Registered number 03040459

Woodlark Nurseries Limited

Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 December 2023

Woodlark Nurseries Limited

Registered number: 03040459

Balance Sheet

as at 31 December 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		463,508		544,287
Investments	4		50		50
		-	463,558	_	544,337
Current assets					
Stocks		426,888		290,347	
Debtors	5	586,678		418,085	
Cash at bank and in hand		169,161		33,219	
		1,182,727		741,651	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(926,440)		(514,018)	
Net current assets			256,287		227,633
Total assets less current liabilities		•	719,845	-	771,970
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	ar 7		(340,940)		(365,880)
Provisions for liabilities			(78,215)		(91,753)
Net assets			300,690	- -	314,337
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,000		1,000
Profit and loss account			299,690		313,337
Shareholders' funds			300,690	- -	314,337

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

C Edwards

Director

Approved by the board on 22 March 2024

Woodlark Nurseries Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 31 December 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receiveable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownerhip of the goods have transferred to the buyer.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles 25% straight line

Plant & Machinery contains sub categories and these are depreciated as follows:

Plant and machinery 20% straight line
Office equipment 25% straight line
Fixtures and fittings 20% straight line
Glasshouses 10% straight line

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Debtors are measured at invoice price

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Deferred Taxation

Full provision is made for deferred taxation resulting from timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the accounts and their recognition for tax purposes. Deferred taxation is calculated on an un-discounted basis at the tax rates which are expected to apply in the periods when the timing differences will reverse.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees			2023	2022
				Number	Number
	Average number of persons emp	45	37		
3	Tangible fixed assets				
		Land and	Plant and machinery	Motor	
		buildings	etc	vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2023	57,000	2,204,282	252,721	2,514,003
	Additions		58,001	18,315	76,316
	At 31 December 2023	57,000	2,262,283	271,036	2,590,319
	Depreciation				
	At 1 January 2023	57,000	1,669,091	218,614	1,944,705
	Charge for the year	-	163,695	18,411	182,106
	At 31 December 2023	57,000	1,832,786	237,025	2,126,811
	Net book value				
	At 31 December 2023	-	429,497	34,011	463,508
	At 31 December 2022	-	535,191	34,107	569,298
4	Investments				
					Other
					investments
					investments £
	Cost				-
	At 1 January 2023				50
	At 31 December 2023				50
5	Debtors			2023	2022
				£	£
	Trade debtors			418,384	385,029
	Other debtors			168,294	33,056
				586,678	418,085
					•

6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			2023	2022
				£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts			75	1,201
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			3,279	3,279
	Trade creditors			425,147	171,261
	Taxation and social security costs			92,762	53,153
	Other creditors			405,177	285,124
				926,440	514,018
7	7 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year			2023	2022
				£	£
	Non-equity preference shares			110,000	110,000
	Bank loans			145,423	200,765
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			85,517	55,115
				340,940	365,880
8	Loans to directors				
_	Description and conditions	B/fwd	Paid	Repaid	C/fwd
	•	£	£	£	£
	Director 1				
	Current account	(60,332)	14,000	(9,001)	(55,333)
	Director 2				
	Current account	(593)	3,668	(18,842)	(15,767)
		(60,925)	17,668	(27,843)	(71,100)

9 Other information

Woodlark Nurseries Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Burhill Road

Hersham

Walton on Thames

Surrey

KT12 4JD

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.