ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
31 DECEMBER 1996



Directors and advisers

Directors J Lambert Mrs A S Lambert

Secretary Mrs A S Lambert

Registered office Keighley Road Snaygill Skipton North Yorkshire BD23 2TA

Reporting accountants Robertshaw & Myers 18 Cooke Street Keighley West Yorkshire BD21 3NP

Bankers Yorkshire Bank PLC 40 Church Street Blackburn Lancashire BB1 5AW

Company number 3036319

Accountants' report to the directors of Lambert & Dyson Limited on the unaudited financial statements

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the purposes of section 249A(2) Companies Act 1985 in respect of the company's annual financial statements, from which the abbreviated financial statements set out on pages 3 to 6 have been prepared.

"We report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1996 set out on pages 5 to 12.

Respective responsibilities of directors and reporting accountants

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements, and they consider that the company is exempt from an audit. It is our responsibility to carry out procedures designed to enable us to report our opinion.

Basis of opinion

Our work was conducted in accordance with the Statement of Standards for Reporting Accountants, and so our procedures consisted of comparing the financial statements with the accounting records kept by the company, and making such limited enquiries of the officers of the company as we considered necessary for the purposes of this report. These procedures provide only the assurance expressed in our opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records kept by the company under section 221 of the Companies Act 1985; and
- (b) having regard only to, and on the basis of, the information contained in those accounting records:
 - the financial statements have been drawn up in a manner consistent with the accounting requirements specified in section 249C(6) of the Act; and
 - the company satisfied the conditions in section 249A(4) of the Act for exemption from an audit of the financial statements for the period specified and did not, at any time within that period, fall within any of the categories of companies not entitled to the exemption specified in section 249B(1)."

18 Cooke Street Keighley West Yorkshire BD21 3NP 25 February 1997

Chartered Accountants Reporting Accountants

Robertshaw & Myers

Balance sheet

at 31 December 1996

	<u>Note</u>	<u>1996</u>		<u>1995</u>	
Fixed assets		£	£	£	£
Tangible assets	1		69,316		73,948
Current assets					
Stocks		74,367		49,654	
Debtors		37,025		22,130	
Cash at bank and in hand		237		1,103	
		111,629		72,887	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	2	(58,364)		(42,701)	
Net current assets			53,265		30,186
Total assets less					
current liabilities			122,581		104,134
Creditors: amounts falling					
due after more than one year	3		(97,691)		(106,557)
Net assets/(liabilities)		·	24,890		(2,423)
					====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	4		100		100
Profit and loss account			24,790		(2,523)
Equity shareholders' funds			24,890		(2,423)
, ,					

The directors have taken advantage of the exemptions conferred by Section A of Part III of Schedule 8 to the Companies Act 1985 on the basis that the company qualifies as a small company.

In the directors' opinion the company was entitled under section 249A(2) of the Companies Act 1985 to exemption from the audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 December 1996. No notice has been deposited under section 249B(2).

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each period in accordance with the requirements of section 226 of the Act and which otherwise comply with its requirements, so far as applicable to the company.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 25 February 1997 and were signed on its behalf by:

J Lambert Director J.h

Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been used consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Cash flow statement

As permitted by Financial Reporting Standard No.1 the company has not produced a cash flow statement on the grounds that it has satisfied the conditions exempting it as a small company.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less the estimated residual value, of tangible fixed assets over their estimated useful economic lives as follows:

Freehold buildings - 2%

- 2% on cost

Plant, machinery,

fixtures & fittings

- 15% to 25% on cost

Motor vehicles

- 25% on cost

No depreciation is provided on freehold land.

Turnover

Turnover represents invoiced amounts for goods and services sold during the year, excluding value added tax.

Pensions

A defined contribution scheme is operated and contributions are charged against income as they become payable and are included in payroll costs.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method to the extent that it is probable that a liability will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

Repairs and renewals

Expenditure on repairs and renewals is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost, including labour and overheads where appropriate, and net realisable value.

Finance leases

Assets which are financed by leasing agreements which give rights approximating to ownership are capitalised. Outstanding obligations under such agreements are included, net of interest, within creditors. Depreciation on leased assets is charged to the profit and loss account on the same basis as purchased assets. Interest is charged to the profit and loss account over the period of the contract.

Operating leases

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due.

Rentals receivable under operating leases are credited to the profit and loss account over the life of the lease.

Foreign exchange

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated using the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date and the gains or losses on translation are included in the profit and loss account.

Notes on the financial statements

1.	Tangible fixed assets		
			<u>Total</u>
	Cost		£
	At start of year		00 E11
	Additions		80,511
			9,140
	Disposals		(3,530)
	At end of year		86,121
	Depreciation		
	At start of year		6,563
	Charge for the year		10,593
	On disposals		(351)
	At end of year		16,805
	Net book amount		
	At 31 December 1996		69,316
	At 31 December 1995		73,948
	At 31 Boothbol 1999		75,540
	Included in freehold land and buildings is an amount of £15,000, repre of land, which has not been depreciated.	senting the esti	mated value
		<u>1996</u>	<u>1995</u>
		£	£
	Included in motor vehicles are assets held under finance lease and hire purchase contracts with a net book amount as follows:		
	Cost	14,642	14,642
	Accumulated depreciation	(8,135)	(3,254)
	Closing net book amount	6,507	11,388
2.	Secured creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Bank loans	11,020	10,015
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	4,842	4,403
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3.	Secured creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Bank loans	38,085	49,325
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	2,145	6,988
			

Notes on the financial statements (continued)

		<u>1996</u>	1995
3.	Secured creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year (continued) Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are as follows:	£	£
	Within one year In two to five years	5,262 2,191	5,262 7,454
	Less: finance charges allocated to future periods	7,453 (466)	12,716 (1,325)
	Falling due within one year	6,987 (4,842)	11,391 (4,403)
	Falling due after more than one year	2,145	6,988
	Analysis of bank loan repayments: Within one year In two to five years	11,020 38,085 ————————————————————————————————————	10,015 49,325 59,340
	The bank borrowings are secured by way of a legal mortgage over the company's freehold property together with a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the company.		
	The obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts are secured by charges over the assets acquired under the relevant agreements.		
4.	Called up share capital Authorised 100,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100