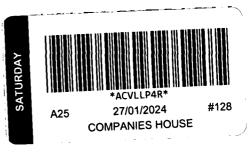
Registered number: 03045639

SLIMMING WORLD FIELD AREA C LIMITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors Mrs L Salmon

Ms E C Wells Ms L J Dobbs Ms R A Robinson

Company secretary

Mr D J Birkby

Registered number

03045639

Registered office

Clover Nook Industrial Estate
Cotes Park Industrial Estate

Somercotes Alfreton Derbyshire DE55 4RF

Independent auditor

Grant Thornton UK LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor

1 Holly Street Sheffield South Yorkshire

S1 2GT

Bankers

__Barclays Bank plc

Chesterfield Business Centre

P O Box 14 37 Rose Hill Chesterfield Derbyshire S40 1LS

Solicitors

Hopkins Solicitors 27 Regent Street Nottingham Nottinghamshire NG1 5BS

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SLIMMING WORLD FIELD AREA C LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER:03045639

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 6 MAY 2023

Note		2023 £		2022 £
E		42 667		127 240
5		13,007		137,340
6	34 322		45 692	
	•		•	
8	1,057,119		764,285	
	1,360,371		1,092,918	
9	(291,256)		(292,716)	
		1,069,115		800, 202
		1,082,782	_	937,542
		1,082,782	<u>-</u>	937,542
	•		_	_
		10,000		10,000
		1,072,782		927,542
		1,082,782	_	937,542
	5 6 7 8	5 6 34,322 7 268,930 8 1,057,119	Note £ 5	Note £ 13,667 13,667 6 34,322

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

lisa Salmon

Mrs L Salmon

Director

Date: 25/1/2024

The notes on pages 2 to 10 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

1. General information

Slimming World Field Area C Limited is a private Company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Registered number 03045639. Its registered head office is located at Clover Nook Industrial Estate, Cotes Park Industrial Estate, Somercotes, Alfreton, Derbyshire, DE55 4RF.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Company's accounting policies (see note 3).

The Company's financial statements are presented in Sterling and all values are rounded to the nearest pound (\mathfrak{L}) except when otherwise stated.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The directors have reviewed cash forecasts covering the period up to January 2025, which have been prepared based on a number of possible scenarios and indicate that there are no material uncertainties that may cast doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the directors' forecasts for future trading for at least 12 months from the date these financial statements are signed and post period end results demonstrate ongoing profitability. In addition, the directors foresee no problems in paying for the Company's current liabilities as they fall due.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the Company in respect of goods and services supplied during the period, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Turnover comprises members fees and food sales and is recognised upon class completion for members fees and delivery for food sales.

2.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Tangible fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, on a straight line and reducing balance basis.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles

- 33% reducing balance

Computer equipment

- 33% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

2.6 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.8 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade debtors and creditors, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or in case of an out-right short-term loan that is not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially at the present value of future cash flows discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost, unless it qualifies as a loan from a director in the case of a small company, or a public benefit entity concessionary loan.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Financial instruments (continued)

Investments in non-derivative instruments that are equity to the issuer are measured:

- at fair value with changes recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings if the shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably;
- at cost less impairment for all other investments.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. If a financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

For financial assets measured at cost less impairment, the impairment loss is measured as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and best estimate of the recoverable amount, which is an approximation of the amount that the Company would receive for the asset if it were to be sold at the reporting date.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

2.9 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.10 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

2.11 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.12 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the Statement of Financial Position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of Financial Position.

2.13 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Statement of Financial Position date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

3. Judgements in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The directors made the following judgements and estimates in preparing the financial statements.

3.1 Useful economic lives of tangible assets

The annual depreciation charge for tangible assets is sensitive to changes in the estimated useful economic lives and residual values of the assets. The useful economic lives and residual values are reassessed annually. They are amended when necessary to reflect current estimates, based on technological advancement, future investments, economic utilisation and physical condition of the asset.

3.2 Impairment of debtors

The Company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of trade and other debtors. When assessing the impairment of trade and other debtors, management considers factors including the current credit rating of the debtor, the ageing of the debtors and historical experience.

3.3 Impairment of stocks

The Company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of stocks. When calculating the stock provision, management considers the nature and condition of the inventory as well as applying assumptions around anticipated saleability and age of product lines. See the stocks note for the net carrying amount of stocks.

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 5 (2022: 4).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

5. Tangible fixed assets

		Motor vehicles £	Computer equipment £	Total £
	Cost			
	At 1 May 2022	85,033	873,127	958,160
	Disposals	-	(76,320)	(76,320)
	Transfers between classes	20,924	-	20,924
	At 6 May 2023	105,957	796,807	902,764
	Depreciation			
	At 1 May 2022	72,953	747,867	820,820
	Charge for the year	2,692	125,259	127,951
	Eliminated on disposals	-	(76,320)	(76,320)
	Transfers between classes	16,646	-	16,646
	At 6 May 2023	92,291	796,806	889,097
	Net book value			
	At 6 May 2023	13,666	1	13,667
	At 30 April 2022	12,080	125,260	137,340
6.	Stocks			
			2023 £	2022 £
	Finished goods		34,322	45,692

The carrying value of stocks are stated net of impairment losses totalling £Nil (2022: £Nil). Impairment losses totalling £Nil (2022: £Nil) were recognised in profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

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2023 £	2022 £
105,928	117,937
365	1
20	20
383	-
162,234	164,983
268,930	282,941
	£ 105,928 365 20 383 162,234

Trade debtors are stated after provisions for impairment of £Nil (2022: £Nil).

Amounts owed by related undertakings are interest free and repayable on demand.

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2023	2022
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	1,057,119	764,285

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2023 £	2022 £
Amounts owed to related undertakings	54,496	62,332
Corporation tax	35,787	8,181
Other taxation and social security	-	11,342
Other creditors	198,236	210,861
Accruals and deferred income	2,737	-
	291,256	292,716

Amounts owed to related undertakings are interest free and payable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

10. Contingent liabilities

A cross guarantee exists between Miles-Bramwell Executive Services Limited, Miles-Bramwell Administrative Services Limited, Slimming World Field Area A Limited, Slimming World Field Area B Limited, Slimming World Field Area C Limited and Slimming World Field Area D Limited.

An unlimited cross guarantee exists between Miles-Bramwell Executive Services Limited, Body Optimise Limited, Miles Bramwell Support Services Limited, Miles-Bramwell Administrative Services Limited, Slimming World Field Area A Limited, Slimming World Field Area B Limited, Slimming World Field Area C Limited and Slimming World Field Area D Limited.

11. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £13,331 (2022: £11,914). Contributions totaling £Nil (2022: £Nil) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

12. Related party transactions

Motor vehicles with a cost of £20,924 (2022: £Nil) and accumulated depreciation of £16,647 (2022: £Nil) were transferred to the Company from related undertakings. Motor vehicles with a cost of £Nil (2022: £42,633) and accumulated depreciation of £Nil (2022: £24,235) were transferred from the Company to related undertakings.

Transactions with companies related by virtue of common control were as follows:

		Management		Management
	Amount	charge	Amount	charge
	(owed to)	(receivable/	(owed to)	receivable/
	/owed by	(payable)	/owed by	(payable)
	related	from related	related	from related
	undertaking	undertaking	undertaking	undertaking
	2023	2023	2022	2022
	£	£	£	£
Miles-Bramwell Executive Services Limited Miles-Bramwell Administrative Services	(588)	(544,936)	1	(510,561)
Limited	(53,908)	(327,809)	(49,756)	(311,594)
Body Optimise Limited	137	(409,761)	(6,746)	(389,492)
Miles Bramwell Support Services Limited	201	(600,983)	(9,895)	(571,256)
Miles Bramwell Digital Limited	27	(81,953)	(1,350)	(77,898)
	(54,131)	(1,965,442)	(67,746)	(1,860,801)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 6 MAY 2023

13. Controlling party

Whittaker Guernsey (an unlimited company incorporated in Guernsey) is the Company's controlling related party by virtue of a majority shareholding.

14. Auditor's information

The auditor's report on the financial statements for the year ended 6 May 2023 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 25/1/2024 by Peter Edwards BA FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Grant Thornton UK LLP.

15. Liability limitation agreement with the auditor

The Company has entered into a liability limitation agreement with Grant Thornton UK LLP, the statutory auditors, in respect of the statutory audit for the period ended 6 May 2023. The proportionate liability agreement follows the standard terms in Appendix B to the Financial Reporting Council's June 2008 Guidance on Auditors Liability Agreements, and was approved by the shareholders on 22 September 2022.