GLOBAL INTERNATIONAL TRADING LIMITED COMPANY NO. 3014472

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS'

The Directors have pleasure in presenting their report and financial statements for the year ended 31st December 2002.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES AND BUSINESS REVIEW

The principal activities of the company throughout the year were those of the distribution of window blinds, window blind components and supply of writing implements. The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered good by the directors who expect similar results for the foreseeable future.

RESULTS AND DIVIDEND

The results of the company for the year are set out on page 4. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend as the funds of the company are fully employed.

FIXED ASSETS

The movements in fixed assets are shown in the notes to the financial statements. In the opinion of the directors the market value of the freehold premises at the year end date is not less than the written down value at the balance sheet date.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who served the company throughout the year together with their interest (including family interest) in the shares of the company, at the beginning and end of the year, were as follows:

2002	2001
_	_

Ordinary Shares of £1 each

P Kentor

A Rechtman

AUDITOR

A F Storer has indicated his willingness to continue in office and in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act it is proposed that he be re-appointed auditor to the company for the ensuing year.

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently; make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to assume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Maitland Road Lion Barn Industrial Estate Needham Market Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NZ

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD S Fitch, Company Secretary

-1- ISH 4, 1 2003

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF GLOBAL INTERNATIONAL TRADING LIMITED

I have audited the financial statements of Global International Trading Limited for the year ended $31^{\rm st}$ December 2002 which compromise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the cash flow statement and related notes. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on therein.

This report is made solely to the company's members as a body in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. My audit work has been undertaken so that I might state to the company's members those matters I am required to state to them in an auditors report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for my audit work, for this report or for the opinions I have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As described in the statement of Directors' Responsibilities, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

My responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

I report to you my opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. I also report to if, in my opinion, the Directors' Report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if I have not received all the information and explanations I require for my audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

I read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for my report if I become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

REPORT OF THE AUDITOR Cont..

BASIS OF AUDIT OPINION

I conducted my audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

I planned and performed my audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which I considered necessary in order to provide me with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming my opinion I also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

OPINION

In my opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the company's affairs as at 31st December 2002 and of its profit for the period then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 1985.

Bank House 129 High Street Needham Market Suffolk IP6 8DH

A F Storer Chartered Accountant and Registered Auditor

14 July 2003

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

	<u>Note</u>	Continuing Operations 2002	Acquisitions 2002	Discontinued Operations 2002		Total 2001
TURNOVER Cost of sales	2 3	2973724 2284674	- -	- -	2973724 2284674	1943977 1479218
GROSS PROFIT		689050	-		689050	464759
Net operating expenses	3	529549 			529549 - -	340159 -
OPERATING PROFIT AND PROPOSED ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BY INTEREST		159501	_	_	159501	124600
INIERESI	J	=====	====	====	139301	124600
Interest receivable similar income Interest payable &					445	571
similar charges	6				9622	12215
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	JV1				150324	112956
Taxation	7				28741	23917
RETAINED PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	16				121583	89039

The only recognised gain for the year is the profit for the year of £121583(2001:£89039)

There were no acquisitions and no discontinued operations in the year.

The annexed notes form part of these financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET AT 31ST DECEMBER 2002

	<u>Note</u>	£	2002 £	£	2001 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets	8		259732		231106
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in ha	9 10 .nd	681436 667627 83481		462460 501760 62990	
CDEDITORS, AMOUNTS, TALLE	NG	1432544		1027210	
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLI DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	11	1046024		719615	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			386520		307595
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURREN	Т		646252		538701
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLI AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR			336612		350988
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITE AND CHARGES	ES 14		1138		794
NET ASSETS			308502		186919
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capita Profit and loss accoun			5000 303502		5000 181919
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			308502		186919 =====

P Kentor Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

	2002		2001	
	£	£	£	£
NET CASH INFLOW FROM				
OPERATING ACTIVITIES (Note 1)		92884		52449
RETURNS ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE				
Interest received	445		571	
Interest paid	9622		12215	
			_ _	
NET CASH INFLOW FROM RETURNS				
ON INVESTMENTS AND SERVICING OF FINANCE		(9177)		(11644)
		(5277)		(11044)
TAXATION		(22122)		(07050)
Corporation tax paid		(23123)		(27250)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT				
Payments to acquire tangible fixed assets	40093		3904	
Receipts from sales of				
Tangible fixed assets			-	
NET CASH OUTFLOW FOR CAPITAL				
EXPENDITURE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENT		(40093)		(3904)
		(10010)		(3301)
EQUITY DIVIDENDS PAID		_		-
INCREASE IN CASH (Note 2)		20491		9651
,		=====		=====

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

	2002 £	2001 £
1. RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Operating profit	159501	124600
Depreciation	11467	5731
Loss on sale of tangible		
Fixed assets	_	_
Increase in stock	(218976)	(175194)
Increase in debtors	(165867)	(155449)
Increase in creditors	306759	252761
		
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING		
ACTIVITIES	92884	52449
	====	====
2. RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT (Note 3)		
Increase in cash in the year	20491	9651
Cash repurchase of debenture	_	-
Cash used to increase liquid		
resources	-	-
	=	
	20491	9651
	====	====
3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT		

	At 1 st January 2001	Cash <u>flows</u>	At 31 st December 2002
Cash in hand and at bank	62990	20491	83481
Debt due within one year	_	_	_
Debt due after one year Current asset investments	- -	-	_
Cullent asset investments			
Total	62290	20491	83481
	=====	=====	======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the financial statements are set out below and have remained unchanged from the previous year, and have also been consistently applied within the same accounts.

(a) Basis of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

(b) Depreciation

Depreciation on fixed assets is provided at rates estimated to write off the cost less estimated residual value, of each asset over its expected useful life as follows:

Freehold land - NIL
Freehold building - 2% straight line
Office equipment & fittings - 25% reducing balance
Plant and equipment - 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicle - 25% reducing balance

(c) Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes all direct costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition, including where appropriate, a proportion of manufacturing overheads.

(d) Turnover

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services provided net of value added tax.

(e) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided on the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. The company has not adopted a policy of discounting deferred tax assets and liabilities.

(f) Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated over their lives. The interest is charged to profit and loss account over the period of the contract on a straight line basis.

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to income on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(q) Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the end of the financial year. All exchange differences are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

(h) Pension Scheme Arrangements

The company makes contributions to a stakeholder pension plan, the assets of the scheme being held separately from the assets of the company. The contributions made by the company are charged against profits on a payment basis.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

2.	TURNOVER	<u>2002</u> £	2001 £
	Principal activities	2973724	1943977
	Geographical analysis: United Kingdom Rest of Europe	2451761 521963 2973724	1360784 583193 1943977
		2973724 ======	

3. OPERATING PROFIT

The operating results are analysed as follows:

	2002			2001		
	Continuing £	Dis- continued £	$rac{ exttt{Total}}{ exttt{£}}$	Continuing £	Dis- continued £	Total £
Turnover	2973724 ======	-	2973724	1943977	-	1943977
Cost of sales	2284674	-	2284674	1479218	- ===	1479218
Net operating expe	enses					
costs Administrative	173637	-	173637	130516	_	130516
expenses Other operating	355912	_	355912	209643	-	209643
income		-	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>
Operating profit	159501 =====	_	159501 =====	124600 =====	- ≕===	124600
Operating profit	is stated	after cha	rging:			
				2002 £	2001 £	
Directors emoluments				60832	53530	
Pensions of directors and past directors Auditors' remuneration and expenses				600 2650	- 2500	
Depreciation and amortisation of owned assets			ed	9425	5731	
Depreciation of leases and hir				2042	_	
Operating leases	-			3900	_ ====	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

		2002 £	2001 £
4.	DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS		_
	Emoluments Company contributions to pension schemes	60832 600	53530
		61432	53530
	The remuneration of the highest paid Director included above was: Emoluments and amounts receivable under long	60832	53530
	term incentive schemes Company contributions to pension schemes	600	- -
		61432 =====	53530 =====
5.	STAFF COSTS	number	numbox
	The average number of persons employed by the company, including directors during the year was as follows:	<u> IIumper</u>	number
	Management and administration Sales	4 5 	3 4
		9 ===	7===
	The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:		
	Wages & salaries Other pension costs	141392 1285	66646 610
		142677	67256 ====
6.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
	Interest payable - bank loans and overdrafts - other interest	9373	11866 349
	Finance charges payable - finance leases and his purchase contracts	re 249	-
		9622	12215

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

		2002	2001
7.	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	L	L
	(a) Analysis of charge in period		
	Current tax:		
	UK corporation tax on profits of the period Adjustments in respect of previous periods	28398 -	23123
	Total current tax (note 7a)	28398 ====	23123
	Deferred tax:		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	343	794
	Total deferred tax	343 ===	794 ===
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	28741 =====	23917
	(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the period		
	The tax assessed for the period is lower than corporation tax in the UK (19%). The differences are explained below:	the standard	rate of
	Profit on ordinary activities	150324	112956
	Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19/20% (2001:20%)	28925	22591
	Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	118	94
	Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	(302)	1232
•	Current tax charge for period (note 7a)	28741 =====	23917
			=====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

8. TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Freehold		Office		
		machinery	equipment & <u>fittings</u>		<u>Total</u>
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 st January 2002	226465	7332	16281	_	250078
Additions	6067	5512	10414	18100	40093
At 31 st December 2002	232532	12844	26695	18100	290171
Depreciation:	=======	========	========	:=======	======
Charge for the year	5146	4941	8885	_	18972
Additions	2591	1976	4453	2447	11467
At 31 st December 2002	7737	6917	13338	2447	30439
Net Book Value:	======		=========	=======	======
At 31 st December 2002	224795	5927	13357	15653	259732
	=======			=======	=======
At 31s December 2001	221319	2391	7396	_	231106
	========			=======	=======

The net book value of land and buildings at 31^{st} December 2002 comprised:

£
Freehold 224795
Long leasehold Short leasehold ----224795

The cost of depreciable assets included in land and buildings $31^{\rm st}$ December 2002 was £129567.

Included in the total net book value of tangible fixed assets held $31^{\rm st}$ December 2002 was £11958 in respect of assets held under finance leas and hire purchase contracts.

		2002 £	2001 £
9.	STOCKS (AND WORK IN PROGRESS)		
	Goods for resale	681436	462460
		=====	======

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

		2002 £	2001 £
10.	DEBTORS - ALL RECEIVABLE WITHIN ONE YEA	AR	
	Trade debtors Other debtors	660824 6803	474857 26903
		667627 =====	501760
11.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN C	ONE YEAR	
	Bank loan Trade creditors Corporation tax Other taxes and social security Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts Accruals and deferred income	20570 911136 28398 14986 2387 68547 1046024	12370 649700 23123 9375 - 25047 719615

The bank loan is secured by a fixed charge over the freehold property owned by the company, by a charge over a policy effective on the life of a director and by a floating charge over the assets of the company.

12. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	336612	350988
purchases contracts	3978	· –
Obligations under finance leases and hire	е	
Other loans	240053	232553
Bank loan	92581	118435

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

		2002 £	2001 £
13.	BORROWINGS		
	Analysis of maturity debt:		
	Bank loans Within one year or on demand Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	20570 22627 69954 -	12370 13069 43710 61656
	Hire purchase contracts and other loan Within on year or on demand Between one and two years Between two and five years After five years	as: 3978 - 240053 =====	- - - 232553 =====
	Analysis of creditors falling due afte	r more than five yea	rs:

Aggregate of non-instalment debts that fall due for repayment after five years:

Bank loans - - - Debentures, loan stock and other loans 240053 232553
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts - - -

Aggregate of instalments which fall due for payment after five years:

The other loans are unsecured, interest free and not repayable within five years.

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14. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES

	Taxation	provisions	Total
Balance at 1 st January 2002 Charge for year	794 344	- -	794 344
Balance 31 st December 2002	1138	- - ===	1138 ====
Deferred tax:			
Accelerated capital allowances Tax losses carried forward	1138	794 -	
Undiscounted provision for deferred to	ax 1138 ====	794 ===	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

15. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

The authorised, allotted and fully paid share capital of the company consisted of 5000 ordinary shares of £1 each amounting to £5000.

	2002 £	2001 £
Authorised 5000 ordinary shares of £1 each	5000	5000
Called up, allotted and fully paid: 5000 ordinary shares of £1 each	5000	5000

There have been no changes during the year.

16. RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	<u>2002</u>	2001
	£	£
Profit for the financial year	121583	89039
Dividends	-	-
Net addition to shareholders' funds	121583	89039
Opening shareholders' funds	181919	92880
Closing shareholder's funds	303502	181919
	=====	=====

17. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN CONTRACTS

- a) During the year the company purchased £1578099 (2001:£813434) worth of materials and sold £15375 (2001:£2548) worth of materials on normal commercial terms to/from Louvreflex International, a company in which the immediate family of P Kentor, a director, had a material interest.
- b) During the year the company paid accommodation charges to P Kentor, a director, amounting to £4100 (2001:£4100) being in respect of services provided calculated at market value.
- c) During the year the company purchased a motor vehicle from P Kentor, a director, amounting to £3000. The transaction was calculated at market value and on normal commercial terms.

18. RELATED PARTIES

The company is wholly owned by First Rock Trustees Limited, a company registered in Gibraltar, who own the whole of the issued share capital through a nominee company First Rock Holdings Limited, also registered in Gibraltar. The ultimate controlling parties are not known but it is understood there are no fellow trading subsidiaries or associated trading companies within the group.

19. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

At the year end date the company's directors were considering the acquisition of additional freehold premises. A building had been identified as being suitable for the company, but no contracts signed at 31st December 2002. The potential cost of the building is anticipated to be approximately £750,000.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 ST DECEMBER 2002 (Continued)

20. LEASING COMMITMENTS

At $31^{\rm st}$ December 2002 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as detailed below:

	Land and Buildings Other	Other	2001 Land and buildings Other	<u>Other</u>
Operating leases which expire				
Within one year Within two to five years	6000	- 9912	<u></u> -	- -
After more than five years	_		_	-
	6000	9912		
	=====	====	====	===

21. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The company is involved in a legal dispute regarding goods it supplies. The company has sought to limit its liability in this dispute to £10,000, which has been fully provided for together with the legal fees anticipated. It is not considered further material costs will arise.