NEWSQUEST (ESSEX) LIMITED

Directors' Report and Financial Statements for the 53 weeks ended 30 December 2012

COMPANIES HOUSE

25/09/2013

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NEWSQUEST (ESSEX) LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2012

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements for the 53 weeks ended 30 December 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES, REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS AND FUTURE PROSPECTS

The company's principal activity was the publishing of local news and information

The company's key financial and other performance indicators for continuing activities during the financial period were as follows

	*53 weeks 2012 £'000	*52 weeks 2011 £'000	Change
Turnover	21,250	22,832	(6 9%)
Adjusted EBITDA**	2,799	3,231	(13 4%)
Adjusted EBITDA margin**	13 2%	14 2%	(1 0 pts)

^{*} The profit and loss accounts cover the 53 weeks from 26 December 2011 to 30 December 2012 and the 52 weeks from 27 December 2010 to 25 December 2011

Turnover represents revenue generated from the company's principal activity. Revenue overall continued to decline year on year by 6.9%, resulting in a decline in EBITDA. During the period the company continued to make a series of cost reductions and restructured processes to mitigate the impact of the decline in revenue.

On 10 December 2012 the company received a dividend distribution of £29,999,900 from its wholly owned subsidiary, Newsquest (Basildon) Limited Following the distribution of its subsidiary's reserves, the company wrote down its investment in Newsquest (Basildon) Limited by a corresponding amount

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The company operates in a competitive and dynamic environment where maintaining and developing the interest of the audience is critical to its commercial success in attracting advertisers and readers. Competing newspapers and alternative media including the internet impact the company's ability to grow revenues.

The company manages this competitive risk by continually seeking to ensure its products meet the needs of the communities they serve and investing in internet based services. This investment in digital media by the company is creating promising opportunities for revenue generation.

The company is also exposed to the general economic conditions that affect its advertisers and readers, particularly in the property, motors and employment markets. The company's profitability is also affected by labour and benefit costs, the main operating costs of the company, along with newsprint prices. The ability of the company to flex these costs in line with revenues in the short term is limited.

The risks and uncertainties facing the company are linked to those of its fellow subsidiaries in the UK. The current results reflect the benefits arising from the relationship with fellow subsidiaries in terms of financing, purchasing efficiency, disaster recovery and information technology.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The loss for the period after taxation amounted to £490,000 (2011 – £166,000 profit)

No interim dividends were paid in the period (2011 - £nil) The directors do not recommend a final dividend (2011 - £nil)

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the period are listed below

P Davidson

P Hunter

^{**}Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and restructuring costs

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

DIRECTORS' QUALIFYING THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The group maintains Director's and Officer's liability insurance for the directors during the course of their employment. The insurance will cover the directors' legal costs incurred in defending any proceedings brought by third parties. Such qualifying third party indemnity provision remains in place as at the date of approving the directors' report.

POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS

Details of political and charitable contributions are contained in the directors' report and financial statements of Gannett U K Limited

EMPLOYEE PARTICIPATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT

The company places value on the involvement of its employees and has continued to keep them informed on matters affecting them as employees and on the various factors affecting the performance of the group and the company Such communications are undertaken on a regional basis, and include consultation with staff via elected representatives on a Staff Council, the publication of regular newsletters and the regular meetings of directors and senior managers with staff throughout the period. There is a share incentive plan in place which is open to all employees

The company is conscious of the importance of good environmental practices and aims for an on-going improvement in the company's environmental performance and to comply with all relevant regulations. Information about the recycled content of newsprint used in the production of newspapers by the UK industry can be found on the Newspaper Society website, www newspapersoc org uk

DISABLED PERSONS

It is the policy of the company to consider the skills and aptitudes of disabled persons fully and fairly at all times in recruitment, career development, training and promotion. In pursuing this policy and having special concern for employees who become disabled, all practical measures are taken to ensure that disabled persons are placed in jobs suited to their individual circumstances.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

NEWSQUEST (ESSEX) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

GOING CONCERN

The company's business activities, together with the factors likely to affect its future development and position, are set out above in the directors' report under the sections principal activities, review of the business and future prospects and principal risks and uncertainties

The company is expected to continue to generate positive cash flows on its own account for the foreseeable future. The company participates in the group's centralised treasury arrangements and so shares banking arrangements with Newsquest Media Group Limited and fellow subsidiaries.

On the basis of their assessment of the company's financial position and the confirmations received from group companies, the company's directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who were members of the Board at the time of approving the directors' report are listed on page 1 Having made enquires of fellow directors and of the company's auditors, each of these directors confirm that

- to the best of each directors' knowledge and belief, there is no information relevant to the preparation of their report of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- each director has taken all steps a director might reasonably be expected to have taken to be aware of relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with an elective resolution made under Section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 which continues in force under the Companies Act 2006

This report was approved by the Board and signed on its behalf on 14 May 2013 by

N Carpenter

Joint Company Secretary

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF NEWSQUEST (ESSEX) LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Newsquest (Essex) Limited for the year ended 30 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 24. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors' Report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 December 2012 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Philip Young

Senior statutory auditor

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, London

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Date

15 May 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT 53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 (note 1)

	Note	53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
TURNOVER	1, 2	21,250	22,832
Cost of sales		(8,413)	(9,341)
GROSS PROFIT		12,837	13,491
Operating expenses Amounts written off investments	3 4	(10,372) (30,000)	(10,974)
OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT	4	(27,535)	2,517
Income from fixed asset investments Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges	6 7 8	30,000 64 (73)	63 (80)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		2,456	2,500
Tax charge on profit on ordinary activities	9	(2,946)	(2,334)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	19	(490)	166

All the above transactions relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses in the current or preceding period, other than those included in the profit and loss account above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

BALANCE SHEET 30 December 2012 (note 1)

	Note	£'000	2012 £'000	£'000	2011 £'000
FIXED ASSETS	10		11.071		11.071
Intangible assets Tangible fixed assets	10 11		11,971 1,135		11,971 1,272
Investments	12		1,133		30,000
an volument					
			13,106		43,243
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	13	14,146		15,188	
Cash at bank	13	3		10,100	
		14,149		15,198	
CREDITORS AMOUNTS FALLING DUE					
WITHIN ONE YEAR	14	(1,545)		(2,006)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			10 (01		
			12,604		13,192
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			25,710		56,435
OPEDITORS AMOUNTS EALLING DUE					
CREDITORS. AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	15		(2,415)		(32,415)
AFTER MORE THAN ONE TEAR	15		(2,413)		(32,413)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	16		(1,231)		(1,480)
NINGS A GODING			22.044		
NET ASSETS			22,064		22,540
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	18		1		1
Share premium account Profit and loss account	19 19		35,999		35,999
From and ioss account	19		(13,936)		(13,460)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	19		22,064		22,540
			-		

The financial statements on pages 5 to 17 were approved by the Board and signed on its behalf on 14 May 2013 by

P Hunter Director

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom

Accounting period

The profit and loss accounts cover the 53 weeks from 26 December 2011 to 30 December 2012 and 52 weeks from 26 December 2011 to 30 December 2012. The balance sheets for 2012 and 2011 have been drawn up at 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011 respectively

Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of sales, excluding Value Added Tax Advertising revenues are recognised upon publication of the relevant newspaper Circulation revenues, for paid-for newspapers, are recognised upon publication Other revenue including digital revenue is recognised on publication or provision of service Revenues from barter transactions are recognised when the advertisements are displayed and are recorded at the fair value of goods or services received, in accordance with UITF Abstract 26, 'Barter Transactions for Advertising'

Income from fixed asset investments

Income from fixed asset investments comprises dividends from group undertakings, which are included in revenue in the period in which the company's right to receive payment is established

Interest income

Revenue is recognised as interest accrues using the effective interest method

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost less accumulated depreciation. No depreciation is provided on land and assets in the course of construction. Freehold buildings and plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on the following bases.

Freehold buildings

2% straight line basis

Plant and equipment

4% - 50% straight line basis

Short leases are written off over the duration of the lease

The carrying value of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment, if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, and hire purchase contracts are capitalized in the balance sheet and are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and the asset's useful lives

Intangible fixed assets

Internally developed intangibles are not carried on the balance sheet. Intangible fixed assets represent publishing rights, which are stated at fair value on acquisition. Intangible fixed assets are not subsequently revalued.

The directors believe that the company's publishing rights have no finite life and consequently the rights are not amortised

Intangible assets are reviewed for impairment annually, and provision is made for any impairment in value where the recoverable amount is calculated to be below the carrying value. The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less selling costs and the value in use. Value in use is based on the net present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the company's pre-tax weighted average cost of capital. Any impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost, less provision, if appropriate, for any impairment in value other than a temporary impairment in value

The carrying values of fixed asset investments are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, calculated at the rate at which it is expected the tax will arise in accordance with FRS 19 "Deferred Tax" Deferred taxation balances are not discounted

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Leasehold property

A provision is made at the balance sheet date for property dilapidations and for the net present value of net future costs on surplus vacant leased property

Pensions

The company participates in both a defined benefit pension scheme and a defined contribution pension scheme

In respect of the defined benefit pension scheme, the Newsquest Pension Scheme ("the Scheme"), pension costs are assessed in accordance with the advice of qualified independent actuaries. Charges to the profit and loss account for group subsidiaries that participate in the scheme are allocated to the company by the principal employer of the Scheme, Newsquest Media Group Limited, based upon contributions by the principal employer and the number of members

In accordance with FRS17, the company has accounted for its contributions to the defined benefit scheme as if it were a defined benefit contribution scheme as it is not possible to separately identify the company's share of the assets and liabilities in the defined benefit scheme. Refer to note 21 for further details

In respect of the defined contribution pension scheme, contributions are charged to the profit and loss account for the year in which they are payable to the scheme. Differences between contributions payable and contributions actually paid in the year are shown as either accruals or prepayments at the year end

Goodwill

On the acquisition of a business, the purchase consideration is allocated between the underlying net tangible and intangible assets on a fair value basis. Goodwill on acquisitions after 1 January 1998 is included on the balance sheet and amortised over its expected useful economic life, up to a maximum of 20 years.

Goodwill on acquisitions prior to 1 January 1998 has been written off against profit and loss reserve as a matter of accounting policy. This goodwill will be charged to the profit and loss account in the event of the disposal of the business to which it relates (note 19)

Operating leases

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the periods of the leases

Group accounts and cash flow statement

The company, as it is a wholly owned subsidiary itself, is not required to prepare group accounts because its parent undertaking is established under the law of an EEA state. Accordingly the financial statements present information about the company rather than the group as a whole. A cash flow statement is not required under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised), as the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and the group's financial statements are publicly available (note 24)

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1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Post retirement medical costs

Certain employees benefit from contracts entitling them to post retirement medical benefits. The costs of post retirement medical benefits are provided for by discounting the expected future costs.

Share-based payments

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value at the date at which they are granted and is recognised as an expense over the vesting period, which ends on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award. Fair value is determined by an external valuer using an appropriate pricing model. In valuing equity-settled transactions share price volatility has been considered, no account has been taken of any vesting conditions. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied.

At each balance sheet date before vesting, the cumulative expense is calculated with reference to the vesting period expired. The movement in cumulative expense since the previous balance sheet date is recognised in the income statement, with a corresponding entry to reserves.

Recharges from the company's ultimate parent undertaking for the intrinsic value of the option on exercise, that is the difference between the market value on exercise and the option price is taken directly to the profit and loss reserve

2. TURNOVER

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company, being of local news and information which arises in the United Kingdom

3. OPERATING EXPENSES

		53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
	Selling and distribution costs	3,205	3,608
	Administrative expenses	7,064	6,958
	Exceptional restructuring costs	103	408
		10,372	10,974
4.	OPERATING (LOSS)/PROFIT		
	The operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting)	53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
	- owned by the company	140	232
	- held under finance leases	91	74
	Operating lease rentals		
	- land and buildings	303	311
	Management charge	550	551
	Amounts written off investments	30,000	-
	Profit on disposal of fixed assets	(31)	(333)

Audit services for the entire Gannett U K Limited group totalling £269,000 (2011 - £248,000) were borne by Newsquest Media Group Limited in the current and prior period. The company has paid its allocation of the audit fees through the management charge.

5 STAFF COSTS

53 weeks	52 weeks
ended	ended
30 December	25 December
2012	2011
£,000	£'000
7,863	8,420
530	588
550	273
8,943	9,281
	ended 30 December 2012 £'000 7,863 530 550

Included in wages and salaries is a total expense for share-based payments of £36,000 (2011 - £9,000), all of which arises from transactions accounted for as equity-settled share-based payment transactions. Recharges for the intrinsic value of options exercised in 2012 of £22,000 (2011 - £20,000) have been taken directly to reserves

The average monthly number of employees, excluding directors, during the period was as follows

	No.	No
Pre-press	16	20
Editorial	108	117
Marketing and sales	95	104
Distribution	47	51
Finance and management	15	15
	281	307

Staff are employed under contracts of employment with fellow subsidiaries

There are also 1,828 (2011 – 1,953) people involved in distribution who work limited hours to deliver the group's products. The costs of these people are included in staff costs above

Directors' remuneration in 2012 was £nil (2011 - £nil) All emoluments and pension payments made by related companies to directors are dealt with in the accounts of Newsquest Media Group Limited

The comparative has been restated to include digital media employees within marketing and sales, previously shown in finance and management

6. INCOME FROM FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

		53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
	Dividends from group undertakings	30,000	-
7.	INTEREST RECEIVABLE		
		53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	64	63

8	INTEREST	PAYABLE AND	SIMILAR	CHARGES
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	Unwind of discount on provisions (note 16)	53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
9.	TAX CHARGE ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	Analysis of charge in the period:	53 weeks ended 30 December 2012 £'000	52 weeks ended 25 December 2011 £'000
	Current tax Adjustment in respect of prior periods	2,925	2,392
	Total current tax (see below)	2,925	2,392
	Deferred taxation Origination and reversal of timing differences Adjustment in respect of prior periods Change in the rate of corporation tax	(28) (3) 52 2,946	(105) 3 44 2,334

The tax charge for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The differences are explained below

Analysis of charge in the period	2012 £'000	2011 £'000
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2,456	2,500
Profit on ordinary activities before tax multiplied by the standard rate		
of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 – 26 5%)	602	662
Expenses not deductible net of income not taxable	5	9
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	27	(124)
Utilisation of tax losses	(637)	(550)
Other timing differences	3	3
Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	2,925	2,392
	2,925	2,392

Tax losses arising within the Gannett UK Limited group of companies are relieved amongst group companies. The principal factor that may affect the tax charge in future periods is the basis on which tax losses are allocated within the group and the rate (if any) at which the company pays for those losses

On 20 March 2013, the UK government confirmed its intention to propose that Parliament reduce the main rate of UK corporation tax to 20% from 1 April 2015. The rate has been reducing and enacted rates are 24% with effect from 1 April 2012 and 23% with effect from 1 April 2013. Reduction of the rate to 21% from 1 April 2014 and to 20% from 1 April 2015 is expected to be enacted during 2013. The decrease in the company's net assets arising from the reduction in the rate to 20% is estimated to be about £82,000 in total and will be accounted for when the legislation is substantively enacted.

10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

				Publishing rights £'000
	Cost			
	At 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011			40,982
	Provision			
	At 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011			29,011
	At 30 December 2012 and 23 December 2011			29,011
	Net book value			
	At 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011			11,971
11.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Land and buildings £'000	Plant and equipment £'000	Total £'000
	Cost	2 000	2 000	2 000
	At 26 December 2011	1,736	12.470	14 206
	Additions	1,730	12,470 98	14,206 98
	Disposals	-	(92)	(92)
	Transfers to group companies	-	(62)	(62)
	Transfers to group companies		(02)	(02)
	At 30 December 2012	1,736	12,414	14,150
	Depreciation		<u> </u>	
	At 26 December 2011	860	12,074	12,934
	Charge for period	12	219	231
	Disposals	-	(92)	(92)
	Transfers to group companies	-	(58)	(58)
	At 30 December 2012	872	12,143	13,015
	Net book value		_	-
	At 30 December 2012	864	271	1,135
	At 25 December 2011	876	396	1,272

Included within land and buildings are short leaseholds with a net book value of £44,000 (2011 - £45,000) and freeholds with a net book value of £820,000 (2011 - £831,000), within which is freehold land with a net book value of £455,000 (2011 - £455,000) Also, included within plant and equipment are leased assets with a net book value of £213,000 (2011 - £210,000)

12. INVESTMENTS

	Shares in subsidiary undertakings £'000
Cost	
At 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011	30,000
Provisions	
At 26 December 2011	_
	30,000
Charge for the period	
At 30 December 2012	30,000
Net Book Value	
At 30 December 2012	-
At 25 December 2011	30,000
	

The shares are unlisted investments and constitute the entire issued share capital of Newsquest (Basildon) Limited, which does not trade

13. DEBTORS

	2012	2011
Amounts falling due within one year	£'000	£'000
Trade debtors	1,424	3,324
Amounts owed by group undertakings	11,372	10,396
Other debtors	633	655
Prepayments and accrued income	626	813
Other tax and social security	91	-
		
	14,146	15,188

The comparative has been restated to present accrued income in prepayments and accrued income. Previously accrued income was included in other debtors

Included in other debtors is a deferred taxation asset of £633,000 (2011 - £654,000) which is recoverable in more than one year (see note 17)

14 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

		2012 £'000	2011 £'000
	Trade creditors	71	85
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	174	506
	Other taxation and social security	-	42
	Other creditors	99	176
	Accruals and deferred income	1,201	1,197
		1,545	2,006
15.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	₹	
		2012	2011
		£'000	£'000
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,415	32,415

The above amount owed to group undertakings is wholly repayable within five years

16. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES

	Post retirement medical costs £'000	Leasehold property provision £'000	Total £'000
At 26 December 2011	296	1,184	1,480
(Credit)/charge for the period	(41)	10	(31)
Utilisation	(15)	(276)	(291)
Unwind of discount on provisions (note 8)	13	60	73
At 30 December 2012	253	978	1,231

The leasehold property provision is expected to be utilised over the terms of the relevant leases

The post retirement medical provision will be utilised over the period that the benefits will accrue This is expected to be in excess of five years

17. DEFERRED TAX ASSET

	£'000
At 26 December 2011	654
Charge for the period	(21)
At 30 December 2012	633

The amounts of provided deferred taxation can be analysed as follows

	Provi	Provided		
	2012	2011		
	£,000	£'000		
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	471	262		
Other timing differences	152	387		
Share based payment	10	5		
	633	654		
				

No provision is made for tax which would become payable on the sale of intangible assets at the stated amounts as there is no present intention to sell these intangible assets. There is no other unprovided deferred tax

18. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	2012	2011
Authorised:	£	£
1,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
		
Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
753 ordinary shares of £1 each	753	753
		

19. RESERVES AND RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Share capital £'000	Share premium £'000	Profit and loss account £'000	Total £'000
At 27 December 2010	1	35,999	(13,615)	22,385
Profit for the period	-	-	166	166
Share-based payment	-	-	9	9
Payment to ultimate parent in respect of shares exercised		-	(20)	(20)
At 25 December 2011	1	35,999	(13,460)	22,540
Loss for the period	-	-	(490)	(490)
Share-based payment		-	36	36
Payment to ultimate parent in respect of shares exercised	-	-	(22)	(22)
At 30 December 2012	1	35,999	(13,936)	22,064

Profit and loss account

Included in the profit and loss account reserve is £9,309,000 (2011 - £9,309,000) of goodwill written off as a matter of accounting policy. This goodwill would be charged to the profit and loss account on the subsequent disposal of the business to which it relates

20. OTHER COMMITMENTS

At 30 December 2012 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land a	nd buildings
	2012	2011
	£'000	£'000
Expiry date		
Within one year	-	20
Between two and five years	280	280

At 30 December 2012 the company had capital commitments of £nil (2011 - £nil)

21 PENSIONS

The company is a member of the Newsquest Pension Scheme ("the Scheme"), which is a funded defined benefit scheme Details of the scheme, including particulars of the latest actuarial valuation, the existence of a surplus or deficit in the group and its effect on future contribution rates by the company, can be found in the financial statements of Gannett U K. Limited Following consultation the Scheme ceased the future accrual of pension benefits with effect from 31 March 2011

The contributions made by the group into the Scheme are assessed in accordance with the advice of a qualified independent actuary. The pension costs in these accounts for that scheme of £315,000 (2011 - £84,000) are paid to the principal employer of the Newsquest Pension Scheme, Newsquest Media Group Limited, to fund its contributions to the Scheme. The allocation of this cost to the company is based on the number of members.

The company also participates in a defined contribution pension scheme on behalf of its employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The costs for the year under this scheme were £235,000 (2011 - £189,000).

22. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

Employee Share Option Plan

The company participates in the Gannett Co, Inc 2001 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan Under the plan discretionary share options in the Group's ultimate parent undertaking, Gannett Co, Inc are granted to employees Gannett Co, Inc 's shares are publicly traded on the New York Stock Exchange and the exercise price of the options is equal to the actual closing market price of the shares on the date of grant. The options vest evenly over four years from the date of grant provided that the employee remains in service. The contractual life of the options is between 8 and 10 years and there are no cash settlement alternatives.

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average exercise prices (WAEP) of, and movements in, share options during the year

	2012 No	2012 WAEP	2011 No.	2011 WAEP
Outstanding as at 26 December 2011 and 27 December 2010	15,600	\$46 64	36,150	\$36 36
Forfeited during the year	(5,525)	\$73 63	(17,175)	\$32 69
Exercised during the year ¹	(2,475)	\$9 75	(3,375)	\$7 53
Outstanding at 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011	7,600	\$39 03	15,600	\$46 64
Exercisable at 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011	5,519	\$47 87	11,575	\$57 80

¹The weighted average share price at the date of exercise for the options exercised in the year was \$18.10 (2011 - \$15.18)

For the share options outstanding at 30 December 2012, the weighted average contractual life is 3 93 years (2011 3 77 years)

The range of exercise prices for options outstanding at the end of 2012 was \$13 16 - \$87 33 (2011 \$7 53 - \$87 33)

The fair value of equity-settled share options granted is estimated as at the date of grant using the Black Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the options were granted

The expected life of the options is based on historical data and is not necessarily indicative of exercise patterns that may occur. The expected volatility reflects the assumption that the historical volatility is indicative of future trends, which may also not necessarily be the actual outcome.

No other features of options granted were incorporated into the measurement of fair value

Chairman's Award Scheme

Out of the 2001 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan discretionary shares have been awarded to certain employees. Title to the shares passes to the employee on expiration of the four year incentive period provided that the employee remains in service with the group.

The following table illustrates the number and weighted average share prices (WASP) of, and movements in, the share options during the year

2012 No.	2012 WASP*	2011 No.	2011 WASP*
-	-	400	\$37 02
-	-	(150)	\$1691
-	-	(250)	\$49 09
			
_	-	-	-
	No.	No. WASP*	400 (150) (250)

^{*}The weighted average share price (WASP) is the share price at the time the Chairman's Awards were granted, averaged over the number of shares outstanding at the balance sheet date

¹The weighted average share price at the date of settlement was \$nil (2011 - \$11 99)

22 SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

Restricted stock

Restricted stock are discretionary shares awarded to certain individuals out of the 2001 Omnibus Incentive Compensation Plan Each share awarded entitles the employee to receive one share of Gannett Co, Inc 's common stock on the expiration of the incentive period which vests 4 years after the grant date

	2012 No.	2012 WASP*	2011 No.	2011 WASP*
Outstanding at 26 December 2011 and 27 December 2010	4,090	\$12 62	7,870	\$14 84
Granted during the year ²	5,984	\$13 37	-	-
Forfeited during the year	-	-	(2,925)	\$12 30
Settled ¹	(850)	\$7 53	(855)	\$34 09
Outstanding at 30 December 2012 and 25 December 2011	9,224	\$13 58	4,090	\$12 62

^{*}The weighted average share price (WASP) is the share price at the time the Restricted stock was granted, averaged over the number of shares outstanding at the balance sheet date

23. RELATED PARTIES

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of its ultimate parent company. These financial statements are publicly available, therefore, the company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard 8 from disclosure of transactions with entities that are part of the group on the grounds that it is wholly owned

24. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's ultimate parent and controlling company is Gannett Co , Inc , a company incorporated in the United States of America. The intermediate parent and controlling company in the United Kingdom is Gannett U.K. Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in England and Wales. The consolidated financial statements of Gannett Co , Inc. and Gannett U.K. Limited comprise respectively the largest and smallest groups of which the company is a member that prepare consolidated financial statements. The annual report and consolidated financial statements of Gannett Co , Inc. can be obtained from the Secretary, Gannett Co , Inc., 7950 Jones Branch Drive, McLean, Virginia 22107. The annual report and consolidated financial statements of Gannett U.K. Limited can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff, CF14 3UZ.

¹The weighted average share price at the date of settlement was \$18 08 (2011-\$13 57)

²The weighted average fair value of Restricted stock granted in 2012 was \$12 11 (2011 - \$nil)