FILE COPY



OF A PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY

Company No. 3066501

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales hereby certifies that MORRO LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 1985 as a private company and that the company is limited.

Given at Companies House, Cardiff, the 9th June 1995

MRS. E. P. OWEN

N030665018

For the Registrar of Companies



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Statutory Declaration of compliance with requirements on application for registration of a company

12

Please do not write in this margin

Pursuant to section 12(3) of the Companies Act 1985

Please complete legibly, preferably in black type, or bold block lettering	To the Registrar of Companies		For official use	For official	use	
DOIG PROOF SERVING	Name of company			·		
* Full name of company	* MORRO LIMITED					
	I, SIMON JAMES MORRIS					
	of Sceptre Court, 40 Tower H	iill, London EC:	3N 4BB			
† Delete as	do solemnly and sincerely declare th	nat I am a [Solicitor	engaged in the f	formation of th	ne company]†	
appropriate	do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am a [Solicitor engaged in the formation of the company]† [person named as director or secretary of the company in the statement delivered to the company]†					
	wxxlensectionxd6(ஜ)]± and that all the requirements of the above Act in respect of the registration of the					
	above company and of matters precedent and incidental to it have been complied with.					
	And I make this solemn declaration of	conscientiously belie	eving the same t	o be true and	by virtue of the	
	provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act 1835					
	Declared at 22 Crossing	<u>~</u>	Decla 	arant to sign b	elow	
	ion do ni	11H	_			
	the day one thousand nine hundred and	of Man	- - - \(\sigma\)	mm	Mom	
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	before me Pura Tom for					
	A Commissioner for Oaths or Notary Public or Justice of the Peace or Solicitor having the powers conferred on a Commissioner for Oaths.					
Presentor's (if any):	Presentor's name, address and reference (if any):		n Po	ost Room		
	Markby Hewitt	1				
Sceptre		1				
40 Tower		Ì				
London E		•				
Ref: SM/	/ J#"		ì		ľ	

CompuForms

Approval Number CHA 112

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This form should be completed in black.

Statement of first directors and secretary and intended situation of registered office

	or registered office		
Company name (in full)	MORRO LIMITED	For official use	
Registered office of the company on incorporation.	RO Sceptre Court		
	County/Region		
If the memorandum is delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum mark 'X' in the box opposite and give the agent's name and address.	Name Cameron Markby RA Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill	y Hewitt	
Number of continuation sheets attached	0		
To whom should Companies House direct any enquiries about the information shown in this form?	Cameron Markby Hewitt Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill, London Telephone 071 702 2345	Postcode EC3N 4BB Extension 6153	
Companies Form 10	#	Page 1 of A	

Company	Secretary (See notes 1-5))
Name	*Style/Title	CS
•	Forenames	
	Surname	CMH SECRETARIES LIMITED
	*Honours etc	
	Previous forenames	
	Previous surname	
Address		AD Sceptre Court
given. In the	ntial address must be case of a corporation, stered or principal office	40 Tower Hill Post town London
		County/Region
		Postcode <u>EC3N 4BB</u> Country
	Consent signature	Signed W Date 19.5.43
Directors Please list directors	(See notes 1-5) s in alphabetical order.	
Name	*Style/Title	CD
	Forenames	
	Surname	CMH SECRETARIES LIMITED
	*Honours etc	
	Previous forenames	
	Previous surname	
Address	•	AD Sceptre Court
given. In the	ntial address must be case of a corporation, stered or principal office	Post town London
		County/Region
		Postcode <u>EC3N 4BB</u> Country
	Date of birth	DO x x x x x x x Nationality NA xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	Business occupation	OC xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
	Other directorships	OD
* Voluntary do	etails	for and on behalf of CMH Secretaries Limited consent to act as director of the company named on page 1
-		MADD 3
	Consent signature	Signed VVVVV / Date 19:5.95

Directors (continued) (See notes 1-5)				
Name *Style/Title	CD			
Forenames				
Surname	CMH DIRECTORS LIMITED			
*Honours etc				
Previous forenames				
Previous surname				
Address	AD Sceptre Court			
Usual residential address must be	40 Tower Hill			
given. In the case of a corporation, give the registered or principal office address.	Post town London			
	County/Region			
	Postcode EC3N 4BB Country			
Date of birth	DO x x x x x x x Nationality NA xxxxxxxxxxxx			
Business occupation	OC xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx			
Other directorships	OD			
* Voluntary details	for and on behalf of CMH Directors Limited I consent to act as director of the company named on page 1			
Consent signature	Signed (man Mon-Bate 19-5-95			
Delete if the form is signed by the subscribers.	Signature of agent on behalf of all subscribers Date			
Delete if the form is signed by an	x8igneebcxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx			
agent on behalf of all the subscribers.	**************************************			
All the subscribers must sign either personally or by a person or persons authorised to sign for them.	xg-igag-g-xxxx xxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxx			

	xgigggidaxxxxx xxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxx xxxxxxxxxx xxxx			

of

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIAT

MORRO LIMITED

7066501

- 1. The name of the Company is "Morro Limited".
- The registered office of the Company shall be in England. 2.
- 3. The objects for which the Company is established are:
- To carry on business as importers, exporters, 3.1 (a) wholesalers, retailers, manufacturers, engineers, builders, developers, distributors and suppliers of any products, substances or materials of any nature; to act as financiers, designers, researchers, consultants; to provide services of any nature; and generally to carry on any industrial, commercial, financial or other operations.
 - (b) To carry on the business of an investment and holding company and to invest and deal in shares, stocks, debentures and securities of any kind issued or guaranteed by any body of whatever nature and wheresoever constituted or carrying on business.
- 3.2 To carry on any other business whatsoever which can in the opinion of the directors be advantageously or conveniently carried on by the Company by way of extension of or in connection with any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, or which is calculated directly or indirectly to develop any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, or to increase the value of, or turn to account, any of the Company's assets, property or rights.
- To pay preliminary expenses of the Company, and of any company 3.3 formed or promoted by the Company.
- 3.4 To acquire the whole or any part of the business, property and liabilities of any company or person possessed of property suitable for the purposes of the company, or carrying on or proposing to carry on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, or which can be carried on in conjunction therewith, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company, and to undertake and carry on or to liquidate and wind up any such business.

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

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MORRO LIMITED

CAMERON MARKBY HEWITT
Sceptre Court
40 Tower Hill
London EC3N 4BB

Tel: 071-702 2345 Fax: 071-702 2303

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- 3.5 To establish or promote, or concur in establishing or promoting, any company for the purposes of acquiring the whole or any part of the property, business or undertaking of the Company or for furthering any of the objects of the Company, and to acquire and hold any shares, stock, securities or debentures of, or other investments in, any such company and to issue, place, underwrite or guarantee, or concur in issuing, placing, underwriting or guaranteeing, the subscription for any shares, stock, securities or debentures of, or other investments in, any company whatsoever.
- 3.6 To acquire and hold any shares, stock, securities or debentures of, or other investments in, any company having objects wholly or in part similar to those of the Company or carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit the Company.
- 3.7 To amalgamate with any other company whose objects include carrying on any business which the Company is authorised to carry on, and to re-construct the Company in any manner.
- 3.8 To sell, lease, grant licences, easements and other rights over and in any other manner dispose of the undertaking, property, assets, rights and effects of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the directors may think fit.
- 3.9 To purchase, take on lease, exchange, hire or otherwise acquire for any estate or interest any real or personal property and any rights and privileges for any purpose in connection with any business which the Company is authorised to carry on.
- 3.10 To construct, maintain, alter, enlarge or replace any buildings, works, plant and machinery for any purpose in connection with any business which the Company is authorised to carry on.
- 3.11 To pay for any property rights or easements acquired by the Company either in cash or in exchange for any stock, shares, securities or debentures of, or other investments in, any company as the directors may think fit, and to accept any stock, shares, securities, debentures of, or other investments in, any company as the directors may think fit in payment or part payment of any obligation of any company.
- 3.12 To vest any real or personal property rights or interests acquired by or belonging to the Company in any company or person on behalf of or for the benefit of the Company, and with or without any declared trust in favour of the Company.
- 3.13 To apply for, take out, purchase or otherwise acquire and maintain any designs, trade marks, patent rights, inventions, copyrights or secret processes and any other intangible property and to use, exercise, develop, grant licences in respect of, or otherwise turn to account, any such property rights and information.

- 3.14 To receive money on deposit or loan (with or without allowance of interest) and to borrow, raise or secure the payment of money by mortgage, charge or lien, or by the issue of debentures or debenture stock (perpetual or otherwise) or in any other manner either with or without security, and to charge all or any of the property or assets of the Company (whether present or future including its uncalled capital) to support any obligation of the Company or any other company or person, and collaterally or further to secure any securities of the Company by a trust deed or other assurance.
- 3.15 To advance and lend money with or without security and to guarantee the performance of the contracts or obligations or repayment of capital, principal, dividends, interest or premiums payable on any stock, shares, securities or debentures of, or other investments in, any company or person and in particular (but without limiting the generality of the foregoing) of any company which is for the time being the Company's holding company (as defined by section 736 Companies Act 1985) or another subsidiary (as defined by that section) of the Company's holding company and to give all kinds of indemnities.
- 3.16 To invest and turn to account any moneys in the acquisition or upon the security of any real or personal property of any kind, by placing the same on deposit or in any other manner.
- 3.17 To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, discount, execute and issue promissory notes, bills of exchange, bills of lading, warrants, debentures and other negotiable or transferable instruments.
- 3.18 To surrender or claim group relief and make payments for group relief for the purposes of corporation or any other tax, and to surrender or claim or make payments in respect of any other like or similar relief, and to enter into and carry into effect any agreement for such purposes.
- 3.19 To enter into and carry into effect any agreement or arrangement for the sharing of profits, or for the conduct of any business of the Company in association with or through the agency of any other company or person, any joint adventure, or any other agreement of a like nature with any company or person.
- 3.20 To take all necessary or proper steps in parliament or with national, local, municipal or other authorities in any place in which the Company may have interests, for the purpose of furthering the interests of the Company or of its members; to oppose any steps taken by any other company or person which may be considered likely directly or indirectly to prejudice the interests of the Company or its members; and to procure the registration or incorporation of the Company in or under the laws of any place outside England.

- 3.21 To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, public, general or useful object, or for any purpose which in the opinion of the directors is likely directly or indirectly to further the objects of the Company or the interest of its members.
- To grant pensions or gratuities to, and provide for the welfare 3.22 of, any persons who are or at any time have been employees officers or directors of the Company or the predecessors in any business of the Company or of any company in which the Company is in any way interested, and the families, relations, connections or dependants of any such persons; and to establish or support associations, institutions, clubs, funds and trusts which may be considered likely to benefit any such persons or otherwise advance the interests of the Company or of its members; and to make payments towards insurances; to institute or contribute to pension schemes; and to establish and contribute to any scheme for the purchase by trustees of shares in the Company to be held for the benefit of the Company's employees; and to lend money to the Company's employees to enable them to purchase shares in the Company and to formulate and carry into effect any scheme for sharing the profits of the Company with its employees, including officers and directors.
- 3.23 To undertake and carry on the office and duties of trustee, custodian trustee, executor, administrator, liquidator, receiver, attorney or nominee of or for any company or person, scheme, trust fund, state and municipal government or other such body; to undertake and execute any trust or discretion, and to distribute amongst the beneficiaries, pensioners or other persons entitled thereto any income, capital or annuity in money or specie in furtherance of any trust.
- 3.24 To do all or any of the things and matters contained in this memorandum of association in any part of the world alone or in conjunction with others and as principal, agent, independent contractor, trustee, or otherwise.
- 3.25 To do all such other things as the directors may think incidental or conducive to any of the above objects.

The objects contained in any paragraph of this memorandum of association shall not be restrictively construed but shall be given the widest interpretation, and shall not be limited to or restricted by reference to, or inference from, any other object or by the name of the Company. No paragraph or object is, or shall be deemed to be, subsidiary or ancillary to the objects or powers mentioned in any other paragraph.

- 4. The liability of the members is limited.
- 5. The share capital of the Company is £100 divided into 100 ordinary shares of £1 each.

We wish to be formed into a company pursuant to this memorandum of association and agree to take the number of shares set out below.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

NUMBER OF SHARES TO BE TAKEN BY EACH SUBSCRIBER

SIMON MORRIS for and on behalf of CMH SHAREHOLDERS LIMITED Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill London EC3N 4BB

ONE

SIMON MORRIS for and on behalf of CMH DIRECTORS LIMITED Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill London EC3N 4BB

ONE

Total shares taken

TWO

DATE:

19th may

1995

Witness to the above signatures:

Eva Duralski Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill London EC3N 4BB

Solicitor

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

MORRO LIMITED

CAMERON MARKBY HEWITT
Sceptre Court
40 Tower Hill
London EC3N 4BB

Tel: 071-702 2345 Fax: 071-702 2303

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ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

of

MORRO LIMITED

1. Interpretation

1.1 In these Articles:

the "Act" means the Companies Act 1985 and every statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force

these "Articles" means these articles of association as

amended from time to time

"Clear Days" in relation to the period of a notice

means that period excluding the day when the notice is given or is deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect

the "Directors" means the directors for the time being

of the Company

"executed" includes any mode of execution

"Office" means the registered office of the

Company for the time being

"holder" in relation to shares means the member

whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of these shares

"seal" means the common seal of the Company

"Secretary" means the secretary of the Company or

any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the Company, including a joint, assistant

or deputy secretary

the "United Kingdom" means Great Britain and Northern Ireland

1.2 Unless the context otherwise requires, words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Act (but excluding any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof not in force on the date on which these Articles become binding on the Company.

- 1.3 In these Articles headings are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.
- 1.4 The regulations in Table A as for the time being and from time to time prescribed by regulations made by the Secretary of State under the Act shall not apply to the Company.

2. Share capital

- 2.1 The shares in the capital of the Company from time to time shall be under the control of the Directors who may allot, grant options over, or otherwise deal with or dispose of any relevant securities (as defined by section 80(2) of the Act) of the Company to such persons and generally on such terms and in such manner as they think fit.
- 2.2 The general authority conferred by paragraph 2.1 of this Article shall extend to all relevant securities of the Company which are unissued on incorporation of the Company, and shall expire on the fifth anniversary of the incorporation of the Company unless varied or revoked or renewed by the Company in general meeting before that date.
- 2.3 The Directors shall be entitled under the general authority conferred by this Article to make, at any time before the expiry of such authority, any offer or agreement which will or may require relevant securities to be allotted after the expiry of such authority and the Directors shall be entitled to allot relevant securities in pursuance of such offer or agreement as if the authority conferred by this Article had not expired.
- 2.4 Subject to the provisions of the Act and without prejudice to any rights attached to any existing shares, any share may be issued with such rights or restrictions as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine.
- 2.5 Subject to the provisions of the Act, shares may be issued which are to be redeemed or are to be liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder on such terms and in such manner as may be provided by these Articles.
- 2.6 The provisions of section 89(1) and section 90 sub-sections (1) to (6) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.7 The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred by the Act. Subject to the provisions of the Act, any such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares or partly in one way and partly in the other.
- 2.8 Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust and (except as otherwise provided by these Articles or by law) the Company shall not be bound by or recognise any interest in any share except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the holder.

3. Share certificates

- Every member, upon becoming the holder of any shares, shall be 3.1 entitled without payment to one certificate for all the shares of each class held by him (and, upon transferring a part of his holding of shares of any class, to a certificate for the balance of such holding) or several certificates each for one or more of his shares upon payment for every certificate after the first of such reasonable sum as the Directors may determine. Every certificate shall be sealed with the seal (or executed by the Company in any other manner permitted by the Act) and shall specify the number, class and distinguishing numbers (if any) of the shares to which it relates and the amount or respective amounts paid up thereon. The Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate for shares held jointly by several persons and delivery of a certificate to one joint holder shall be a sufficient delivery to all of them.
- 3.2 If a share certificate is defaced, worn-out, lost or destroyed, it may be renewed on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and payment of the expenses reasonably incurred by the Company in investigating evidence as the Directors may determine but otherwise free of charge, and (in the case of defacement or wearing-out) on delivery up of the old certificate.

4. Lien

- 4.1 The Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (whether or not a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable or otherwise owing by the holder of such share to the Company. The Directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provisions of this Article. The Company's lien on a share shall extend to any amount payable in respect of it.
- 4.2 The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors determine any shares on which the Company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within 14 Clear Days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold.
- 4.3 To give effect to a sale the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

4.4 The net proceeds of the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the Company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

5. Calls on shares and forfeiture

- 5.1 Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether in respect of nominal value or premium) and each member shall (subject to receiving at least 14 Clear Days' notice specifying when and where payment is to be made) pay to the Company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may be required to be paid by instalments. A call may, before receipt by the Company of any sum due thereunder, be revoked in whole or part and payment of a call may be postponed in whole or in part. A person upon whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made upon him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect whereof the call was made. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof.
- 5.2 A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed.
- 5.3 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the person from whom it is due and payable shall pay interest on the amount unpaid from the day it became due and payable until it is paid at the rate fixed by the terms of allotment of the share or in the notice of the call or, if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act) but the Directors may waive payment of the interest wholly or in part.
- 5.4 An amount payable in respect of a share on allotment or at any fixed date, whether in respect of nominal value or premium or as an instalment of a call, shall be deemed to be a call and if it is not paid the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.
- 5.5 Subject to the terms of allotment, the Directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.
- 5.6 If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the Directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than 14 Clear Days' notice requiring payment of the amount unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued and any expense incurred by the Company by reason of such

non-payment. The notice shall name the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

- 5.7 If the notice is not complied with, any share in respect of which it was given may, before the payment required by the notice has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors and the forfeiture shall include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.
- 5.8 Subject to the provisions of the Act and these Articles, a forfeited share shall become the property of the Company and may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of on such terms and in such manner as the Directors determine either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder or to any other person and at any time before sale, re-allotment or other disposition, the forfeiture may be cancelled on such terms as the Directors think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person.
- 5.9 A person any of whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the Company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the Company for all moneys which at the date of forfeiture were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of those shares with interest at the rate at which interest was payable on those moneys before the forfeiture or, if no interest was so payable, at the appropriate rate (as defined in the Act) from the date of forfeiture until payment but the Directors may waive payment wholly or in part or enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or for any consideration received on their disposal.
- 5.10 A statutory declaration by a Director or the Secretary that a share has been forfeited on a specified date shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. The declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or other disposal thereof shall (subject to the execution of an instrument of transfer if necessary) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is disposed of shall not be bound to see to the application of the consideration, if any, nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, reallotment or disposal of the share.

6. Transfer of shares

- 6.1 The instrument of transfer of a share:
 - (a) may be in any usual form or in any other form which the Directors may approve; and
 - (b) shall be executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, unless the share is fully paid, by or on behalf of the transferee; and
 - (c) shall be in respect of only one class of shares; and
 - (d) shall be lodged at the Office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and shall be accompanied by the certificate for the shares to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer.
- 6.2 The transferor of a share shall be deemed to remain the holder of it until the name of the transferee is entered in the register of members in respect of such share.
- 6.3 The Directors may, in their absolute discretion, refuse to register the transfer of any share (whether or not it is fully paid) and without giving any reason for their refusal.
- 6.4 If the Directors refuse to register a transfer of a share, they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.
- 6.5 The registration of transfers of shares or of transfers of any class of shares may be suspended at such times and for such periods (not exceeding 30 days in any year) as the Directors may determine.
- 6.6 No fee shall be charged for the registration of any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share.
- 6.7 The Company shall be entitled to retain any instrument of transfer which is registered, but any instrument of transfer which the Directors refuse to register shall be returned to the person lodging it when notice of the refusal is given.

7. Transmission of shares

7.1 If a member dies the survivor or survivors where he was a joint holder, and his personal representatives where he was a sole holder or the only survivor of joint holders, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest; but nothing herein contained shall release the estate

of a deceased member from any liability in respect of any share which had been jointly held by him.

- 7.2 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member may, upon such evidence being produced as the Directors may properly require, elect either to become the holder of the share or to have some person nominated by him registered as the transferee. If he elects to become the holder he shall give notice to the Company to that effect. If he elects to have another person registered he shall execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person. All these Articles relating to the transfer of shares shall apply to the notice or instrument of transfer as if it were an instrument of transfer executed by the member and the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred.
- 7.3 A person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member shall have the rights to which he would be entitled if he were the holder of the share, except that he shall not, before being registered as the holder of the share, be entitled in respect of it to attend or vote at any meting of the Company or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.

8. Alteration of share capital

- 8.1 Subject to the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution:
 - (a) increase its share capital by the creation of new shares of such amount as the resolution prescribes;
 - (b) consolidate and divide all or any of its share capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares:
 - (c) sub divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount and the resolution may determine that, as between the shares resulting from the sub division, any of them may have any preference or special right or advantage or be subject to any restriction as compared with the others; and
 - (d) cancel shares which, at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person, and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled.
- 8.2 Whenever as a result of a consolidation of shares any members would become entitled to fractions of a share, the Directors may, on behalf of those members, sell the shares representing the fractions for the best price reasonably obtainable to any person (including, subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company) and distribute the net proceeds of sale in due proportion among those members, and the Directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares

to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser(s). No such purchaser shall be bound to see to the application of the purchase money nor shall his title to the shares be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

8.3 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by special resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve, any share premium account or other undistributable reserve in any way.

9. Purchase of own shares

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and, if it is a private company, make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares.

10. General meetings

- 10.1 All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.
- 10.2 The Directors may call general meetings and, on the requisition of members pursuant to the provisions of the Act, shall forthwith proceed with proper expedition to convene an extraordinary general meeting for a date not later than six weeks after receipt of the requisition. If there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient directors to call a general meeting, any director or any member of the Company may call a general meeting.

11. Notice of general meetings

- 11.1 An annual general meeting and an extraordinary general meeting called for the passing of a special resolution or a resolution appointing a person as a director shall be called by at least 21 Clear Days' notice. All other extraordinary general meetings shall be called by at least 14 Clear Days' notice but a general meeting may be called by shorter notice if it is so agreed:
 - (a) in the case of an annual general meeting, by all the members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
 - (b) in the case of any other meeting by a majority in number of the members having a right to attend and vote being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right.

The notice shall specify the time and place of the meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted and, in the case of an annual general meeting, shall specify the meeting as such.

Subject to the provisions of these Articles and to any restrictions imposed on any shares, the notice shall be given to all the members, to all persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member and to the Directors and auditors.

11.2 The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

12. Proceedings at general meetings

- 12.1 No business shall be transacted at any meeting unless a quorum is present. If and for so long as the Company shall have one member, that member or a proxy for such member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation which is the member, shall be a quorum. If and for so long as the Company shall have more than one member, two persons entitled to vote upon the business to be transacted, each being a member or a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a corporation, shall be a quorum.
- 12.2 If, within half an hour from the time appointed for a general meeting, a quorum is not present the meeting (if convened upon the requisition of members) shall be dissolved. In any other case the meeting shall stand adjourned to such other day (not being less than seven nor more than 28 days thereafter) and at such time and place as the Directors may determine. If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.
- 12.3 The chairman, if any, of the board of Directors or in his absence some other Director nominated by the Directors shall preside as chairman of the meeting, but if neither the chairman nor such other Director (if any) be present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman and, if there is only one Director present and willing to act, he shall be chairman.
- 12.4 If no Director is willing to act as chairman, or if no Director is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present and entitled to vote shall choose one of their number to be chairman.
- 12.5 A Director shall, notwithstanding that he is not a member, be entitled to attend and speak at any general meeting and at any

separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company.

- 12.6 The chairman may, with the consent of a meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than business which might properly have been transacted at the meeting had the adjournment not taken place. When a meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, at least 7 Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place of the adjourned meeting and the general nature of the business to be transacted. Otherwise it shall not be necessary to give any such notice.
- 12.7 A resolution put to the vote of a meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless before, or on the declaration of the result of, the show of hands, a poll is duly demanded. Subject to the provisions of the Act, a poll may be demanded:
 - (a) by the chairman; or
 - (b) by at least 2 members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (c) by a member or members representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
 - (d) by a member or members holding shares conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right;

and a demand by a person as proxy for a member shall be the same as a demand by the member.

- 12.8 Unless a poll is duly demanded a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has been carried or carried unanimously, or by a particular majority, or lost, or not carried by a particular majority and an entry to that effect in the minutes of the meeting shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against the resolution.
- 12.9 The demand for a poll may, before the poll is taken, be withdrawn but only with the consent of the chairman and a demand so withdrawn shall not be taken to have invalidated the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made.
- 12.10 A poll shall be taken as the chairman directs and he may appoint scrutineers (who need not be members) and fix a time and place for declaring the result of the poll. The result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

- 12.11 In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman shall be entitled to a casting vote in addition to any other vote he may have.
- 12.12 A poll demanded on the election of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either forthwith or at such time and place as the chairman directs not being more than 30 days after the poll is demanded. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of a meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll was demanded. If a poll is demanded before the declaration of the result of a show of hands and the demand is duly withdrawn, the meeting shall continue as if the demand had not been made.
- 12.13 No notice need be given of a poll not taken forthwith if the time and place at which it is to be taken are announced at the meeting at which it is demanded. In any other case at least 7 Clear Days' notice shall be given specifying the time and place at which the poll is to be taken.
- 12.14 A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, fax or telex by or on behalf of all the members or all the holders of a class of shares (as the case may be) who would have been entitled to vote on it if it had been proposed at a general meeting or a separate class meeting (as the case may be) shall be as valid and effective as if it had been passed at a general meeting of the Company or a separate meeting of such class (as the case may be) duly convened and held and may consist of several instruments in the like form each executed by or on behalf of one or more members.
- 12.15 Any director or the secretary of a corporation which is a member shall be deemed to be a duly authorised representative of that member:
 - (a) for the purpose of agreeing to short notice of, or attending and voting at, any general meeting of the Company; and
 - (b) without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing, for the purpose of Articles 12.1 and 13.1.

13. Votes of members

- 13.1 Subject to any rights or restrictions attached to any shares,
 - (a) on a show of hands every member who (being an individual) is present in person or (being a corporation) is present by a duly authorised representative, (not being himself a member entitled to vote), and every person (not being entitled to vote in any other capacity) present as a proxy for a member or members shall have one vote; and

- (b) on a poll every member (or his proxy) shall have one vote for every share of which he (or the member by whom he was appointed) is the holder.
- 13.2 In the case of joint holders the vote of the senior who tenders a vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders; and seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names of the holders stand in the register of members.
- 13.3 A member in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his receiver, curator bonis or other person authorised in that behalf appointed by that court, and any such receiver, curator bonis or other person may, on a poll, vote by proxy. Evidence to the satisfaction of the Directors of the authority of the person claiming to exercise the right to vote shall be deposited at the Office, or at such other place as is specified in accordance with these Articles for the deposit of instruments of proxy, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in default the right to vote shall not be exercisable.
- 13.4 No member shall vote at any general meeting or at any separate meeting of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, either in person or by proxy, in respect of any share held by him unless all moneys presently due and owing by him to the Company in respect of that share have been paid.
- 13.5 No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting shall be valid. Any objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.
- 13.6 On a show of hands or a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy. A member may appoint more than one proxy to attend on the same occasion and a member entitled to more than one vote on a poll need not use all his votes or cast all his votes used in the same way. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll but shall not confer any further right to speak at the meeting except with the permission of the chairman of the meeting.
- 13.7 An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing, executed by or on behalf of the appointor (and in the case of a corporation the instrument shall be under the common seal or signed by a duly authorised officer) and shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances

allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve):

> Limited. I/We. οf

, being a

member/members of the above-named company, hereby appoint ٥f

, or of

failing him,

as

my/our proxy to vote in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of 19, and at any the Company to be held on adjournment thereof.

Signed on

19 ."

Where it is desired to afford members an opportunity of 13.8 instructing the proxy how he shall act, the instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form (or in a form as near thereto as circumstances allow or in any other form which is usual or which the Directors may approve):

> Limited I/We. , of

> > , being a member/members

of the above-named company, hereby appoint

of

, or

failing him,

of

, as my/our proxy to vote

in my/our name[s] and on my/our behalf at the annual/extraordinary general meeting of the Company to be held on 19 , and at any adjournment thereof.

This form is to be used in respect of the resolutions mentioned below as follows:

> Resolution No. 1 *for *against Resolution No. 2 *for *against

*Strike out whichever is not desired.

Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy may vote as he thinks fit or abstain from voting.

Signed this

day of

19 ."

The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which 13.9 it is executed or a copy of such authority certified notarially or in some other way approved by the Directors may:

- (a) be deposited at the Office or at such other place within the United Kingdom as is specified in the notice convening the meeting or in any instrument of proxy sent out by the Company in relation to the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote; or
- (b) in the case of a poll taken more than 48 hours after it is demanded, be deposited as aforesaid after the poll has been demanded and not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll; or
- (c) where the poll is not taken forthwith but is taken not more than 48 hours after it was demanded, be delivered at the meeting at which the poll was demanded to the chairman or to the Secretary or to any Director;

and an instrument of proxy which is not deposited or delivered in a manner so permitted shall be invalid.

- 13.10 A vote given or poll demanded by proxy or by the duly authorised representative of a corporation shall be valid notwithstanding the previous determination of the authority of the person voting or demanding a poll unless notice of the determination was received by the Company at the Office or at such other place at which the instrument of proxy was duly deposited before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote is given or the poll demanded or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) the time appointed for taking the The instrument shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid for any adjournment of the meeting as well as for the meeting to which it relates. Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including adjournments thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require again to be delivered for the purpose of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.
- 13.11 If at any general meeting any votes shall be counted which ought not to have been counted or might have been rejected, or if any votes shall not be counted which ought to have been counted, the error shall not affect the result of the relevant resolution unless it be pointed out at the same meeting and not in that case unless it shall, in the opinion of the chairman of the meeting, be of sufficient magnitude to affect the result of the relevant resolution.

14. Number of directors

Unless otherwise determined by the Company in general meeting the number of Directors (other than alternate directors) shall not be subject to any maximum but shall not be less than two.

15. Alternate directors

- 15.1 Any Director (other than an alternate director) may appoint any other Director, or any other person approved by resolution of the Directors and willing to act, to be an alternate director and may remove from office an alternate director so appointed by him.
- 15.2 An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of Directors and of all meetings of committees of Directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and vote at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present, and generally to perform all the functions of his appointor as a director in his absence but shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for his services as an alternate director. It shall not be necessary to give notice of such a meeting to an alternate director who is absent from the United Kingdom.
- 15.3 An alternate director shall cease to be an alternate director if his appointor ceases to be a Director; but, if a Director retires by rotation or otherwise but is reappointed or deemed to have been reappointed at the meeting at which he retires, any appointment of an alternate director made by him which was in force immediately prior to his retirement shall continue after his reappointment.
- 15.4 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director shall be by notice to the Company signed by the Director making or revoking the appointment or in any other manner approved by the Directors.
- 15.5 Save as otherwise provided in these Articles, an alternate director shall be deemed for all purposes to be a Director and shall alone be responsible for his own acts and defaults and he shall not be deemed to be the agent of the Director appointing him.

16. Powers of directors

16.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company's memorandum of association and these Articles and to any directions given by special resolution, the business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors who may exercise all the powers of the Company. No alteration of the memorandum or these Articles and no such direction shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if that alteration had not been made or that direction had not been given. The powers given by this Article shall not be limited by any special power given to the Directors by these Articles and a meeting of Directors at which a quorum is present may exercise all powers exercisable by the Directors.

16.2 The Directors may, by power of attorney or otherwise, appoint any person to be the agent of the Company for such purposes and on such conditions as they determine, including authority for the agent to delegate all or any of his powers.

17. Delegation of directors' powers

The Directors may delegate any of their powers to any committee consisting of one or more Directors. They may also delegate to any managing director or any Director holding any other executive office such of their powers as they consider desirable to be exercised by him. Any such delegation may be made subject to any conditions the Directors may impose, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers and may at any time be revoked withdrawn, varied or altered. Subject to any such conditions, the proceedings of a committee with 2 or more members shall be governed by these Articles regulating the proceedings of Directors so far as they are capable of applying.

18. Appointment and retirement of directors

- 18.1 The Company may by ordinary resolution appoint a person who is willing to act to be a Director either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director.
- 18.2 The Directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person who is willing to act to be a Director, either to fill a vacancy or as an additional Director, provided that the appointment does not cause the number of Directors to exceed any number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles as the maximum number of Directors.
- 18.3 Notwithstanding section 293 of the Act, a person who has attained the age of 70 shall be capable of being appointed or elected a Director and a Director shall not be required to vacate his office at the conclusion of the annual general meeting commencing next after he attains that age.

19. Disqualification and removal of directors

The office of a Director shall be vacated if the Director:

- (a) ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Act or becomes prohibited by law from being a director of a company; or
- (b) becomes bankrupt or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or

- (c) becomes in the opinion of the other Directors incapable by reason of mental disorder (within the meaning of the Mental Health Act 1983) of discharging his duties as a Director; or
- (d) resigns his office by notice in writing to the Company; or
- (e) absents himself from meetings of the Directors during a continuous period of six months without leave of absence from the Directors and the Directors resolve that his office be vacated.

20. Remuneration of directors

The Directors shall be entitled to such remuneration as the Company may by ordinary resolution determine and, unless the resolution provides otherwise, the remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day.

21. Directors' expenses

The Directors (including alternate directors) may be paid all travelling, hotel, and other expenses properly and reasonably incurred by them in connection with their attendance at meetings of Directors or committees of Directors or general meetings or separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company or otherwise in connection with the discharge of their duties.

22. Directors' appointments and interests

- 22.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may appoint one or more of their number to the office of managing director or to any other executive office with the Company and may enter into an agreement or arrangement with any Director for his employment by the Company or for the provision by him of any services outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director. Any such appointment, agreement or arrangement may be made upon such terms as the Directors determine and they may remunerate any such Director for his services as they think fit. Any appointment of a Director to an executive office shall terminate if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim to damages for breach of the contract of service between the Director and the Company.
- 22.2 Subject to the provisions of the Act, and provided that he has disclosed to the Directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a Director notwithstanding his office:
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any transaction or arrangement with the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested;

- (b) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to any transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate promoted by the Company or in which the Company is otherwise interested; and
- (c) shall not, by reason of his office, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he derives from any such office or employment or from any such transaction or arrangement or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the ground of any such interest or benefit; and
- (d) may vote as a Director in regard to any matter, contract or arrangement in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty which is material, and shall be included in determining the quorum for any meeting at which such matter, contract or arrangement is considered.

22.3 For the purposes of Article 22.2:

- (a) a general notice given to the Directors that a Director is to be regarded as having an interest of the nature and extent specified in the notice in any transaction or arrangement in which a specified person or class of persons is interested shall be deemed to be a disclosure that the director has an interest in any such transaction of the nature and extent so specified; and
- (b) an interest of which a Director has no knowledge and of which it is unreasonable to expect him to have knowledge shall not be treated as an interest of his.

23. Directors' gratuities and pensions

The Directors may provide benefits, whether by the payment of gratuities or pensions or by insurance or otherwise, for any Director who has held but no longer holds any executive office or employment with the Company or with any body corporate which is or has been a subsidiary of the Company or a predecessor in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary, and for any member of his family (including a spouse and a former spouse) or any person who is or was dependent on him, and may (as well before as after he ceases to hold such office or employment) contribute to any fund and pay premiums for the purchase or provision of any such benefit.

24. Proceedings of directors

- Subject to the provisions of these Articles, the Directors may regulate their proceedings as they think fit. A Director may, and the Secretary at the request of a Director shall, call a meeting of the Directors. It shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting to a Director who is absent from the United Kingdom. Questions arising at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In the case of an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director who is also an alternate director shall be entitled in the absence of his appointor to a separate vote on behalf of his appointor in addition to his own vote.
- 24.2 The quorum for meetings of the Directors shall be fixed by the Directors and unless so fixed shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointor is not present, be counted in the quorum.

For the avoidance of doubt, neither:

- (a) one alternate representing two or more Directors; nor
- (b) a Director who is also an alternate director for one or more other Directors.

shall by himself constitute a quorum.

- 24.3 The continuing Directors or a sole continuing Director may act notwithstanding any vacancies in their number, but, if the number of Directors is less than the number fixed as the quorum, the continuing Directors or Director may act only for the purpose of filling vacancies or of calling a general meeting.
- 24.4 The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the chairman of the board of Directors and may at any time remove him from that office. Unless he is unwilling to do so, the Director so appointed shall preside at every meeting of Directors at which he is present. But if there is no Director holding that office, or if the Director holding it is unwilling to preside or is not present within 5 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the Directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.
- 24.5 All acts done by a meeting of Directors, or of a committee of Directors, or by a person acting as a Director shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was a defect in the appointment of any Director or that any of them were disqualified from holding office, or had vacated office, or were not entitled to vote, be as valid (as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company) as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a director and had been entitled to vote.

- A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, telex or facsimile transmission by all the Directors entitled to receive notice of a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of Directors or (as the case may be) a committee of Directors duly convened and held and, when signed or approved as aforesaid, may consist of several documents in the like form each signed by one or more Directors; but a resolution signed by an alternate director need not also be signed by his appointor and, if it is signed by a Director who has appointed an alternate director, it need not be signed by the alternate director in that capacity.
- 24.7 The Board, or a committee of the Board, may hold meetings by telephone either by conference telephone connection(s) or by a series of telephone conversations or by exchange or facsimile transmissions addressed to the chairman. The views of the Board, or a committee of the Board, as ascertained by such telephone conversations or facsimile transmissions and communicated to the chairman shall be treated as votes in favour of or against a particular resolution (as appropriate). A resolution passed at any meeting held in this manner and signed by the chairman shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting of the Board (or, as the case may be, of that committee) duly convened and held. Such a meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled, or, if there is no such group, where the chairman of the meeting is then present.
- 24.8 In determining whether the quorum requirements fixed by or in accordance with these Articles are fulfilled as regards the transaction of business at any meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors, the following shall be counted in the quorum:
 - (a) in the case of a resolution approved by a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors held by telephone communication, all Directors participating in such meeting;
 - (b) in the case of a meeting of the Directors or of a committee of the Directors, the Directors actually present at such meeting and any other Director in telephone communication with such meeting; and
 - (c) in the case of a meeting held by means of facsimile transmissions, all Directors participating in such meeting by that means.

References in this Article to a Director shall include references to an alternate director who at the relevant time is entitled to receive notice of and to attend a meeting of the Directors or, as the case may be, the relevant committee of the Directors.

- 24.9 A Director shall not be counted in the quorum present at a meeting in relation to a resolution on which he is not entitled to vote.
- 24.10 The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax to any extent, either generally or in respect of any particular matter, any provision of these Articles prohibiting a Director from voting at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors.
- 24.11 Where proposals are under consideration concerning the appointment of two or more Directors to offices or employments with the Company or any body corporate in which the Company is interested the proposals may be divided and considered in relation to each Director separately and (provided he is not for another reason precluded from voting) each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote and be counted in the quorum in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment.
- 24.12 If a question arises at a meeting of Directors or of a committee of Directors as to the right of a Director to vote, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to any Director other than himself shall be final and conclusive.

25. Secretary

Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors for such term, at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by them but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between the Secretary and the Company. If thought fit, two or more persons may be appointed as joint Secretaries. The Directors may also appoint from time to time on such terms as they think fit one or more assistant or deputy Secretaries.

26. Minutes

The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:

- (a) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;and
- (b) of all proceedings at meetings of the Company, of the holders of any class of shares in the Company, and of the Directors, and of any committee of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting.

27. The common seal

The common seal shall only be used by the authority of the Directors or of a committee of Directors authorised by the Directors. The Directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which the common seal is affixed and unless otherwise so determined it shall be signed by a Director and by the Secretary or by a second Director.

28. Dividends

- 28.1 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends in accordance with the respective rights of the members, but no dividend shall exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 28.2 Subject to the provisions of the Act, the Directors may pay interim dividends if it appears to them that they are justified by the profits of the Company available for distribution. If the share capital is divided into different classes, the Directors may pay interim dividends on shares which confer deferred or non-preferred rights with regard to dividend as well as on shares which confer preferential rights with regard to dividend, but no interim dividend shall be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear. The Directors may also pay at intervals settled by them any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment. Provided the Directors act in good faith they shall not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on any shares having deferred or non-preferred rights.
- 28.3 Except as otherwise provided by the rights attached to shares, all dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid; but, if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, that share shall rank for dividend accordingly.
- A general meeting declaring a dividend may, upon the recommendation of the Directors, direct that it shall be satisfied wholly or partly by the distribution of assets and, where any difficulty arises in regard to the distribution, the Directors may settle the same and in particular may issue fractional certificates and fix the value for distribution of any assets and may determine that cash shall be paid to any member upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of members and may vest any assets in trustees.

- 28.5 Any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share may be paid by cheque sent by post to the registered address of the person entitled or, if two or more persons are the holders of the share or are jointly entitled to it by reason of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, to the registered address of that one of those persons who is first named in the register of members or to such person and to such address as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct. Every cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person or persons entitled or to such other person as the person or persons entitled may in writing direct and payment of the cheque shall be a good discharge to the Company. Any joint holder or other person jointly entitled to a share as aforesaid may give receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable in respect of the share. Every such cheque shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby.
- 28.6 No dividend or other moneys payable in respect of a share shall bear interest against the Company unless otherwise provided by the rights attached to the share.
- 28.7 The payment by the Directors of any unclaimed dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of a share into a separate account shall not constitute the Company as trustee in respect of such moneys. Any dividend which has remained unclaimed for twelve years from the date when it became due for payment shall, if the directors so resolve, be forfeited and cease to remain owing by the Company.
- 28.8 The Directors may retain any dividend or other monies payable on or in respect of a share on which the Company has a lien and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts or other liabilities in respect of which the lien exists.

29. Accounts

No member shall (as such) have any right of inspecting any accounting records or other book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the Directors or by ordinary resolution of the Company, or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction.

30. Capitalisation of profits

The Directors may with the authority of an ordinary resolution of the Company:

(a) subject as hereinafter provided, resolve to capitalise any undivided profits of the Company not required for paying any preferential dividend (whether or not they are available for distribution) or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve;

- (b) appropriate the sum resolved to be capitalised to the members who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend and in the same proportions and apply such sum on their behalf either in or towards paying up the amounts, if any, for the time being unpaid on any shares held by them respectively, or in paying up in full unissued shares or debentures of the Company of a nominal amount equal to that sum, and allot the shares or debentures credited as fully paid to those members, or as they may direct, in those proportions, or partly in one way and partly in the other; but the share premium account, the capital redemption reserve, and any profits which are not available for distribution may, for the purposes of this Article, only be applied in paying up unissued shares to be allotted to members credited as fully paid;
- (c) make such provision by the issue of fractional certificates or by payment in cash or otherwise as they determine in the case of shares or debentures becoming distributable under this regulation in fractions; and
- (d) authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the members concerned into an agreement with the Company providing for the allotment to them respectively, credited as fully paid, of any shares or debentures to which they are entitled upon such capitalisation, any agreement made under such authority being binding on all such members.

31. Notices

- 31.1 Any notice to be given to or by any person pursuant to these Articles shall be in writing except that a notice calling a meeting of the Directors need not be in writing.
- 31.2 The Company may give any notice to a member either personally or by sending it by post in a prepaid envelope addressed to the member at his registered address or by leaving it at that address. In the case of joint holders of a share, all notices shall be given to the joint holder whose name stands first in the register of members in respect of the joint holding and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders. A member whose registered address is not within the United Kingdom and who gives to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be given to him shall be entitled to have notices given to him at that address, but otherwise no such member shall be entitled to receive any notice from the Company.
- 31.3 A member present, either in person or by proxy, at any meeting of the Company or of the holders of any class of shares in the Company shall be deemed to have received notice of the meeting and, where requisite, of the purposes for which it was called.

- 31.4 Every person who becomes entitled to a share shall be bound by any notice in respect of that share which, before his name is entered in the register of members, has been duly given to a person from whom he derives his title.
- 31.5 Proof that an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given. A notice shall be deemed to be given at the expiration of 48 hours after the envelope containing it was posted.
- A notice may be given by the Company to the persons entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member by sending or delivering it, in any manner authorised by these Articles for the giving of notice to a member, addressed to them by name, or by the title of representatives of the deceased, or trustee of the bankrupt or by any like description at the address, if any, within the United Kingdom supplied for that purpose by the persons claiming to be so entitled. Until such an address has been supplied, a notice may be given in any manner in which it might have been given if the death or bankruptcy had not occurred.

32. Winding up

If the Company is wound up, the liquidator may, with the sanction of an extraordinary resolution of the Company and any other sanction required by the Act, divide among the members in specie the whole or any part of the assets of the Company and may, for that purpose, value any assets and determine how the division shall be carried out as between the members or different classes of members. The liquidator may, with the like sanction, vest the whole or any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of the members as he with the like sanction determines, but no member shall be compelled to accept any assets upon which there is a liability.

33. <u>Indemnity</u>

Subject to the provisions of the Act but without affecting any indemnity to which a director may otherwise be entitled:

- (a) no director or other officer of the Company shall be liable for any loss, damage or misfortune which may happen to or be incurred by the Company in consequence of the execution of the duties of his office or in relation thereto; and
- (b) every director or other officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any losses or liabilities incurred by him:
 - (i) in defending any civil or criminal proceedings in which he is acquitted or judgment is given in his favour; and

- (ii) in connection with any application in which relief is granted to him by the Court from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the affairs of the Company; and
- (iii) in or about the execution of the duties of his office or otherwise in relation thereto.

34. Signature by or on behalf of members and service of notices

34.1 In the case of:

- (a) a member which is a corporation the signature of:
 - (i) any director or the secretary of that corporation; or
 - (ii) any other person authorised in that behalf either generally or in a particular case by notice in writing to the Company in accordance with sub-paragraph (i) above; and,
- (b) a share registered in the name of joint holders, the signature of any one of such joint holders,

shall be deemed to be and shall be accepted as the signature of the member or members concerned for all purposes including the signature of any form of proxy, resolution in writing, notice or other document signed or approved pursuant to any provision of these Articles.

- 34.2 Any notice to the Company pursuant to article 34.1 shall be delivered to or sent by facsimile transmission addressed to the Company at its registered office and marked for the attention of the chairman or the secretary, or handed to the chairman of a general meeting or a meeting of the directors, and shall take effect on and from:
 - (a) the time at which it is received at such office or is handed to the chairman of the relevant meeting, as the case may be; or
 - (b) if a later time is specified in the notice for that purpose, that later time.

NAMES ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS OF SUBSCRIBERS

SIMON MORRIS for an on behalf of CMH SHAREHOLDERS LIMITED Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill London EC3N 4BB

Smon Mon

SIMON MORRIS for and on behalf of CMH DIRECTORS LIMITED Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill London EC3N 4BB Juna Mono

DATE:

19th may

1995

Witness to the above signatures:

Eva Duralski Sceptre Court 40 Tower Hill London EC3N 4BB

Solicitor