

Registered number
03105579

Infinity Developments Limited. Trading as Idnet

Filleted Accounts

30 June 2022



Infinity Developments Limited. Trading as Idnet**Registered number:** 03105579**Balance Sheet****as at 30 June 2022**

	Notes	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3	-	600
Tangible assets	4	832,618	542,273
		<u>832,618</u>	<u>542,873</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	5	416,137	395,411
Cash at bank and in hand		39,047	58,965
		<u>455,184</u>	<u>454,376</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(284,709)	(292,288)
Net current assets		<u>170,475</u>	<u>162,088</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>1,003,093</u>	<u>704,961</u>
Provisions for liabilities		(2,987)	(4,207)
Net assets		<u>1,000,106</u>	<u>700,754</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1,002	1,002
Revaluation reserve	7	812,118	518,390
Profit and loss account		186,986	181,362
Shareholders' funds		<u>1,000,106</u>	<u>700,754</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.



Mr Simon N Davies



Director

Approved by the board on 8 December 2022

Infinity Developments Limited. Trading as Idnet

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 30 June 2022

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment	over 3 years
Fixtures and fittings	over 5 years

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and

investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2022	2021
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>10</u>	<u>10</u>
3	Intangible fixed assets	£	
	Goodwill:		
	Cost		
	At 1 July 2021		6,000
	At 30 June 2022		<u>6,000</u>
	Amortisation		
	At 1 July 2021		5,400
	Provided during the year		600
	At 30 June 2022		<u>6,000</u>
	Net book value		
	At 30 June 2022		-
	At 30 June 2021		<u>600</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc £
Cost	
At 1 July 2021	852,680
Additions	302,317
At 30 June 2022	<u>1,154,997</u>
Depreciation	
At 1 July 2021	310,407
Charge for the year	11,972
At 30 June 2022	<u>322,379</u>
Net book value	
At 30 June 2022	<u>832,618</u>
At 30 June 2021	<u>542,273</u>

5 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	375,082	347,916
Other debtors	41,055	47,495
	<u>416,137</u>	<u>395,411</u>

6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	837	-
Trade creditors	192,006	166,103
Taxation and social security costs	85,461	65,581
Other creditors	6,405	60,604
	<u>284,709</u>	<u>292,288</u>

7 Revaluation reserve

	2022 £	2021 £
At 1 July 2021	518,390	-
Gain on revaluation of Ips (v4) addresses	293,728	518,390
At 30 June 2022	<u>812,118</u>	<u>518,390</u>

8 Other information

Infinity Developments Limited. Trading as Idnet is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Davies House

1 Flint Road

Letchworth Garden City

Hertfordshire

SG6 1HJ