FUNNYFRIEND LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors R Allen-Turner

R Aslett
J Mowll
G Perkins
J Taylor
J Thoday
J Beresford
D Palmer-Brown

Secretary R Allen-Turner

Company number 03039621

Registered office 4a Exmoor Street

London W10 6BD

Bankers The Royal Bank of Scotland Plc

62/63 Threadneedle Street

PO Box 412 London EC2R 8LA

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DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2020.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Company continued to be to produce stage shows in the UK.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

R Allen-Turner

R Aslett

J Mowll

G Perkins

J Taylor

J Thoday

J Beresford

D Palmer-Brown

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 3.

The Directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the Company since the year end.

Future Developments

We are not aware of any trends or factors which are likely to have a significant impact on the future development, performance and position of the Company's business.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

The directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation in the United Kingdom governing the preparation and dissemination of the financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.

Disclosure of Audit Requirements

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Avalon Entertainment Limited and of its ultimate parent, Tiverton 2 Limited. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Tiverton 2 Limited, which are publicly available.

Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption from statutory audit according to The Companies and Limited Liability Partnership (Accounts and Audit Exemptions and Change of Accounting Framework) Regulations 2012.

Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements. Further details regarding the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the note 1 of the financial statements.

On behalf of the Board

3. Loull

J Mowll
Director
9 March 2021

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
Administrative expenses		(66)	(97)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxa	ation	(66)	(97)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	13	12
Loss for the financial year		(53)	(85)

The Statement of Comprehensive Income has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 30 JUNE 2020

	Notes	202 £	0 £	201 ⁹ £	9 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		1		1
Current assets					
Debtors	7	63,388		3,274	
Cash at bank and in hand		35,572		120,837	
		98,960		124,111	
Creditors: amounts falling due within	8				
one year		(73,237)		(98,336)	
Net current assets			25,723		25,775
Total assets less current liabilities			25,724		25,776
					====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	9		41,000		41,000
Profit and loss account			(15,276)		(15,224)
Total equity			25,724		25,776

The notes on pages 6 to 12 are an integral part of these financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 June 2020 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 479A of the Companies Act 2006 relating to non-dormant subsidiary companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

No members have required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the current financial year in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements, on pages 3 to 12, were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 9 March 2021 and are signed on its behalf by:

J Mowli Director

Company Registration No. 03039621

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STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

		Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
	Notes	£	£	£
Balance at 1 July 2018		41,000	(15,138)	25,862
Year ended 30 June 2019: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	(85)	(85)
Balance at 30 June 2019		41,000	(15,223)	25,777
Year ended 30 June 2020: Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	(53)	(53)
Balance at 30 June 2020	9	41,000	(15,276)	25,724

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

1.1 General information

Funnyfriend Limited produces stage shows in the UK.

Funnyfriend Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 4a Exmoor Street, London, W10 6BD.

1.2 Statement of compliance

The individual financial statements of Funnyfriend Limited have been prepared in compliance with United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102, "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and the Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the Companies Act 2006.

1.3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

(a) Basis of Preparation

These financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the recognition of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

(b) Going concern

In reaching their decision to prepare the accounts on a going concern basis, the Directors have considered the impact of the current economic climate on both the Company and the group of which it is a member.

Having given due consideration to the above factors, the current year result and the anticipated future performance of the Company, taking into account reasonably possible changes in the trading performance, the Directors have been able to form a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason they adopt the going concern basis in preparing the accounts.

(c) Exemptions for qualifying entities under FRS 102

FRS 102 allows a qualifying entity certain disclosure exemptions, subject to certain conditions, which have been complied with, including notification of, and no objection to, the use of exemptions by the Company's shareholders.

The Company has taken advantage of the following exemption, under FRS 102 paragraph 1.12(b), from preparing a statement of cash flows, on the basis that it is a qualifying entity and its ultimate parent company, Tiverton 2 Holdings Limited, includes the company's cash flows in its own consolidated financial statements.

(d) Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company is a wholly owned subsidary of Avalon Entertainment Limited and of its ultimate parent, Tiverton 2 Limited. It is included in the consolidated financial statements of Tiverton 2 Limited which are publicly available. Therefore the Company is exempt by virtue of section 400 of the Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare financial statements.

These financial statements are the companies seperate financial statements

(e) Foreign exchange

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the pound sterling.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

(f) Turnover

Revenue is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue from services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably.

1.4 Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents including cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.6 Financial instruments

The Company has chosen to adopt Sections 11 and 12 of FRS 102 in respect of financial instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.8 Taxation

Taxation expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

(i) Current tax

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

(ii) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only to the extent that, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

No material judgements or estimates have been used in the preparation of the Company's financial statements.

3 Taxation

(a)	Tax Expenses included in profit and loss	2020 £	2019 £
	Current tax		(40)
	UK corporation tax on profits for the current period Group tax relief	(13)	(12)
	Total current tax	(13)	(12)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

3	Taxation			(Continued)
(b)	Reconciliation of tax charge			
	Tax assessed for the period is the same as the standard rate of ended 30 June 2020 of 19.00% (2019: 19%). The differences are expenses the standard rate of ended 30 June 2020 of 19.00% (2019: 19%).		the UK	for the year
			2020 £	2019 £
	Loss before taxation		(66)	(98) ====
	Expected tax charge based on the standard rate of corporation tax of 19.00% (2019: 19.00%)		(13)	(18)
	Tax effect of expenses that are not deductible in determining taxable	e profit		6 ——
	Tax expense for the year		(13)	(12) ——
(c)	Tax rate changes The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 20% to	o 19% with effect f	rom 1 A ı	pril 2017.
4	Fixed asset investments			
	N	otes	2020 £	2019 £
	Investments in subsidiaries	5	1	1
	Movements in fixed asset investments			
			ı	Shares in group undertakings £
	Cost or valuation At 1 July 2019 & 30 June 2020			1
	Carrying amount At 30 June 2020			1
	At 30 June 2019			1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

5 Subsidiaries

Details of the company's subsidiaries at 30 June 2020 are as follows:

Name of undertaking a	•	Nature of business	Class of	% He	
incorporation or reside	ency		shareholding	Direct	Indirect
Half Inch Recordings 05021050	UK	Dormant Company	Ordinary Shares	100.00	
Cliffcouch Limited 05865389	UK	Dormant Company	Ordinary Shares	100.00	

The registered office of all of the companies subsidiaries, detailed above, is 4a Exmoor Street, London, W10 6BD

6 Financial instruments

	2020	2019
Carrying amount of financial assets	£	£
Debt instruments measured at amortised cost	63,306	3,120
Carrying amount of financial liabilities		
Measured at amortised cost	73,237	73,218

Financial assets measured at amortised cost comprise of trade debtors, amounts owed by group undertakings, and accrued income.

Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost comprise of trade creditors, other creditors, accruals and amounts owed to group undertakings.

7 Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:	2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors	19	_
Amounts due from fellow group undertakings	60.061	49
Amounts due from related parties	3,072	3,071
VAT Receivable	82	
Prepayments and accrued income	154	154
	63,388	3,274

Amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2020	2019
		£	£
	Trade creditors	3,138	3,119
	Amounts due to group undertakings	70,000	70,000
	Other taxation and social security	-	25,118
	Accruals and deferred income	99	99
		73,237	98,336

Amounts owed to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free, have no fixed date of repayment and are repayable on demand.

9 Share capital

	2020 £	2019 £
Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
41,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	41,000	41,000

10 Control

The immediate parent undertaking is Avalon Entertainment Limited.

The ultimate parent undertaking and the smallest and largest group to consolidate these financial statements is Tiverton 2 Limited. Copies of consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Companies House, Crown Way, Maindy, Cardiff CF14 3UZ.

The ultimate controlling party is JM Thoday.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2020

11 Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 102 "Related party disclosure" whereby it has not disclosed transactions with the ultimate parent company or any wholly owned subsidiary undertakings of the group.