Diamond Resorts Holidays Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2009

Company Registration Number: 3102256

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Annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

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Notes forming part of the financial statements

Directors

S Crook

S J Hulme

Secretary and registered office

S Crook

Citrus House Caton Road Lancaster Lancashire LA1 3UA

Company number

3102256

Auditors

BDO LLP 3 Hardman Street Spinningfields Manchester M3 3AT

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2009

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

Principal activity and future developments

The company's principal activity is the marketing of holiday ownership on behalf of fellow subsidiary undertakings. During the year trading activity was significantly reduced due to the decision by the directors to seek alternative marketing methods to entice new and existing members. This new marketing approach has enabled the company to withdraw from its tour operating business and the associated licensing requirements. As a result, the directors expect the company to cease trading and to become dormant during the following year.

Results and dividend

The loss for the year after taxation amounted to £17,765 (2008 loss for the year £83,586) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2008 £Nil) and the loss has been transferred to reserves

Directors

The directors who held office during the year are shown below. All directors served throughout the year unless otherwise indicated

S J Hulme

S Crook

None of the directors have any interest in the share capital of the company. The interests of the directors in the share capital of Diamond Resorts (Holdings) Limited are disclosed in the financial statements of that company

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures
 disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

Financial instruments

The company does not use financial instruments

Extended business review

The company has taken the exemption available in section 417 of the Companies Act 2006 in respect of the directors' report relating to companies subject to the small companies regime

Auditors

The current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

S Crook
Secretary

Date 16th July 2010

Report of the independent auditors for the year ended 31 December 2009

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF DIAMOND RESORTS HOLIDAYS LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Diamond Resorts Holidays Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Emphasis of matter - financial statements prepared other than on a going concern basis

In forming our opinion, which is not qualified, we draw your attention to the disclosures made in Note 1 to the financial statements which states that the operations of the company have been wound down and post year end the company is expected to become dormant. Therefore, the financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis.

Report of the independent auditors for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the directors' report for the financial year 2009 for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit
- the directors were not entitled to prepare the financial statements and the directors' report in accordance with the small companies' regime

Boo us

Eric Solomons (senior statutory auditor)
For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor
Manchester
United Kingdom
Date 21 2012

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127)

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover	2	364,738	1,086,187
Cost of sales		(344,252)	(1,006,790)
Gross profit		20,486	79,397
Administrative expenses		(64,864)	(207,151)
Other operating income		26,178	42,361
Operating loss	2	(18,200)	(85,393)
Interest receivable	4	435	1,807
Loss on ordinary activities before and after taxation	5	(17,765)	(83,586)
Loss for the financial year	10	(17,765)	(83,586)

The results disclosed above all relate to discontinued operations

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the financial year

The notes on page 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2009

Company Number 3102256			
	Note	2009	2008
		£	£
Current assets			
Stocks	6	-	9,282
Debtors	7	79	187,871
Cash at bank and in hand	,	134,043	221,510
Cash at bank and in hand		134,043	221,310
		404 400	440 000
.		134,122	418,663
Creditors: amounts falling			
due within one year	8	(140,373)	(407,149)
Net current (liabilities) / assets		(6,251)	11,514
(1.2.1		(0,20.)	,,,,,,
Net (liabilities) / assets		(6,251)	11,514
,		-	,
Capital and reserves		=	
Called up share capital	9	1,050,000	1,050,000
Profit and loss account	10	(1,056,251)	(1,038,486)
Front and loss account	10	(1,050,251)	(1,038,400)
		 -	
Equity shareholders' (deficit)/ funds	; 11	(6,251)	11,514

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 16 - July 2010

S Crook
Director

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

1 Principal accounting policies

Basis of preparation

As explained within the report of the directors, the operations of the company have been wound down and post year end the company is expected to become dormant. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a basis other than going concern. As a consequence of ceasing to trade, all assets will be written down to recoverable amounts. No material adjustments have arisen as a result of ceasing to apply the going concern basis.

With regard to the above basis of preparation, and where relevant, the financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The following principal accounting policies have been applied

Turnover

Where the company takes ownership of the products or service and is acting as the principal, the full value of services being sold is recognised in the financial statements. Where the company is an agent the company recognises the commission earned

Stock

Stocks are comprised of flight stocks, and are valued at the lower of costs and net realisable value. Cost is based on the costs of purchase. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption provided by FRS 1 and has not prepared a cash flow statement as its results are included in the consolidated results of Diamond Resorts (Holdings) Ltd, which are publicly available

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

2 Turnover and operating loss

The turnover and loss on ordinary activities before taxation are attributable to the principal activity of the company, and arose wholly within the United Kingdom

The loss from operations is stated after charging

The loss from operations is stated after charging	2009 £	2008 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit services	6,000	6,000

3 Directors and employees

All staff are employed and paid by a fellow group company, Diamond Resorts (Europe) Limited The directors did not receive any emoluments for services to the company during the year (2008 £NiI)

4 Interest receivable

2009 £	2008 £
Interest receivable 435	1,807
	

5 Tax on loss on ordinary activities

There is no taxation (credit)/charge during the year (2008 £Nil)

Factors affecting the tax (credit)/charge for the year

The difference between the actual tax assessed in the year and the expected charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax in the United Kingdom of 28% (2008 28 5%) is explained as follows

	2009 £	2008 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(17,765)	(83,586)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	2009 £	2008 £
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the		
United Kingdom of 28% (2008 28 5%) Effect of	(4,974)	(23,822)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Group relief	- 4,974	- 23,822
Current tax charge for the year		
		

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

e	Sánaka		
6	Stocks	2009 £	2008 £
	Flight stock	-	9,282
7	Debtors	2009	2008
		£	£
	Trade debtors Prepayments and accrued income	-	34,609 84,710
	Amounts owed by group undertakings Taxation and Social Security	79	68,552 -
			187,871
8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,353 139,020	58,360 283,751
	Other creditors Accruals and deferred income Taxation and Social Security	- -	6,668 58,370 -
		140,373	407,149
9	Share capital		
		2009 £	2008 £
	Authorised 1,050,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,050,000	1,050,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,050,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,050,000	1,050,000
10	Profit and loss account		£
	At 1 January 2009		(1,038,486)
	Loss for the financial year		(17,765)
	At 31 December 2009		(1,056,251)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 (continued)

11	Reconciliation of movements in equity shareholders' funds	200 9 £	2008 £
	Loss for the financial year Opening equity shareholders' funds	(17,765) 11,514	(83,586) 95,100
	Closing equity shareholders' (deficit) funds	(6,251)	11,514

12 Ultimate parent undertaking

The directors regard Diamond Resorts Holdings LLC, a company incorporated in the USA, as the company's ultimate parent undertaking

The smallest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Diamond Resorts (Holdings) Ltd, whose principle place of business is at Citrus House, Caton Road, Lancaster, Lancashire, LA1 3UA. The consolidated accounts of the group can be obtained from Companies House.

13 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption included in FRS 8 and has not disclosed transactions with other members of the group headed by Diamond Resorts (Holdings) Limited