Registration number: 03105579

Infinity Developments Limited

trading as Idnet
Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

C M Chamberlain & Co Limited 3A Market Place Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1DR

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	$\underline{2}$ to $\underline{3}$
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	4 to 9

Company Information

Directors Mr Simon Nicholas Davies

Mr Timothy James Davies

Company secretary Mr Simon Nicholas Davies

Registered office 3A Market Place

Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1DR

Accountants C M Chamberlain & Co Limited

3A Market Place

Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1DR

Page 1

(Registration number: 03105579) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2019

	Note	2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	1,800	2,400
Tangible assets	<u>4</u> <u>5</u>	27,506	29,410
		29,306	31,810
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>6</u>	375,822	328,987
Cash at bank and in hand		20,041	68,185
		395,863	397,172
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(300,630)	(287,857)
Net current assets		95,233	109,315
Total assets less current liabilities		124,539	141,125
Provisions for liabilities		(4,734)	(4,988)
Net assets		119,805	136,137
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	8	1,002	1,002
Profit and loss account		118,803	135,135
Total equity		119,805	136,137

For the financial year ending 30 June 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

The notes on pages $\underline{4}$ to $\underline{9}$ form an integral part of these financial statements. Page 2

(Registration number: 03105579) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2019

pproved and authorised by the Board on 14 November 2019 and signed on its behalf by:	
r Simon Nicholas Davies	
ompany secretary and director	
пиштатат	
r Timothy James Davies	
irector	

The notes on pages $\frac{4}{2}$ to $\frac{9}{2}$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 3A Market Place Hitchin Hertfordshire SG5 1DR England

The principal place of business is: 1 Flint Road Letchworth Hertfordshire SG6 1HJ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 14 November 2019.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at the functional currency rate prevailing at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into the respective functional currency of the entity at the rates prevailing on the reporting period date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate on the date when the fair value is re-measured.

Non-monetary items measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Office Equipment Fixtures and Fittings Motor Vehicles

Depreciation method and rate

33.33% straight line20% straight line25% reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class Amortisation method and rate

Goodwill 10% Straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 10 (2018 - 10).

4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 July 2018	6,000	6,000
At 30 June 2019	6,000	6,000
Amortisation		
At 1 July 2018	3,600	3,600
Amortisation charge	600	600
At 30 June 2019	4,200	4,200
Carrying amount		
At 30 June 2019	1,800	1,800
At 30 June 2018	2,400	2,400

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 July 2018	291,671	291,671
Additions	14,609	14,609
At 30 June 2019	306,280	306,280
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2018	262,261	262,261
Charge for the year	16,513	16,513
At 30 June 2019	278,774	278,774
Carrying amount		
At 30 June 2019	27,506	27,506
At 30 June 2018	29,410	29,410

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

6 Debtors	
-----------	--

	2019 £	2018 £
Trade debtors	330,011	274,833
Prepayments	39,676	41,290
Other debtors	6,135	12,864
	375,822	328,987
7 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	164,383	156,858
Taxation and social security	75,527	65,796
Accruals and deferred income	4,590	4,073
Other creditors	56,130	61,130
	300,630	287,857

8 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	201	2019		2018	
	No.	£	No.	£	
Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	
Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1	
Ordinary B Shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1	
	1,002	1,002	1,002	1,002	

Page 8

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2019

2019

40,000 280,000 2018

240,000

9 Dividends

Interim dividends paid

Contributions paid to money purchase schemes

	£	£
Interim dividend of £11,000 (2018 - £20,000) per each Ordinary A Shares	11,000	20,000
Interim dividend of £51,000 (2018 - £20,000) per each Ordinary B Shares	51,000	20,000
	62,000	40,000
10 Related party transactions		
Directors' remuneration		
The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Remuneration	240,000	240,000

Page 9

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.