Company registration number 03035403

SINGER & FRIEDLANDER CAPITAL MANAGEMENT LIMITED AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

WEDNESDAY



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Company Information

Director

JJ Youngs

Secretary

J J Youngs

<u>Auditors</u>

Haines Watts London LLP Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor New Derwent House 69-73 Theobalds Road London WC1X 8TA

Registered Office

21 New Street London EC2M 4HR

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

The Director presents his report, together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2012

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The Company is incorporated in England and Wales and conducts its operations from the United Kingdom. The registered office of the Company is 21 New Street, London EC2M 4HR, United Kingdom.

The Company's principal activity was the provision of portfolio management services for private clients, as noted below this business has ceased and the Company is being wound up

BUSINESS REVIEW

References to staff in the Report of the Director and the financial statements relate to staff seconded to the Company from a group undertaking, Kaupthing Singer & Friedlander Limited (In Administration) ("KSF")

Current period highlights

On 16th November 2011 the Company's share capital was reduced by 2,000,000 ordinary £1 shares and the resulting funds were used to create a distributable reserve of £2,000,000. These funds were then distributed to the Company's parent Singer and Friedlander Investment Management Limited.

On 9th December 2011 the inter-company debt owed to the Company by KSF was waived. The net charge to the P&L account was £277,399

The pooled client deposits with KSF, "frozen" by the Administrators, are subject to claims by the individual clients directly with the Financial Services Compensation Scheme ("FSCS")

The placing into administration of the parent company (KSF) on 8 October 2008 and the subsequent disposal of the business to Williams de Broe Limited as detailed in previous accounts has affected the viability of the Company. Therefore these financial statements have been prepared on a cessation basis. The effect of this is that all current assets are restated at net realisable values.

PERFORMANCE

The loss after taxation for the year is noted in the Income Statement on page 8, and amounts to £304,891 (2011 loss £58,261)

The level of funds under management has declined from £131k at the start of the year to £24k at the balance sheet date. At the date of this Director's Report the remaining funds under management, all cash, amounts to £24k, of which £21k relates to a deceased client held at a third party bank and £3k of client balances that require investigation, allocation and remittance

The Company declared and paid a dividend of £2,000,000 on 9th December 2011 (2011 nil)

SHARES

During the year a total of 2,000,000 shares with nominal value £2,000,000 were cancelled for a consideration of £2,000,000. This represented 92 6% of the ordinary shares and the transaction was undertaken in order to facilitate the release of surplus capital to the Company's parent.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The Director anticipates that following the settlement of the remaining client cash, resolution of compliance issues, and the collection of all receivables and discharging all liabilities, the Company will be placed into a members' voluntary liquidation

PRINCIPAL RISK AND UNCERTAINTIES

The key risks facing the company arise from the following activities

- 1 Management of the cash balances
- 2 Identifying and ensuring the correct remittance of client funds
- 3 Satisfying FSA regulation to enable the liquidation of the company

In order to carry out these tasks it is important to retain staff that have the skills and knowledge. This is a key challenge of the company given the cessation of business and Administration of KSF. It is equally important that staff are motivated and overseen to ensure internal controls and quality is not compromised.

The staff that carry out these tasks are employed by KSF but work solely for the Company and the immediate parent Singer & Friedlander Investment Management ("SFIM") KSF actively manages the staff seconded to ensure they can be retained to complete the outstanding tasks. In addition, detailed operational procedures are maintained to mitigate the risk of key staff leaving.

Liquidity, Credit and Operational risks are also discussed in note 15

PARENT AND ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary undertaking of Singer & Friedlander Investment Management Limited whose ultimate parent undertaking, until 8 October 2008, was Kaupthing Bank hf (incorporated in Iceland)

After 8 October 2008, Kaupthing Bank hf's rights were limited to being a shareholder. As noted in previous reports, Kaupthing Bank hf was placed under the control of the Icelandic Financial Supervisory Authority, which has assumed the powers of the shareholders and has appointed a Resolution Committee.

DIRECTOR'S AND OFFICER'S INSURANCE

Kaupthing Bank hf maintained, until 31 March 2009, an insurance policy on behalf of the Directors and officers against any liabilities incurred in the conduct of their duties. After this date, KSF maintained a similar policy for its Director and Officers

DIRECTORS

Mr J N Stewart resigned as Director on 31st December 2011

Mr J J Youngs was appointed Director on 30th December 2011

The Articles of Association of the Company do not require the Director to retire

Mr J J Youngs served throughout the year as secretary of the Company

REPORT OF THE DIRECTOR

DIRECTOR'S INTERESTS

The Director held no beneficial interests in the share capital of the Company throughout the year ended 30 June 2012 (2011 nil)

Under the Companies Disclosure of Directors' Interests (Exceptions) Regulations 1995, the beneficial interests held by the Director in the share capital of Kaupthing Bank hf do not need to be disclosed to UK subsidiary undertakings

REGULATORY AND NON-REGULATORY CAPITAL

It is the Company's policy to maintain a capital base to meet regulatory capital requirements at all times

Shareholder funds are invested in either short-term cash deposits (up to 90 days maturity) or placed on demand with approved banks

The principal forms of capital are included in the following balances on the balance sheet called up share capital and retained earnings. The Company has a capital base of £327,014 as at 30 June 2012 (2011 £2,631,904).

The Financial Services Authority ("FSA") supervises the Company and, as such, receives information on the capital adequacy of the Company on a quarterly basis. The Company has complied with the FSA's capital adequacy requirements during the year to 30 June 2012.

The above description of the Company's regulatory and non-regulatory capital policy forms an integral part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE TO THE AUDITORS

The Director of the company who held office at the date of approval of these Financial Statements as set out above confirms, so far as he is aware, that

- there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information

AUDITORS

Haines Watts London LLP are deemed to be re-appointed under section 487(2) of the Companies Act 2006

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

J J Youngs Director 25 October 2012

Registered Office 21 New Street London EC2M 4HR

STATEMENT OF DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

The Director is responsible for preparing the Report of the Director and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the Director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as adopted by the EU Under company law the Director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and the profit or loss of the company for that year

In preparing these financial statements, the Director is required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable International Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The Director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the financial statements of Singer & Friedlander Capital Management Limited for the year ended 30 June 2012, which comprise the Statement of Financial Position, the Income Statement, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of director and auditor

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 5, the Director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). These standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Director, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 June 2012, and of its loss for the year then ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the European Union, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Report of the Director for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

INDEPENDENT AUDIT REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE COMPANY

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of Director's remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Matthew Perry

Senior Statutory Auditor

Haines Watts London LLP

aires Wattz

Chartered Accountants

Statutory Auditor

New Derwent House

69-73 Theobalds Road

London

WC1X 8TA

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AUDITED INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

Continuing operations	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Revenue	1,2	3,075	8,022
Administrative expenses	1	(307,966)	(82,305)
Loss before taxation	3	(304,891)	(74,283)
Taxation	6		16,022
Loss for the year		(304,891)	(58,261)

The company has no items to be recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income and consequently this statement has not been presented

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these accounts

AUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Current assets	Hote	4	L .
Tax receivable	7	15,459	15,459
Other financial assets	8	-	277,399
Cash and cash equivalents	9	322,792	2,362,383
Total assets		338,251	2,665,241
Current liabilities Trade and other payables	10	11,237	23,337
Total liabilities	10	11,237	23,337
Net assets		327,014	2,631,904
Shareholders' equity			
Called up share capital	11	160,000	2,160,000
Retained earnings	16	167,014	471,904
Capital redemption reserve	16	· -	, -
Total shareholders' equity		327,014	2,631,904

The accounts were approved by the Director on 25 October 2012

JJ Youngs DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these accounts

AUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR TO 30 JUNE 2012

	Note	2012 £	2011 £
Cash flow from operating activities Loss after taxation		(204 904)	(50.061)
Adjustments to reconcile loss to cash flow from operating activities		(304,891)	(58,261)
Interest received		(3,075)	(8,022)
Taxation credit	6	-	(16,022)
Operating loss before changes in working capital Decrease in trade and other receivables		(307,966)	(82,305) 80,602
Decrease in other financial assets	8	277,399	-
Decrease in trade and other payables		(12,100)	(57,044)
Cash generated from operations		(42,667)	(58,747)
Taxation paid			(178,403)
Net cash outflow from operating activities		(42,667)	(237,150)
Investing activities			
Interest received		3,075	8,022
Net cash inflow from investing activities		3,075	8,022
Financing activities		(0.000.000)	
Dividends paid		(2,000,000)	-
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(2,000,000)	
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,039,592)	(229,128)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,362,383	2,591,511
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9	322,791	2,362,383

The notes on pages 11 to 20 form part of these accounts

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted for use in the EU and those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The accounting policies set out in note 1 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2012 and the comparative information for the year ended 30 June 2011.

At 30 June 2012, the Company had adopted all IFRS and interpretations that had been issued by the IASB and IFRIC and endorsed by the EU. A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective for the period ended 30 June 2012 and therefore have not been applied in preparing these financial statements.

The Company has prepared a cash flow statement in accordance with IFRS 1

The audited financial statements have been approved by the Director

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a cessation basis

The cessation basis reflects all balance sheet items stated at estimated net realisable values, and also reflects the intention of the Director to enter into a members' voluntary liquidation of the Company in the next nine months

Items included in these financial statements are measured in the functional currency of UK Pounds Sterling

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods. They have also been applied in preparing an opening statement of equity and profit and loss at 30 June 2012.

Financial instruments

The Company's financial instruments include financial assets representing cash balances held with credit institutions, trade and other receivables and financial liabilities representing trade and other payables

The Company's financial assets of cash balances held with credit institutions generate interest income which is accounted for on an accruals basis and is reflected in the income statement. Such financial assets are accounted for on a trade date basis. These cash balances are exposed to credit risk, which the Company mitigates by reviewing the suitability of placing funds with credit institutions. This review process includes assessing the credit worthiness of such financial institutions.

Trade and other receivables primarily generate management fee income from clients. Whilst credit checks are performed at the outset of managing these portfolios, any settlement failure of such fees is unlikely, individually, to have a material impact on the results reported by the Company

The Company's financial liabilities principally consist of amounts recognised when a financial liability has been incurred as a result of the Company conducting its day to day operations

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Risk management

Processes are in place to enable the continuous review, assessment, communication and monitoring of risks identified by management

Fair values

All balance sheet items have been stated at estimated net realisable values

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets are derecognised when the right to receive cash flows from the financial assets have expired or where the Company commits to transfer substantially all risks and rewards of ownership Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation of the Company specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired

Other financial assets

Other financial assets represent a reclassification of cash balances "frozen". The amounts have been stated at net realisable values.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash balances and call deposits and are stated in the balance sheet at nominal value. For the purpose of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank, with original maturities of three months or less.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are stated at cost and represent costs incurred in the day to day operations of the Company Costs are incurred on a receipt basis, and therefore any amounts included within trade and other payables represent timing differences for the payment of such liabilities

Consolidated accounts

The Company's parent undertaking is SFIM, whose ultimate parent undertaking is a company incorporated in Iceland, and accordingly group financial statements have not been prepared

Revenue

Revenue, as noted in note 2 of these financial statements, represents interest earned on Company cash balances

Administrative expenses

For the current year administrative expenses includes storage, printing & stationery, corporate subscriptions, legal expenses and sundry payments, with all other costs borne by KSF KSF has elected to waive the recovery of costs from 1st October 2008

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Taxation

Taxation on the profit and or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Taxation is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year/period, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years

Deferred tax is provided on temporary timing differences between the carrying cost of amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The following temporary differences are not provided for the initial recognition of assets or liabilities that affect neither accounting nor taxable profit other than in a business combination, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that they will probably not reverse in the foreseeable future. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner or realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised

New Standards and interpretations effective during the period to 30 June 2012

The Company has complied, where relevant, with all new IFRS standards that became effective during the period to 30 June 2012

There have been no new standards and interpretations, issued by the IASB or the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC), are effective for the first time in the current financial year and adopted by the company

New Standards not yet adopted

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements, there were a number of standards and interpretations that have not been applied in these financial statements, which were in issue but not yet effective. In future periods the following are expected to have an impact on the financial statement.

Amendments to IAS1 – Presentation of items of Other Comprehensive income

2 REVENUE

	2012	2011
	£	£
Interest income	3,075_	8,022

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3 OPERATING LOSS BEFORE TAXATION

Loss from operations have been arrived at after charging	2012 £	2011 £
Auditors' remuneration Audit of financial statements Other services	7,750 1,600	9,000 1,400
Loss on waiver of inter-company debt	277,399	-

4 STAFF COSTS

On 21 October 2008, all front office staff seconded to the Company transferred to the purchaser of business from SFIM. In the 6-month period to 31st December 2011 the Company had use of three back office staff seconded to it from KSF, and during the 6-month period to 30th June 2012 the Company had use of one back office staff member seconded to it from KSF. The expenses incurred in respect of these staff members were not reimbursed by the Company to KSF.

5 <u>DIVIDENDS</u>

The Company paid a dividend of £2,000,000 (2011 nil) on 9th December 2011

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6 <u>TAXATION</u>

Current corporation tax (credit)/charge	2012 £ 	2011 £ (16,022)
Current tax made up as Domestic income tax on loss for the year Domestic income tax over provision	-	(15,459)
in respect of prior years	-	(563)
Total current tax	-	(16,022)
Total corporation tax in the income statement		(16,022)

The tax (credit)/charge for the year can be reconciled to the profit per the income statement as follows

	2012 £	%	2011 £	%
(Loss)/Profit before taxation	(304,891)	70	(74 <u>,282)</u>	. 70
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 21% (2010 28%)	(64,027)	(21 0)	(15,599)	(21 0)
Disallowable expenses	58,254		-	-
Interest allowable			140	02
Domestic tax over provision for earlier years	-		(563)	(8 0)
Tax losses carried forward	5,773		-	-
Total tax expense and effective tax rate for the year	_		(16,022)	(216)

7 TAX RECEIVABLE

Corporation tax receivable	30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
Corporation tax receivable	15,459	15,459

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS		
		30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
	Amounts due from group undertakings	-	277,399
	In the prior period the amount due from group undertakings related to "fr KSF These cash balances have been reclassified from Cash and Cash Assets The amount represents an estimated recovery rate of 78p for each	Equivalents to 0	Other Financial
9	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
		30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011
	Cash held with credit institutions	322,792	2,362,383
10	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES		
		30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
	Other payables	11,237	23,337

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11 CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	30 June 2012 £	30 June 2011 £
Authorised 4,300,000 ordinary shares of £1 each	4,300,000	4,300,000
700,000 non-cumulative redeemable preference shares of £1 each	700,000 5,000,000	700,000 5,000,000
Issued and fully paid 160,000 (2011 2,160,000) ordinary shares of £1 each	160,000	2,160,000

On 16th November 2011 it was resolved to reduce the company's share capital by 2,000,000 ordinary £1 shares utilising the resulting funds to create a distributable reserve of £2,000,000

Ordinary shares have full voting rights as well as allotment pre-emption rights

The non-cumulative redeemable preference shares carry the same rights as the holders of the ordinary shares in issue and rank pari passu with them except

- The holders of the non-cumulative preference shares shall be entitled to a net preferential dividend at an annual fixed rate equivalent at three month Libor from the date of issue
- The non-cumulative preference shares shall rank in priority to the ordinary shares for the return of capital on liquidation or otherwise

12 RELATED PARTIES

The Company has related party relationships with KSF. Transactions with the related party during the year, in connection with trading activities as well as non trading activities, can be summarised as follows.

	Income/	Assets/	Income/	Assets/
	(expenses)	(Liabilities)	(expenses)	(Liabilities)
	30 June	30 June	30 June	30 June
	2012	2012	2011	2011
	£	£	£	£
Transactions with group Undertakings Frozen cash balances	-	-	-	277,399

On 9th November 2011 the frozen cash inter-company debt was waived

On 9th December 2011 a dividend of £2,000,000 was remitted to Singer & Friedlander Investment Management Limited following the capital reduction

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13 EVENTS AFTER BALANCE SHEET

There were no events after the balance sheet date which necessitated inclusion within these financial statements

14 PARENT AND ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKINGS

The Company's parent undertaking is Singer & Friedlander Investment Management Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The Company's' ultimate parent company is Kaupthing Bank Hf, a company resident and incorporated in Iceland. As Kaupthing Bank Hf is currently under a moratorium the results of the Company are no longer consolidated in the financial statements of the Company's parent company.

15 USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company enters into cash deposits and also has other financial instruments such as trade debtors and trade creditors which arise directly from the Company's operations

The principal risks affecting the Company's are

Liquidity and Credit Risk
 Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will have difficulty in meeting its obligations to its financial liabilities

The Company has sufficient financial resources, in the form of cash balances, to meet its financial liabilities as and when they fall due. The Company's cash balances in aggregate amount to £322,792 (2011 £2,362,383) and are disclosed in note 9 of these financial statements. These cash balances are held with external financial credit institutions.

Credit risk is the risk of the counterparty not returning the funds back to the company in full The company has credit risk on its Current Assets, with cash deposits held with financial institutions being the largest area of risk

To address this risk the Company maintains an approved list of six UK Financial Institutions, with the list complied based upon their short term rating. The list includes limits that aggregate the cash balances of SFIM to ensure the group's concentration risk to any one particular institution is below £4 35m.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

15 <u>USE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT continued</u>

b) Interest Rate Risk

The Company's exposure to interest rate risk was mitigated by placing surplus funds for deposit at various levels of maturity. The interest rates obtained were market rates which are typically linked to LIBOR. Typically, cash was held on deposit for no longer 90 days. However the Company no longer has any exposure to interest rate risk, as surplus funds have were paid to the Company's parent by way of dividends during the year. Since November 2011 funds have been held in a non-interest bearing account to allow the Company instant access for day to day funding requirements.

The table below sets out the effective interest rate earned on the Company's average cash and cash equivalent balances held during the period

	30 June 2012	30 June 2011	
Average cash and cash equivalent balances	£ 322,792	£ 2,362,383	
Effective interest rate	0 23%	0 3%	

A change of 50 basis points in interest rates at the balance sheet date would have no effect of increasing / (decreasing) equity and profit or loss (2011 £8,690 / (£8,690))

c) Fair Values of Financial Instruments

The Company's assets comprise

- I The cash balances held by the Company at 30 June 2012, also represent fair values of these assets
- II The balances in respect of trade and other receivables together with trade and other payables represent the fair values which are the carrying values as stated in the balance sheet

d) Operational Risk

Operational risk is the risk of direct or indirect loss or damage to the Company's reputation resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes or systems, or from human error or external events that affect the Company's image, operational earnings. Strategic risk, reputation risk, legal risk and compliance risk are considered sub-categories of operational risk. Operational risk is therefore inherent in all activities within the Company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16 STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2012

	lssued share capital	Retained earnings	Capital Redemption Reserve	Total shareholder's equity
	£	£	£	Ĵ
Changes in equity 2011				
Balance as at 1 July 2010	2,160,000	530,165	-	2,690,165
Profit for the year	-	(58,261)		(58,261)
Balance as at 30 June 2011	2,160,000	471,904	-	2,631,904
Changes in equity during the year				
Loss for the year	_	(304,891)		(304,891)
Capital Redemption	(2,000,000)	-	2,000,000	-
Dividend paid			(2,000,000)	(2,000,000)
Balance as at 30 June 2012	160,000	167,014	-	327,014

17 INVESTMENTS IN SUBSIDIARY UNDERTAKINGS

The Company holds the entire share capital of Private Nominees Limited This subsidiary is dormant and its share capital and the Company's investment is immaterial for inclusion in the financial statements. The subsidiary was held as a nominee company for client investments.