Financial Statements Poole Stadium Limited

For the year ended 31 December 2012





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Registered number: 03066878

Company Information

Registered number

03066878

Registered office

Abbey Stadium Lady Lane Blunsdon SWINDON SN25 4DN

Directors

C A Osborne S P Hayward

Company secretary

S P Hayward

Bankers

Lloyds TSB Bank Plc 55 Corn Street BRISTOL BS99 7LE

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

3140 Rowan Place John Smith Drive

Oxford Business Park South

OXFORD Oxfordshire OX4 2WB

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Directors' Report For the year ended 31 December 2012

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities

The company trades as the operator of Poole Stadium

The company is reliant on the bank loan and overdraft held within TokLon Limited, its ultimate parent company, for financing As discussed in note 1.2 to the financial statements, the bank has confirmed their continued support of the group and therefore the directors consider that it is appropriate to prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis. The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts which show that the cash generated from operations together with the bank facilities and amounts loaned by a director will provide sufficient working capital for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements

Directors

The directors who served during the year were

C A Osborne S P Hayward

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 December 2012

Provision of information to auditor

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing its report and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Auditor

The auditor, Grant Thornton UK LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006

This report was approved by the board on

and signed on its behalf

C A Osborne Director



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Poole Stadium Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Poole Stadium Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012, which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Auditing Practices Board's website at www frc org uk/apb/scope/private cfm

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice,
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements



Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Poole Stadium Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the Directors' report

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Tracey James (Senior statutory auditor)

July 2013

for and on behalf of

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

Oxford

Date

Profit and Loss Account

For the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 £000	2011 £000
Turnover	1,2	2,482	2,346
Administrative expenses		(2,301)	(2,324)
Operating profit	3	181	22
Interest payable and similar charges	5	(3)	(2)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		178	20
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	- -	(4)
Profit for the financial year	14	178	16

All amounts relate to continuing operations

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2012 or 2011 other than those included in the profit and loss account

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements

Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2012

	Note	£000	2012 £000	£000	2011 £000
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	7		1,818		1,964
Current assets					
Stocks	8	59		60	
Debtors	9	270		374	
Cash at bank		11		10	
	_	340	_	444	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(2,652)		(3,080)	
Net current liabilities	_		(2,312)		(2,636)
Net liabilities		_	(494)	_	(672)
Capital and reserves					
Called up equity share capital	13		1		1
Share premium account	14		29		29
Profit and loss account	14	_	(524)	_	(702)
Shareholders' deficit	15	=	(494)	=	(672)

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on

C A Osborne Director

The notes on pages 7 to 14 form part of these financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. Accounting Policies

11 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous year and are set out below

1.2 Going concern

The company is part of the group headed by TokLon Limited and is reliant on the bank loan and overdraft held within that company for financing. Going concern has therefore been considered at a group level. The group is considered to be a going concern on the basis of the continued support from the bank, who have confirmed their intention to renew the group's facilities. The directors have prepared cash flow forecasts which show that the cash generated from operations together with the bank facilities and amounts loaned by a director will provide sufficient working capital for a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

13 Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary and is included in the consolidated financial statements of TokLon Limited, which are publicly available

1.4 Related party transactions

As a wholly owned subsidiary of Gaming International Limited, which in turn is a company wholly owned by TokLon Limited, the company is exempt from the requirements of FRS 8 to disclose the transactions with other members of the group headed by TokLon Limited on the grounds that the accounts are publicly available from Companies House

1.5 Turnover

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts. The proportion of gross income retained by the company from tote betting and gaming activities is recognised at the time the transaction is completed.

Rental income is recognised in the period to which it relates

1.6 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases.

Leasehold Property Plant & machinery over the unexpired term of the lease

- 14 to 50% per annum

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

17 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Developments are stated at the cost of the land and construction (including attributable overheads) or net realisable value if lower. No interest is included

18 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease. The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed assets and is depreciated over its estimated useful economic life. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and the rental charges are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis over the life of the lease.

19 Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year

110 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the company an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future, have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

111 Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.12 Grants

Grants received for expenses are matched against the relevant expenditure

Grants received for fixed assets are deferred in the balance sheet and matched against the depreciation expense

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom

3. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging

	2012	2011
	£000	£000
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets		
- owned by the company	174	221
Auditors' remuneration - audit fees	4	4
Operating lease rentals		
- land and buildings	80	80

During the year, no director received any emoluments (2011 - £NIL)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

4. Staff costs

5.

Staff costs were as follows

Interest payable on bank borrowing

	2012	2011
	£000	$\pounds 000$
Wages and salaries	644	641
Social security costs	36	36
Other pension costs	7	8
	687	685
The average monthly number of employees, including	the directors, during the year was as follo	ws
	2012	2011
	No	No
Full time	15	14
Part time	69	67
	84	81
	 =	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Interest payable		
	2012	2011
	£000	1000

2

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

6. Taxation

	2012 £000	2011 £000
UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year	-	4

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2011 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 50% (2011 - 26 49%) The differences are explained below

	2012 £000	2011 £000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	178	20
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 50% (2011 - 26 49%)	44	
Effects of:	**	j
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	37	51
Capital allowances for year in excess of depreciation	(26)	(36)
Utilisation of tax losses	(46)	-
Non-taxable income	<u>-</u>	(16)
Group relief	(9)	(4)
Payment for group relief	-	4
Current tax charge for the year (see note above)	-	4

Factors that may affect future tax charges

The Company has tax losses of £1,067,000 (2011 £1,206,000) available, which can be offset against future taxable profits. A deferred tax asset has not been recognised due to the uncertainty surrounding the timing of any reversals

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2012

7.	Tangi	ble	fixed	assets

٠.	rungible fixed assets			
		Leasehold Property £000	Plant & machinery £000	Total £000
	Cost			
	At 1 January 2012	2,753	1,929	4,682
	Additions	9	21	30
	Disposals	(3)	(6)	(9)
	At 31 December 2012	2,759	1,944	4,703
	Depreciation			
	At 1 January 2012	979	1,739	2,718
	Charge for the year	74	100	174
	On disposals		(6)	(7)
	At 31 December 2012	1,052	1,833	2,885
	Net book value			
	At 31 December 2012	1,707		1,818
	At 31 December 2011	1,774	190	1,964
8.	Stocks			
			2012 £000	2011 £000
	Development stock		37	37
	Consumables		22	23
		_	59	60
9.	Debtors			
			2012	2011
			£000	₹000
	Due after more than one year			
	Other debtors		94	62
	Due within one year			
	Trade debtors		9	195
	Prepayments and accrued income		167	117
		_	270	374
				

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

10. Creditors:

Amounts falling due within one year

	2012	2011
	£000	₹000
Bank loans and overdrafts	226	94
Trade creditors	122	174
Amounts owed to group undertakings	2,126	2,541
Other taxation	48	73
Other creditors	73	96
Accruals and deferred income	57	102
	2,652	3,080
		

The bank overdraft is secured by a fixed and floating charge over certain assets of the company

11. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2012 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows

	Land	Land and buildings	
	2012	2011	
	£000	$\mathcal{L}000$	
Expiry date			
After more than 5 years	80	80	
•			

12. Contingent liabilities

The company has provided an unlimited guarantee in respect of, and has the right to set off, group overdraft and loan facilities. The potential liability at 31 December 2012 amounted to £9,960,000 (2011 - £9,960,000)

There were no other contingent liabilities at 31 December 2012 or 31 December 2011

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2012

13. Share capital

		2012 £000	2011 £000
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid		
	500 Ordinary 'A' shares of £1 each 500 Ordinary 'B' shares of £1 each	1	1
		1	1
14.	Reserves		
		Share premium account £000	Profit and loss account
	At 1 January 2012	29	(702)
	Profit for the year	-	178
	At 31 December 2012	29	(524)
15.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' deficit		
		2012	2011
		£000	\mathfrak{L}_{000}
	Opening shareholders' deficit	(672)	(688)
	Profit for the year	178	16

16. Ultimate parent company

Closing shareholders' deficit

The directors consider that the ultimate parent undertaking of this company is TokLon Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain, by virtue of its 100% shareholding in Gaming International Limited, which in turn holds 100% of the share capital of Poole Stadium Limited

(672)

(494)