

Contents

	Page	
Balance sheet	1 - 2	
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 7	

Balance Sheet

As at 31 January 2021

		20:	2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	4		13,644		18,192	
Investments	5		2		2	
			13,646		18,194	
Current assets						
Debtors	6	317,365		269,781		
Cash at bank and in hand		308,648		350,018		
		626,013		619,799		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(339,832)		(164,808)		
Net current assets			286,181		454,991	
Total assets less current liabilities			299,827		473,185	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(1,375,889)		(1,514,129)	
Net liabilities			(1,076,062)		(1,040,944)	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			1		1	
Profit and loss reserves			(1,076,063)		(1,040,945)	
Total equity			(1,076,062)		(1,040,944)	

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

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Balance Sheet (Continued)

As at 31 January 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 9 March 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Director

Company Registration No. 03015176

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 January 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Scott Free Films Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 42-44 Beak Street, London, United Kingdom, W1F 9RH.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Going concern

The company has net liabilities of £1,080,929 and is dependent on the support of Scott Free Productions Inc, a US incorporated company that has common ownership. Scott Free Productions Inc has confirmed it will not withdraw its support.

Consequently, the directors are confident that the company will have sufficient funds to continue to meet its liabilities as they fall due for at least 12 months from the date of approval of the financial statements and therefore have prepared the financials statements on a going concern basis.

1.3 Turnover

Revenue is recognised in respect of each production from the point at which the company has obtained the right to consideration in return for performance. This is considered to be when all necessary approvals during the process of pre-production have been obtained from the commissioning agency and normally equates to the date at which the shooting of the film commences, No profit element is recognised until the company is able to estimate the profit on the production reliably.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

25.00%

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 January 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company only has basic financial instruments measured at amortised cost with no financial instruments classified as other or basic instruments measured at fair value.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 January 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.11 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 January 2021

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

		2021	2020
		Number	Number
	Total	3	6
4	Tangible fixed assets		
7	rangine nixeu assets		Plant and
			machinery
			etc £
	Cost		
	At 1 February 2020 and 31 January 2021		90,032
	Depreciation and impairment		
	At 1 February 2020		71,840
	Depreciation charged in the year		4,548
	At 31 January 2021		76,388
	Carrying amount		12.644
	At 31 January 2021		13,644
	At 31 January 2020		18,192
5	Fixed asset investments		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests	2	2
6	Debtors		
U	Deptors	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	40,672	129,717
	Other debtors	276,693	140,064
		317,365 ———	269,781

Notes to the Financial Statements (Continued)

For the year ended 31 January 2021

7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	33,748	28,853
	Taxation and social security	59,614	97,238
	Other creditors	246,470	38,717
		339,832	164,808
8	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Other creditors	1,375,889	1,514,129
9	Related party transactions		
	The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:		
		2021	2020
	Amounts due to related parties	£	£
	Taboo Productions Limited	(167,559)	(167,559)
	Other related parties	(1,143,032)	(1,155,541)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.