# UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 29 JUNE 2019

FOR

LONDON INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES LIMITED

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# LONDON INDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES LIMITED

# **COMPANY INFORMATION** for the year ended 29 June 2019

**DIRECTORS:** A J R Wilkins

R A Ferrari

**REGISTERED OFFICE: Griffins Court** 

24-32 London Road

Newbury Berkshire RG14 IJX

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 03053025 (England and Wales)

**ACCOUNTANTS:** Wilkins Kennedy

Accountants **Griffins Court** 24-32 London Road **NEWBURY** 

Berkshire RG14 IJX

## BALANCE SHEET 29 June 2019

	Notes	2019	2018
FIXED ASSETS	Notes	£	£
Intangible assets	4		
	5	154746	196 200
Tangible assets	3	<u>154,746</u>	186,399
		<u> 154,746</u>	186,399
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	939,496	644,227
Cash at bank and in hand		123,019	394,328
Cucii at cann and m nana		1,062,515	1,038,555
CREDITORS		1,002,010	1,030,333
Amounts falling due within one year	7	(395,300)	(373,026)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	I .	667,215	665,529
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT		007,215	003,329
		031.071	951.039
LIABILITIES		821,961	851,928
CREDITORS Amounts folling due often more than one			
Amounts falling due after more than one	8	(2( 450)	((0.720)
year	8	(36,459)	(68,739)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		(28,629)	(37,571)
NET ASSETS		756,873	745,618
NET AGGETS		130,013	745,010
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		756,773	745,518
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		756,873	745,618
MINIMICEDIA I CIND		100,010	, 15,010

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 29 June 2019.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 29 June 2019 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
  - preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of
- (b) each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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# BALANCE SHEET - continued 29 June 2019

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 25 March 2020 and were signed on its behalf by:

A J R Wilkins - Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 29 June 2019

#### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

London Industrial Supplies Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest  $\pounds$ .

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

#### Significant judgements and estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported for assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date and the amounts reported for revenues and expenses during the period. However, the nature of estimation means that actual outcomes could differ from those estimates. The following judgements (apart from those involving estimates) have had the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

#### Revenue recognition

The key judgements made by management in respect of revenue is the point at which that revenue should be recognised. Management consider the underlying contract terms and conclude upon the most appropriate point of the cycle at which to recognise revenue based upon the these terms and in particular where the risks and rewards of ownership transfer.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. Residual value assessment consider issues such as the remaining life of the asset and the projected disposal value.

#### Intangible Fixed Assets

Intangibles are capitalised in accordance with accounting standards and the Company's accounting policy. Management estimate the useful life of intangible assets based on factors such as the expected use in the business.

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable net of VAT and trade discounts. Turnover relates to the sales within the UK market. The policies adopted for the recognition of turnover are as follows:

#### Sales of goods

Turnover is recognised when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer, the amount of turnover can be measured reliable, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliable. This is usually on dispatch of the goods.

### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 29 June 2019

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

Plant and machinery etc

- 25% on reducing balance and 15% on reducing balance

#### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

#### Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

#### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

#### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

#### **Operating lease commitments**

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 29 June 2019

#### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

## Debtors and creditors receivable/payable within one year

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and receivable or payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account in other administrative expenses.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation at the report date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be reliably estimated.

Provisions are recognised at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date.

#### **Impairments**

Assets not measured at fair value are reviewed for any indication that the asset may be impaired at each balance sheet date. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, or asset's cash generating unit, is estimated and compared to its carrying amount. Where the carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount, an impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss, unless it's carried at a revalued amount, where the impairment loss is a revaluation decrease.

#### **Short-term employees benefits**

Short-term employees' benefits are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 17 (2018 - 16).

## 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Goodwill £
COST	
At 30 June 2018	
and 29 June 2019	6,000
AMORTISATION	
At 30 June 2018	
and 29 June 2019	6,000
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 29 June 2019	<u>-</u> _
At 29 June 2018	<u> </u>

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 29 June 2019

#### 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

6.

		Fixtures			
	Plant and machinery £	and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
COST					
At 30 June 2018	150,502	1,801	139,960	60,952	353,215
Additions	-	-	7,375	2,942	10,317
At 29 June 2019	150,502	1,801	147,335	63,894	363,532
DEPRECIATION					
At 30 June 2018	89,614	1,751	22,745	52,706	166,816
Charge for year	9,133	12	31,147	1,678	41,970
At 29 June 2019	98,747	1,763	53,892	54,384	208,786
NET BOOK VALUE					
At 29 June 2019	<u> 51,755</u>	38	93,443	<u>9,510</u>	<u>154,746</u>
At 29 June 2018	60,888	50	117,215	8,246	186,399
Fixed assets, included in the abo	ove, which are held und	er hire purchase of	contracts are as fol	llows:	

Fixed assets, included in the above, which are held under hire purchase contracts are as follows:

		Motor vehicles
		£
COST		
At 30 June 2018		
and 29 June 2019		<u>139,960</u>
DEPRECIATION		
At 30 June 2018		22,745
Charge for year		29,303
At 29 June 2019		52,048
NET BOOK VALUE		
At 29 June 2019		87,912
At 29 June 2018		117,215
DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	2019	2018
	£	£
Trade debtors	902,028	642,527
Other debtors	37,468	1,700
	939,496	644,227

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 29 June 2019

# 7. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2019	2018
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	39,075	62,991
Trade creditors	134,650	116,994
Taxation and social security	158,980	163,156
Other creditors	62,595	29,885
	395,300	373,026

# 8. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2019	2018
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	<u>36,459</u>	68,739

# 9. **SECURED DEBTS**

The following secured debts are included within creditors:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Hire purchase contracts	<u>75,534</u>	<u>131,730</u>

The hire purchases are secured over the company assets in which they relate to.

## 10. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the year ended 29 June 2019 and the period ended 29 June 2018:

	2019	2018
	£	£
R A Ferrari		
Balance outstanding at start of year	-	-
Amounts advanced	14,300	-
Amounts repaid	-	=
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>14,300</u>	

The amount above was repaid within nine months of the year end.

# 11. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

At the period end the company owed key management personnel £450 (2018 - £450).

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.