N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

Company Registration Number 3095250

RSM Tenon Limited
Accountants & Business Advisers
The Poynt
45 Wollaton Street
Nottingham
NG1 5FW

SATURDAY



A35 22/05/2010 COMPANIES HOUSE

125

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

CONTENTS	PAGES
Officers and professional advisers	1
The directors' report	2 to 3
Independent auditor's report to the member	4 to 5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Notes to the financial statements	8 to 13
The following pages do not form part of the statutory financial statements	
Detailed profit and loss account	15
Notes to the detailed profit and loss account	16

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

The board of directors

KRW Riley

P C Riley

Company secretary

P C Riley

Business address

Rufford Hall Trent Lane Nottingham NG2 4DS

Registered office

Rufford Hall Trent Lane Nottingham NG2 4DS

Auditor

RSM Tenon Audit Limited

The Poynt

45 Wollaton Street

Nottingham NG1 5FW

Accountants

RSM Tenon Limited

Accountants & Business Advisers

The Poynt

45 Wollaton Street

Nottingham NG1 5FW

Bankers

National Westminster Bank plc

148-149 Victoria Centre

Nottingham NG1 3QT

Solicitors

Young and Pearce 58 Talbot Street Nottingham NG1 5GL

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 January 2009

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be that of the operation of a national interior design academy

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows

KRWRileyPCRiley

Directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are, individually, aware

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any
 relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

Our auditors have changed their name to RSM Tenon Audit Limited and have signed the audit report in their new name

A resolution to reappoint RSM Tenon Audit Limited as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting

THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

Signed on behalf of the directors

P C Riley

Secretary

Approved by the directors on 20 May 2010

RSM Tenon

N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

We have audited the financial statements of N D A (Nottingham) Limited on pages 6 to 13 for the year ended 31 January 2009. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein and the requirements of the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

This report is made solely to the company's member, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's member those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's member as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

RSM Tenon

N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBER OF N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

Opinion

In our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to Smaller Entities, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2009 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Emphasis of matter - going concern

In forming our opinion which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of disclosures made in note 1 to the financial statements concerning the company's ability to continue as a going concern. At 31 January 2009 the company's balance sheet reported net assets of £49,582 which includes an amount of £221,893 due from Riley (Holdings) Limited, the company's parent company for which there are no fixed repayment terms and settlement of which will be dependant upon sufficient funds being generated by the sale of properties being developed by Riley (Holdings) Limited after the repayment of secured borrowings on those properties. In addition, the company has guaranteed the bank borrowings of other group companies including Riley (Holdings) Limited, which amounted to £36,308,119 at 31 January 2009 of which no provision has been made in these financial statements. The gross assets of Riley (Holdings) Limited at 31 January 2008 (being the last available audited accounts) were £44,565,526 and the net assets at that date were £6,724,713. These conditions along with the other matters explained in note 1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

RSM Teron Abolit Limited

RSM Tenon Audit Limited Registered Auditor The Poynt 45 Wollaton Street Nottingham NG1 5FW

21 May 2010

N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Turnover		1,775,477	1,120,060
Cost of sales		(363,219)	(301,691)
Gross profit		1,412,258	818,369
Administrative expenses		(559,125)	(361,891)
Operating profit	2	853,133	456,478
Interest receivable Interest payable and similar charges		<u>-</u> -	151 (336)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		853,133	456,293
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	(157,535)	(68,402)
Profit for the financial year		695,598	387,891

The notes on page 6 form part of these financial statements

N D A (NOTTINGHAM) LIMITED Registered Number 3095250

BALANCE SHEET

31 JANUARY 2009

		2009		2008		
	Note	3	3	£	£	
Fixed assets	-		00.004		40 404	
Tangible assets	5 6		29,264 100		42,131	
Investments	0		100		_	
			29,364		42,131	
Current assets						
Stocks		26,223		23,072		
Debtors	7	1,028,684		3,521,296		
Cash at bank and in hand		91,944		20,683		
		1,146,851		3,565,051		
Creditors: amounts falling due		.,,		-,,		
within one year	9	(1,126,633)		(943,873)		
Net current assets			20,218		2,621,178	
Total assets less current liabilities			49,582		2,663,309	
Creditors: amounts falling due after	•					
more than one year	10		-		(9,325)	
			49,582		2,653,984	
)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Capital and reserves						
Called-up share capital	13		100		100	
Profit and loss account	14		49,482		2,653,884	
Shareholder's funds			49,582		2,653,984	
			,		_,,	

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

These financial statements were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 20 May 2010, and are signed on their behalf by

KRW Riley Director

The notes on page 7 form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007)

Cash flow statement

The company has adopted the Financial Reporting Standard For Smaller Entities (2007) and is consequently exempt from the requirement to include a cash flow statement in the financial statements

Turnover

Turnover, which is stated net of VAT, represents revenue and fees earned in respect of services provided during the year. Where amounts have been earned but not invoiced during the year the amount included in revenue is the proportion of of the anticipated net sales value earned to date. A corresponding value is recognised in receivables as accrued income as appropriate.

Where revenue is directly linked to special achievements, such as the payments in respect of learner registration and assessments, this revenue is only recognised when the specific achievement is met

Goodwill

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the estimated useful economic life of that asset as follows

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Cost represents purchase price together with any incidental costs of acquisition.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, net of anticipated disposal proceeds, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows

Plant and machinery

12 5% - 25% on cost

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Cost is calculated using the first-in first-out method and includes the normal cost of transporting stock to its present location and condition

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value, and are depreciated in accordance with the above depreciation policies

Future instalments payable under such agreements, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the capital element, which reduces the outstanding obligation included within creditors, and the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

Accounting policies (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax, or a right to pay less tax, or a right to receive repayments of tax

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider it more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax assets and liabilities recognised have been discounted.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less provision for dimunition in value

Consolidation

The company is exempt from preparing consolidated accounts on the basis the group is small

Going concern

At 31 January 2009 the company's balance sheet reported net assets of £49,582. This includes an amount of £221,893 due from Riley (Holdings) Limited, the company's parent company, for which there are no fixed repayment terms and settlement of which will be dependent upon sufficient funds being generated by the sale of properties being developed by that company after the repayment of secured borrowings on those properties. In addition, the company has guaranteed the bank borrowings of other group companies, including Riley (Holdings) Limited, which amounted to £36,308,119 at 31 January 2009 of which no provision has been made in these financial statements. The gross assets of Riley (Holdings) Limited at 31 January 2008 (being the last available audited accounts) were £44,565,526 and the net assets at that date were £6,724,713. The company is therefore dependent upon the ability of its parent company to repay the debt and meet its continuing obligations to its bankers in order to continue in business. The director is confident that these conditions will be satisfied for the foreseeable future and the financial statements have therefore been prepared on a going concern basis.

2. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging

	2009	2008
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase	1,806	11,619
agreements	15,688	6,034
Auditor's fees	_	4,500
	77.	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

	YEAR ENDED 31 JAN	UARY 2009	
3.	Taxation on ordinary activities		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year		
		2009 £	2008 £
	UK Corporation tax Over/under provision in prior year	156,603 	71,066
		156,603	71,066
	Deferred tax		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	932	(2,664)
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	157,535	68,402
	(b) Factors affecting current tax charge		
	The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities corporation tax in the UK of 21% (2008 - 30%)	for the year is lower than	the standard rate of
		2009 £	2008 £
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	853,133	456,293
	Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	179,176	136,888
	Effects of		
	Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(111)	2,731
	Adjustments to tax charge in respect of previous periods	· · ·	1,766
	Group relief	(179,891)	(70,319)
	Group relief paid for by group companies Sundry tax adjusting items	156,603 826	-
	Total current tax (note 3(a))	156,603	71,066
4.	Dividends		
	Equity dividends		
	• •	2009 £	2008 £
	Paid during the year		
	Ordinary shares	3,300,000	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc.
Cost At 1 February 2008 Additions	152,327 4,627
At 31 January 2009	156,954
Depreciation At 1 February 2008 Charge for the year At 31 January 2009	110,196 17,494 127,690
Net book value At 31 January 2009	29,264
At 31 January 2008	42,131

Hire purchase agreements

Included within the net book value of £29,264 is £14,481 (2008 - £24,135) relating to assets held under hire purchase agreements. The depreciation charged to the financial statements in the year in respect of such assets amounted to £15,688 (2008 - £6,034).

£

6. Investments

Cost	
Additions	100
At 31 January 2009	100
Net book value At 31 January 2009	100
At 31 January 2008	-

The investment represents a 100% ordinary holding in the companies sole subsidiary NDA Private Clients Limited, a company who provides interior design consultancy services

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

7.	Debtors		
		2009	2008
	Trade debtors	£ 191,466	£
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	221,893	2,840,361
	Other debtors	615,325	680,003
	Deferred taxation (note 8)	<u> </u>	932
		1,028,684	3,521,296
8.	Deferred taxation		
	The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as f	ollows	
		2009	2008
	Included in debtors (note 7)	£	£ 932
	, ,		
	The movement in the deferred taxation account during	g the year was	
		2009	2008
	At 1 February 2008	£ 932	£ (1.722)
	At 1 February 2008 Profit and loss account movement arising during the	932	(1,732)
	year	(932)	2,664
	At 31 January 2009		932
	•		
	The balance of the deferred taxation account consist respect of	sts of the tax effect o	f timing differences in
		2009	2008
		£	£
	Excess of depreciation over taxation allowances	-	932
			932
_			
9 .	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2009	2008
	Trade creditors	£ 332,650	£ 419,276
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	157,835	7,229
	Corporation tax	74,302	6,305
	Other taxation and social security Hire purchase agreements	134,618 7,248	29,399 26,124
	Other creditors	419,980	455,540
		1,126,633	943,873
10	Craditors: amounts falling due after more than on	0 V02F	
10.	Creditors amounts falling due after more than on	•	
		2009	2008
	Hire purchase agreements	£	£ 9,325
	The Paralles agreements		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2009

11. Contingencies

The company has guaranteed bank borrowings of other group companies At 31 January 2009 other group companies had borrowings of £36,308,119 (2008 £32,834,415) The gross assets of Riley (Holdings) Limited, the parent company, at 31 January 2008 (being the last available audited accounts) were £44,565,526 and the net assets at that date were £6,724,713

12. Related party transactions

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under the Financial Reporting Standard For Smaller Entities (2007)

13. Share capital

Authorised share capital:

	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each		2009 £ 		2008 £ 100
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		2009	_	2008	
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 100	£ 100	No 100	£ 100
14.	Profit and loss account				
			2009 £		2008 £
	Balance brought forward Profit for the financial year Equity dividends		2,653,884 695,598 3,300,000)	2	2,265,993 387,891 —
	Balance carried forward		49,482	2	,653,884

15. Ultimate parent company

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Riley (Holdings) Limited, a company registered in England and Wales. The company is ultimately controlled by K R W Riley who owns the entire share capital of Riley (Holdings) Limited.