

Company Registration No. 03097864 (England and Wales)

**STUDIOAGENT LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018**

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STUDIOAGENT LIMITED

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STUDIOAGENT LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

		2018		2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Investments	3		6,000		6,000
Current assets					
Debtors	4	150		11,462	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	-		(11,462)	
Net current assets			150		-
Total assets less current liabilities			6,150		6,000
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		150		150
Profit and loss reserves			6,000		5,850
Total equity			6,150		6,000

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 9 August 2019

Mr A Dukinfield
Director

Company Registration No. 03097864

STUDIOAGENT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Studioagent Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Unit 3, Farfield Park, Manvers way, Rotherham, S63 5DB.

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of a holding company.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.3 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.4 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

STUDIOAGENT LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.5 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.6 Derivatives

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value at the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting end date. The resulting gain or loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

A derivative with a positive fair value is recognised as a financial asset, whereas a derivative with a negative fair value is recognised as a financial liability.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 1 (2017 - 1).

3 Fixed asset investments

	2018 £	2017 £
Investments	6,000	6,000

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

3	Fixed asset investments	(Continued)	
	Movements in fixed asset investments		Shares in group undertakings
			£
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 January 2018 & 31 December 2018		6,000
			<u> </u>
	Carrying amount		
	At 31 December 2018		6,000
			<u> </u>
	At 31 December 2017		6,000
			<u> </u>
4	Debtors	2018	2017
		£	£
	Amounts falling due within one year:		
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	150	11,462
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018	2017
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	11,462
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
6	Called up share capital	2018	2017
		£	£
	Ordinary share capital		
	Issued and fully paid		
	150 Ordinary shares of £1 each	150	150
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
7	Related party transactions		
	The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:		
		2018	2017
		£	£
	Amounts owed to related parties		
	Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company	-	11,462
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

7 Related party transactions (Continued)

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

	2018 Balance £
Amounts owed by related parties	

Entities with control, joint control or significant influence over the company	150
	<u> </u>

	2017 Balance £
Amounts owed in previous period	

Entities over which the entity has control, joint control or significant influence	11,462
	<u> </u>

Other transactions

During the year, dividends of £160,150 (2017 - £nil) were received from S2S Electronics Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary.

During the year, dividends of £160,000 (2017 - £nil) were paid to 2S Holdings Limited, the immediate parent company.

8 Parent company

The parent company of S2S Electronics Limited is 2S Holdings Limited and its registered office is Unit 3 Farfield Park, Manvers Way, Rotherham, S63 5DB.

The ultimate parent company of S2S Electronics Limited is Chadlaw S2S Limited and its registered office is Unit 3 Farfield Park, Manvers Way, Rotherham, S63 5DB.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.