Registration number: 3078882

Overhall Contractors Limited

Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2014



Overhall Contractors Limited

Registration number: 3078882

Abbreviated Balance Sheet at 31 March 2014

		2014		2013	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible fixed assets	2		822,144		590,835
Current assets					
Stocks		356,506		326,329	
Debtors		130,432		123,120	
Cash at bank and in hand		765		378	
		487,703		449,827	
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	3	(593,564)		(564,288)	
Net current liabilities			(105,861)		(114,461)
Total assets less current liabilities			716,283		476,374
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year			(268,484)		(116,475)
Provisions for liabilities			(88,504)		(48,840)
Net assets			359,295		311,059
Capital and reserves			•		
Called up share capital	4	105		105	
Profit and loss account		359,190		310,954	
Shareholders' funds			359,295		311,059

For the year ending 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective 2008).

Approved by the Board on 21.7.14 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr N J Hubbard

Director

Overhall Contractors Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (Effective April 2008).

Turnover

Turnover represents amounts chargeable, net of value added tax, in respect of the sale of goods and services to customers.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on tangible fixed assets so as to write off the cost or valuation, less any estimated residual value, over their expected useful economic life as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Motor vehicles Land and buildings

Depreciation method and rate

15% per annum on written down value 25% per annum on written down value Over 5 years

Work in progress

Work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after due regard for obsolete and slow moving stocks. Net realisable value is based on selling price less anticipated costs to completion and selling costs. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised, without discounting, in respect of all timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes, which have arisen but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except as required by FRSSE.

Deferred tax is measured at the rates that are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on the tax rates and law enacted at the balance sheet date.

Hire purchase and leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged in the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Assets held under finance leases, which are leases where substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset have passed to the company, are capitalised in the balance sheet as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital elements of future obligations under the leases are included as liabilities in the balance sheet. The interest element of the rental obligation is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the lease and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised as tangible fixed assets and are depreciated over their useful lives. The capital element of future finance payments is included within creditors. Finance charges are allocated to accounting periods over the length of the contract.

Tangible

Overhall Contractors Limited

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities. Where shares are issued, any component that creates a financial liability of the company is presented as a liability in the balance sheet. The corresponding dividends relating to the liability component are charged as interest expense in the profit and loss account.

2 Fixed assets

	angible assets £	Total £
Cost		•
At 1 April 2013	1,022,309	1,022,309
Additions	440,560	440,560
Disposals	(193,975)	(193,975)
At 31 March 2014	1,268,894	1,268,894
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2013	431,474	431,474
Charge for the year	139,715	139,715
Eliminated on disposals	(124,439)	(124,439)
At 31 March 2014	446,750	446,750
Net book value		
At 31 March 2014	822,144	822,144
At 31 March 2013	590,835	590,835

3 Creditors

Creditors includes the following liabilities, on which security has been given by the company:

	2014 £	2013 £
Amounts falling due within one year Amounts falling due after more than one year	336,829 268,484	181,581 116,475
Total secured creditors	605,313	298,056

Overhall Contractors Limited Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the Year Ended 31 March 2014

4 Share capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2014		2013	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100
Ordinary A shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary B shares of £1 each	. 1	1	1	1
Ordinary C shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary D shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
Ordinary E shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	105	105	105	105