# RUTLAND (CRANLEIGH) LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR 31 DECEMBER 2006

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#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

The directors have pleasure in presenting their report and the financial statements of the company for the period from 1 April 2006 to 31 December 2006

#### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company during the nine-month period was property investment

#### THE DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS IN THE SHARES OF THE COMPANY

The directors who served the company during the period together with their beneficial interests in the shares of the company were as follows

	Ordinary Shares of £1 each	
	At	At
	31 December 2006	1 Aprıl 2006
J A McAllister	-	-
P J Farnfield	-	-
S C Sanders	-	-
B I M Turnbull	-	

At 31 December 2006, Rutland (Cranleigh) Limited was a wholly owned subsidiary of Dunsfold Park Limited JA McAllister is a director and shareholder of Redcub Properties Limited, a shareholder in Dunsfold Park Limited

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). The financial statements are required by law to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the directors are aware

there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and

#### THE DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

# PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

the directors have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any
relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

#### **AUDITOR**

A resolution to re-appoint Arnold Hill & Co as auditor for the ensuing year will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985

#### SMALL COMPANY PROVISIONS

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

Signed on behalf of the directors

J A McAllister Director

Approved by the directors on

30° october 2007

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF RUTLAND (CRANLEIGH) LIMITED

#### PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

We have audited the financial statements of Rutland (Cranleigh) Limited for the period from 1 April 2006 to 31 December 2006 on pages 5 to 12, which have been prepared on the basis of the accounting policies set out on page 8

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

#### RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it

#### BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF RUTLAND (CRANLEIGH) LIMITED (continued)

## PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### **OPINION**

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its profit for the period then ended,
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985, and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

Craven House 16 Northumberland Avenue London WC2N 5AP ARNOLD HILL & CO Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

Date

31 October 2907

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

# NINE MONTH PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

			Year to
		31 Dec 06	31 Mar 06
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER		570,025	773,211
Administrative expenses		110,891	97,013
OPERATING PROFIT	2	459,134	676,198
Interest receivable		1,368	1,465
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(397,696)	(363,468)
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	Ŋ	62,806	314,195
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	15,691	85,487
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD / YEAR		47,115	228,708

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

# STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

# NINE MONTH PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

	31 Dec 06	Year to 31 Mar 06 £
Profit for the financial period / year attributable to the shareholders	47,115	228,708
Unrealised profit on revaluation of certain fixed assets	_	1,005,000
Total gains and losses recognised since the last annual report	47,115	1,233,708

## **BALANCE SHEET**

# **31 DECEMBER 2006**

	31 Dec 06		31 Mar 06	
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	5		12,228,671	9,550,000
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank	6	529,340 613,344 1,142,684		429,112 182,311 611,423
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	7	952,867		440,050
NET CURRENT ASSETS			189,817	171,373
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIE	S		12,418,488	9,721,373
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	8		9,423,000	6,773,000
			2,995,488	2,948,373
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Revaluation reserve	10		100 2,471,905	100 2,471,905 476,368
Profit and loss account	11		523,483	<del></del>
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	12		2,995,488	2,948,373

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985

These financial statements were approved by the directors on the  $30/10/07_{\text{and are signed on}}$ 

their behalf by

J A McALLISTER

Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with all applicable accounting standards

#### (b) Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small

#### (c) Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents rentals receivable during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax All turnover is derived from activities performed wholly in the United Kingdom

#### (d) Investment properties

Investment properties are revalued annually. Surpluses or deficits on individual properties are transferred to the investment revaluation reserve, except that a deficit which is expected to be permanent and which is in excess of any previously recognised surplus over cost relating to the same property, or the reversal of such a deficit, is charged (or credited) to the profit and loss account. Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold investment properties, or in respect of leasehold investment properties where the unexpired terms of the lease is more than twenty years. The directors consider that the accounting policy, which represents a departure from the statutory accounting rules, is necessary to provide a true and fair view as required under SSAP 19 "Accounting for investment properties"

#### 2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging

			Year to
		31 Dec 06	31 Mar 06
		£	£
	Directors' emoluments	_	
	Auditor's fees	8,000	6,600
3.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES	_	
		31 Dec 06	31 Mar 06
		£	£
	Bank Interest	294,196	329,557
	Other interest	103,500	33,911
		397,696	363,468

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 4. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

## (a) Analysis of charge in the period

	31 Dec 06	Year to 31 Mar 06 £
Current tax	ı	<b>.</b>
UK Corporation tax based on the results for the period at 30% (To 31 Mar 06 - 30%) Over provision in prior year	16,530 (839)	90,896 (5,409)
Total current tax	15,691	85,487

## (b) Factors affecting current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the period is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (To 31 Mar 06 - 30%)

	Year to
31 Dec 06	31 Mar 06
£	£
62,806	314,195
18,842	94,259
(3,363)	(3,363)
(839)	(5,409)
1,051	-
15,691	85,487
	£ 62,806  18,842 (3,363) (839) 1,051

#### 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Investment Property
COST OR VALUATION At 1 April 2006	9,550,000
Additions	2,678,671
At 31 December 2006	12,228,671
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 31 December 2006	12,228,671
At 31 March 2006	9,550,000

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

## 5. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (continued)

Other than the investment property acquired in the period, long leasehold investment properties were revalued by Knight Frank LLP in June 2006. The Directors consider this to be an appropriate open market valuation as at 31 December 2006.

#### 6. DEBTORS

	Trade debtors Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income	31 Dec 06 £ 253,054 91,231 185,055 529,340	31 Mar 06 £ 114,175 146,713 168,224 429,112
	The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after me	ore than one yea	ar
	Prepayments and accrued income	31 Dec 06 £ 130,360	31 Mar 06 £ 130,137
7.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other creditors including taxation Corporation tax VAT Other creditors Accruals and deferred income	31 Dec 06 £ 39,582 340,057 16,449 32,572 64,080 460,127 952,867	31 Mar 06 £ 19,799 — 90,896 33,992 26,690 268,673 440,050
8.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Bank loans and overdrafts Amounts owed to group undertakings	31 Dec 06 £ 7,370,000 2,053,000 9,423,000	31 Mar 06 £ 4,720,000 2,053,000 6,773,000

The bank loan is secured by a fixed charge over the investment properties, and a floating charge over the current assets. The bank also has legal assignment to all rental income. The bank loan facility was renewed on 5 July 2006 and has a final repayment date of 7 April 2008.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

At the period end Rutland (Cranleigh) Limited had received loans to a total of £2,303,000 (31 March 2006. £2,053,000) from the parent company Dunsfold Park Limited Interest payable of £103,500 relating to the above loan was charged during the period (year ending 31 March 2006 £33,911)

#### 10. SHARE CAPITAL

#### Authorised share capital:

Other net recognised gains and losses

Net addition to shareholders' funds

Opening shareholders' funds

Closing shareholders' funds

	1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			31 Dec 06 £ 1,000	31 Mar 06 £ 1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
		31 Dec	_		Mar 06
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	No 100	100	No 100	100 100
11.	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
	Balance brought forward Profit for the financial period / year			31 Dec 06 £ 476,368 47,115	Year to 31 Mar 06 £ 247,660 228,708
	Balance carried forward			523,483	476,368
12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
	Profit for the financial period / year			31 Dec 06 £ 47,115	31 Mar 06 £ 228,708

1,005,000

1,714,665

2,948,373

47,115

2,948,373

2,995,488

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### PERIOD FROM 1 APRIL 2006 TO 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 13. PARENT COMPANIES

Rutland (Cranleigh) Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Dunsfold Park Limited, a company incorporated in Great Britain Dunsfold Park Limited is a joint venture and is jointly controlled by KUC Properties Limited, incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland, and Redcub Properties Limited, incorporated and registered in Great Britain

The ultimate controlling party and parent of the largest group into which KUC Properties Limited is consolidated is the Royal Bank of Scotland Group Plc, which is incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland Financial statements for the Royal Bank of Scotland Group Plc can be obtained from The Royal Bank of Scotland Group Plc, Gogarburn, Edinburgh, EH12 1HQT

The smallest subgroup into which KUC Properties Limited is consolidated has as its parent company, the Royal Bank of Scotland Plc, a company incorporated in Great Britain and registered in Scotland Financial statements for this subgroup can be obtained from The Royal Bank of Scotland Group Plc, Gogarburn, Edinburgh, EH12 1HQT

Regarding the second shareholder of Dunsfold Park Limited, Redcub Properties Limited is the immediate and ultimate parent