, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., includes such disclosures in its own consolidated financial statements.

Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements include:

i. Impairment of investments

Where there are indicators of impairment of individual assets, the Group performs impairment tests based on a value in use calculation. The value in use calculation is based on a net asset or revenue multiple basis. Both methods are derived from the financial statements and do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the cash generating unit being tested. The multiple rate used is in line with recent acquisitions.

ii. Impairment of debtors

The Group makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade debtors. When assessing impairment of trade debtors, management have considered an appropriate formula for calculating the bad debt provision based on the ageing of the trade debtors.

Turnover

Turnover represents commission earned on insurance policies underwritten during the year and is recognised at the later of inception date and the date the placement is completed and confirmed.

Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accruals basis based on the terms of the underlying contracts or agreements.

Taxation

Provision is made at current enacted rates for taxation. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the Statement of Financial Position date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax in future periods.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the Directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing difference can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Discontinued operations

The Group recognises as discontinued operations components which have been disposed of which represented a separate major line of business or geographical area of operation, which were part of a single coordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operation, or a subsidiary which was acquired exclusively for resale.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments in the financial statements are stated at cost less provision for impairment in value.

Insurance intermediary debtors and creditors

Insurance intermediaries usually act as agents in the placement of insurable risks and, as such, generally are not liable as principals for amounts arising from such transactions. Notwithstanding these legal relationships, debtors and creditors arising from insurance broking transactions are shown as assets and liabilities in the Statement of Financial Position. This recognises that the intermediary is entitled to retain the investment income on any cash flows arising from these transactions.

The position of the insurance intermediary as agent means that generally the credit risk is borne by the principals. There can be circumstances where the insurance intermediary acquires the credit risk - through statute, or through the act or omission of the insurance broker or one of the principals. There is much legal uncertainty surrounding the extent of such exposures and consequently they cannot be evaluated. The total of insurance broking debtors appearing in the Statement of Financial Position is therefore not an indication of credit risk.

Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in other operating expenses.

Loans to/from other group undertakings

Loans to/from other group undertakings are initially recognised at transaction price, less any transactional costs unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. In subsequent years the loans are carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Where loans are repayable on demand they are classified as short term debtors/creditors and recognised at the full amount payable. The loans are derecognised when the liability is extinguished, that is when the contractual obligation is discharged or cancelled.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the one principal activity of the Company, and arises solely within the United Kingdom.

An analysis of turnover by class of business is given below:

Net Brokerage	€:000 3	£'000 4,158
Fees	3	<u> 112</u> <u>4,270</u>

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2040

2047

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3. STAFF COSTS

The amounts relating to staff costs were incurred by Arthur J. Gallagher Services (UK) Limited. An amount of £nil (2017: £1,927k) was recharged back to the Company and is accounted for in administrative expenses.

4. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

Directors' remuneration	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 28
		28
The number of Directors to whom retirement benefits were accruing was as follows:		
Money purchase schemes		1
Information regarding the highest paid Director is as follows:		
Director's remuneration	2018 £'000	2017 £'000 14
		14

The Directors were remunerated during the year by a fellow subsidiary within the Group and Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., the ultimate holding company. None of the Directors received any remuneration during the year in respect of their services as a Director of the Company (2017: £28k) and it would not be practicable to apportion their remuneration between their services as Directors of the Company and their services for other Group companies. The Company has not been recharged any amount for the remuneration of these Directors (2017: £28k).

5. OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT

The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging:

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Goodwill amortisation	-	113
Land and building operating leases		157
Foreign exchange loss		14
		

Auditor's remuneration in the current year of £10k (2017: £22k) has been borne by a fellow group undertaking and has not been recharged to the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

6.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME		
		2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Bank interest	2	-
	Interest on loans to group undertakings		<u> 263</u>
		2	<u>263</u>
7.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:	2040	0047
	•	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax	252	227
	Adjustments in respect of previous periods		<u>353</u>
	Total current tax	<u>252</u>	580
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	8
	Effect of changes in tax rates		(1) .
	Total deferred tax		7
	Tax on profit	252	587
	The tax charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the Statement of Co		
		2018 £'000	2017 £'000
	Profit before tax		<u>283</u>
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19.00%		
	(2017 – 19.25%)	-	55
	Effects of:		
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1	4
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	-	353
	Transfer pricing adjustments	251	176
	Tax rate changes		(1)
	Total tax charge	252	<u>587</u>

The Company losses are taxable in the UK under the standard rate of corporation tax being 19% (2017: 19.25%). The Company is expected to continue to attract the standard rate of UK corporation tax. The UK government has legislated to reduce the main rate of corporation tax to 17% to apply from 1 April 2020. These reductions have been reflected in the closing deferred tax asset, as they were enacted at the date of the Statement of Financial Position.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

8. FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in group undertakings £'000
COST	2 000
At 1 January 2018	
and 31 December 2018	6,570
PROVISION FOR IMPAIRMENT At 1 January 2018 and 31 December 2018	
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2018	5,096
ACOT DOGGREGO ZOTO	3,030
At 31 December 2017	5,096

The Company's investments at the Statement of Financial Position date, in the share capital of group undertakings, comprise the following:

			Proportion of
Name of Company	Registered Address	Holding	shares held
Westinsure Group Limited*	The Walbrook Building	Ordinary Shares	100.00%

^{*}Company was dissolved on 16 April 2019

Registered Address	Street Address	
The Walbrook Building	25 Walbrook, London, EC4N 8AW	

9. **DEBTORS**

	2018 £'000	2017 £'000
Amounts falling due within one year:	2 000	2 000
Trade debtors	36	583
Amounts owed by group undertakings	22,025	21,780
Other debtors	8	51
	22,069	22,414

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

9. **DEBTORS - continued**

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured repayable on demand and are on an interest free basis, with the exception of the following loans. These loans are unsecured and have the following terms and conditions:

Aggregate loan value	Interest rate	Interest terms	Repayment period	Aggregate carrying value
£7k	0%	Compounded annually	10 years from commencement (2025) but Lender can recall on demand	
£253k	0%	Compounded annually	10 years from commencement (2026) but Lender can recall on demand	
£9,125k	0%	Non-compounding	Can be recalled on demand of the Lender	
£718k	0%	Compounded annually	10 years from commencement (2026) but Lender can recall on demand	

10. CASH AT BANK

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Restricted cash	472	708
Other cash and cash equivalents	<u>1,233</u>	<u>1,336</u>
	1,705	2,044

The Company holds restricted cash balances in respect of its insurance activities, held in respect of insurance trade creditors. This cash is held in client money bank accounts and cannot be used for general corporate purposes.

11. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2018	2017
	£'000	£'000
Trade creditors	102	1,528
Amounts owed to group undertakings	855	6
Group relief creditor	252	227
Other creditor	336	-
Accruals and deferred income	<u>1,515</u>	<u>1,731</u>
	3,060	<u>3,492</u>

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, repayable on demand and are on an interest free basis.

12. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issued and fully paid:						
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2018	2017		
		value:	£	£		
100	Ordinary	£1	100	<u>100</u>		

The ordinary shares rank equally in terms of voting rights, one vote for each share, and in the rights to participate in all approved dividend distribution for that class of share.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 ~

13. RESERVES

Called Up Share Capital - represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

Retained Earnings - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.

14. PARENT COMPANY AND ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The immediate parent company is Quillco 227 Limited, a company registered in Scotland. The largest group of undertakings of which the Company is a member and for which financial statements are prepared, is headed up by Arthur J. Gallagher & Co., a company incorporated in the United Statements of America, which is the ultimate holding company. The registered address of Arthur J. Gallagher & Co. is 2850 W. Golf Rd, Rolling Meadows, IL 60008. A copy of these consolidated financial statements is available from the registered office of the Company.

15. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

On 16th April 2019, Westinsure Group Limited, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, was formally dissolved.

The Directors confirm that there are no other events after the reporting period that are required to be disclosed.