**ANNUAL REPORT** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

**31 DECEMBER 2006** 

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6RH



Company No 3000681

# INDEX TO THE ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

Page_No_	
1 - 2	Directors' Report
3	Independent Auditors Report
4	Profit and Loss Account
5	Balance Sheet
6 - 9	Notes to the Financial Statements

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS' FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

The Directors are pleased to present their annual report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2006

#### 1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is to carry on investment business and to earn income therefrom

#### 2 REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The results for the year are shown on page 4 of the annual report. The Directors expect the principal activity of the Company to remain unchanged for the foreseeable future.

#### 3 DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not propose a dividend for the year ended 31 December 2006 (2005 nil)

#### 4 DIRECTORS

The Directors of the Company during the whole of the year were as follows -

Mr P Sjoberg (appointed 1st January 2006)

Mr D M Baverstam

Mr S F Board (appointed 1st January 2006)

Mr T J Thomson (resigned 1st January 2006)

The Directors had no interests in the shares of the Company at any time during the year. The interests of the Directors, who are also directors of the parent company, in CLS Holdings plc are disclosed in that Company's financial statements.

Each Director has confirmed that

- So far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are
- He has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware
  of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that
  information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s234ZA of the Companies Act 1985

#### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

#### 5 STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Directors are responsible for preparing the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

The Directors are responsible for preparing financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year. In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors confirm that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## 6 AUDITORS

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP will not seek reappointment as auditors of the Company and a resolution to appoint Deloitte & Touche LLP as auditors will be proposed at the annual general meeting

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

REGISTERED OFFICE.

Mr S Board Director

18 May 2007

26th Floor Portland House Bressenden Place London SW1E 5BG England

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF CHARLWORTH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Charlworth Limited for the year ended 31 December 2006 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described in the Statement of Directors Responsibilities the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors. Report is consistent with the financial statements. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the Company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors, remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors. Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

in our opinion

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2006 and of its loss for the year then ended
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements

ewaterhouselooper Lif

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors London

18 May 2007

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT**

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

	NOTES	2006 £	2005 £
Turnover	(1)	165	254
Administrative expenses		(7,132)	(8,167)
Operating loss		(6,967)	(7,913)
Profit on sale of shares			1,998
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(3)	(6,967)	(5,915)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	(4)	(275)	-
Loss for the financial year	(9)	(7,242)	(5,915)

The Company has no other recognised gains or losses other than those reported in the above profit and loss account

There is no material difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents

All items included in the above profit and loss account are part of continuing operations

# **BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2006**

	NOTES	2006 £	2005 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Fixed asset investments	(5)	5,000	-
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors amounts falling due within one year	(6)	1	3,499
Cash at bank and in hand		1,400	1,237
		1,401	4,736
CREDITORS amounts falling due within one year	(7)	(8,907)	-
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES/ASSETS		(7,506)	4,736
NET LIABILITIES/ASSETS		(2,506)	4,736
CAPITAL AND RESERVES  Called up share capital  Profit and loss account	(8) (9)	10,000 (12,506)	10,000 (5 264)
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICITS)/FUNDS	.,	(2,506)	4 736
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICITS)/FUNDS		(2,506)	4 73 

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on  $18\,\mathrm{May}\ 2007$  and signed on its behalf by

\_\_ DIRECTOR

7

Mr S Board

- 5 -

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006

#### 1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements

#### 1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards. The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 as a cash flow statement has been prepared for the Group. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of CLS Holdings plc and has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 not to detail transactions with fellow Group undertakings as the financial statements of CLS Holdings plc are publicly available. The Company has received assurances from fellow group Companies that sufficient funds will be made available to meet the Company's requirements for at least twelve months from the date of these accounts. Accordingly, these financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Consolidated financial statements incorporating Charlworth Limited and its subsidiary are prepared by CLS Holdings plc and therefore consolidated financial statements of the company have not been prepared

#### 12 Turnover

Turnover comprises income receivable from investments, excluding VAT

## 1.3 Fixed Asset Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost. A provision is made for any permanent diminution in value

## 1 4 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of timing differences arising from differences in the treatment for accounts and tax purposes of transactions or events recognised in the financial statements except that

- Provision is not made in respect of property revaluation gains or losses
- Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that suitable taxable profits are considered sufficiently certain to arise which could be set against these assets when they reverse

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences reverse

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

## 2 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS & EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The emoluments of the Directors of the Company, who are Directors of CLS Holdings plc, are disclosed in that Company's financial statements in respect of their services to the group as a whole. The Company had no employees during the year (2005) none)

3	LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	2006 £	2005 €
	This is stated after charging Auditors remuneration	1,175	1,173
4	TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2006 £	2005 €
	UK corporation tax at 30% (2005) 30%)		-
	Payment for losses surrendered under Group Relief arrangement	275	
		275	-
	The current tax charge for the period is lower in 2006 and 2005 than the sta	andard rate of UK	
		2006	
		£	2005 £
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by		
	the standard rate of UK corporation tax of 30% (2005 30%)	(2,091)	
	Effect of	0.001	(1,775)
	Losses surrendered by group/consortium relief	2,091	1,775
	Current tax charge in profit and loss account		-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

# 5 FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS

	Shares in Gilts
	£
Balance at 1st January	-
Additions	5 000
Disposals	-
Balance at 31st December	5,000

The above Gilts were purchased at a cost of £5,000. Market value at 31 December 2006 was £4,844 36 (2005 nil) The Directors do not consider this diminution to be permanent, therefore no provision has been made in the accounts

6	DEBTORS - Amounts falling due within one year	2006 €	2005 £
	Amounts due from group undertakings	-	3,499
	Accrued income	1	
		1	3,499
7	CREDITORS. amounts falling due within one year	2006 €	2005 £
	Amounts due to group undertakings	8,907	-
		8,907	-
8	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	2006 €	2005 £
	Authorised ordinary Shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
	Allotted called up and fully paid Ordinary Shares of £1 each	10,000	10 000

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2006 (CONTINUED)

## 9 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' (DEFICIT)/FUNDS

	Share	Profit &	2006	2005
	Capital	Loss Account	Total	Total
	£	£	£	£
Balance at 1 January	10,000	(5,264)	4,736	653
Issued share capital	-	-	-	9,998
Loss for the financial year	-	(7,242)	(7,242)	(5,915)
Balance at 31 December	10,000	(12,506)	(2,506)	4,736

## 10 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the Directors' opinion no contingent liabilities exist

#### 11 PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Directors consider that the immediate, ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is CLS Holdings plc which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the parent's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, CLS Holding plc, 26th Floor Portland House, Bressenden Place London, SW1E 5BG

# 12 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 21 March 2007 the Chancellor proposed a reduction in the Corporation tax rate in the UK from 30 per cent effective from 1 April 2008. In accordance with UK GAAP provisions, the existing rate of 30 per cent is still used as a basis for the calculation of the deferred tax stated. An estimate of the financial effect of this change cannot be made due to the uncertain timing of the reversal or crystalisation of the deferred tax provisions.