Virgin Vouchers Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

31 January 2001 Registered number 2999861

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Directors' report and financial statements

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Directors' report

The directors present their report with the audited financial statements of the Company for the year to 31 January 2001.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the Company in the period under review was that of a vendor of discount vouchers, for redemption with other Virgin companies.

Results

During the year the Company made a loss of £18,464 (2000: profit £276,565). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Review of the business

The company has experienced difficult trading conditions which has been affected by the introduction of Employers National Insurance on vouchers, although costs have generally been controlled in line with the decrease in turnover.

In order to address this decline in sales the company has employed a sales & marketing director and has branched out into the experience market with the launch of Virgin Incentives in April 2001.

Directors and directors' interests

The directors during the period under review were:

WMF Herriot

DP Legge (resigned 10 March 2000)
IS Burroughs (resigned 1 November 2001)

None of the directors who held office at the end of the period had any disclosable interests in the shares of the Company, or other group companies.

Auditors

The members of the Company have passed elective resolutions in accordance with Sections 366A, 252 and 386 of the Companies Act 1985 dispensing with the previous statutory requirement of holding annual general meetings, laying accounts before the Company in general meetings and re-appointing auditors annually. This last resolution will lead to the continuing appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Company until further notice.

By/order of the Board

WMF Herris Director 120 Campden Hill Road London W8 7AR

30 November 2001

Statement of directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial period which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.



Independent auditors report to the members of Virgin Vouchers Limited

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We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 11.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and, as described on page 2, the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards. Our responsibilities, as independent auditors, are established in the United Kingdom by statute, the Auditing Practices Board and by our profession's ethical guidance.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 January 2001 and of its loss for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

20 Jecentel 2001

KPMG

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors London PO Box 695 8 Salisbury Square London EC4Y 8BB

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 January 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
Turnover	2	3,024,972	4,173,452
Cost of sales		(2,572,739)	(3,542,321)
Gross profit		452,233	631,131
Administrative expenses		(580,601)	(460,070)
Distribution costs		. , ,	
DISTRIBUTION COSTS		(13,380)	(18,391)
Operating (loss)/profit		(141,748)	152,670
Interest receivable and similar income	4	123,284	123,895
(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	(18,464)	276,565
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	5	-	-
Retained (loss)/profit for the year	13	(18,464)	276,565
Accumulated loss brought forward		(123,612)	(400,177)
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Accumulated loss carried forward		(142,076)	(123,612)

The Company has no recognised gains or losses other than those disclosed in the profit and loss account above. The profit for the period arises solely from continuing operations.

Balance sheet

at 31 January 2001

	Notes	£	2001	£	2000 £
Fixed assets		£	£	£	Ĺ
Tangible assets	7		31,249		28,231
Current assets					
Stock	8	25,525		33,014	
Debtors	9	1,468,321		1,344,895	
Cash at bank and in hand		617,010		1,217,120	
		2,110,856		2,595,029	
Creditors: amounts falling due within		,		, ,	
one year	10	(2,284,179)		(2,746,870)	
					
Net current liabilities			(173,323)		(151,841)
Net liabilities			(142,074)		(123,610)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	II		2		2
Profit and loss account			(142,076)		(123,612)
Equity shareholders' funds	13		(142,074)		(123,610)
/	15		(172,074)		(12.7,010)

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 30 November 2001, and signed on its behalf by

WMF Herriot Director

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis in view of the fact that the ultimate parent undertaking Virgin Group Investments Limited (formerly known as Virgin Travel Limited) has formally indicated that it will provide sufficient funding to the Company, to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due, for at least the next twelve months.

The directors have no reason to believe that the parent company will not be in a position to provide the support referred to above and, accordingly, they have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis.

Fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets by equal instalments over their estimated useful economic life as follows:

Office equipment

25% per annum. 12.5% per annum

Leasehold improvements

Stocks

Stock is stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Cash flow statement

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised 1996), which the group has adopted in these financial statements, the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking, Barfair Limited, includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements.

Post -retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme, the assets of which are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The amount charged against profits represents the contributions payable to the scheme for the period.

Related party transactions

Under Financial Reporting Standard 8 the company is exempt from the requirement to disclose intercompany related party transactions on the grounds that it is wholly owned subsidiary of a parent undertaking, Barfair Limited, which prepares and publishes consolidated financial statements.

2 Turnover

The turnover and profit before taxation are attributable to the principal activity of the Company. Turnover represents the amounts invoiced to customers for goods and services excluding VAT, and is all derived in the UK.

3 (Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The (loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging:

	2001 £	2000 £
Depreciation – owned assets	9,864	6,509
Auditors' remuneration – audit services	5,000	5,000
Operating lease rentals	17,630	7,063
4 Interest receivable and similar income	•••	2000
	2001	2000
	£	£
Interest receivable and similar income	89,423	87,277
Interest receivable on loan to group undertaking	33,861	36,618
	123,284	123,895

5 Taxation

2000 £	2001 £	
_	-	UK Corporation tax at 30% (2000: 30.25%)
		UK Corporation tax at 30% (2000: 30.25%)

No charge to taxation arises due to loss arising in the current year.

6 Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category, were as follows:

	2001	2000
Selling and distribution	6	5
Administration	1	3
	7	8
The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as for	llows:	
	2001	2000
	£	£
Wages and salaries	137,274	133,885
Social security costs	14,624	13,464
Other pension costs	3,715	1,943
	155 (12	140.202
	155,613	149,292

The directors were paid no fees or emoluments by the Company during the year (2000:£nil).

7	Tangible fixed assets
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		Leasehold improvements	Office Equipment £	Total
	Cost			
	At beginning of year	4,936	62,578	67,514
	Additions	3,150	12,920	16,070
	Disposals	(4,936)	•	(4,936)
	At end of year	3,150	75,498	78,648
	Depreciation			
	At beginning of year	1,645	37,638	39,283
	Charge for the year	234	9,630	9,864
	Disposals	(1,748)	, <u>-</u>	(1,748)
	At end of year	131	47,268	47,399
	Net book value			
	At 31 January 2001	3,019	28,230	31,249
	At 31 January 2000	3,291	24,940	28,231
8	Stocks			
			2001 £	2000 £
	Finished goods for resale		25,525	33,014
9	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2001	2000
			£	£
	Trade debtors		189,843	647,424
	Amounts owed by group undertakings		1,233,715	661,436
	Amounts owed by related undertakings		25,057	8,472
	Other debtors and deferred income		8,945	13,270
	Prepayments		10,761	14,293
			1,468,321	1,344,895
				=

10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2001	2000
		£	£
	Trade creditors	73,441	27,950
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	349,803	5,365
	Amounts owed to related undertakings Other creditors including tax and social security	20,140 630	62,610
	Accruals	1,840,165	2,650,945
		2,284,179	2,746,870
11	Leasing commitments		
**	Zenong commence		
	Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:		
		2001	2000
		Other	Other
		£	£
	Operating leases which expire:		
	In the second to fifth years inclusive	35,706	13,289
12	Called up share capital		
		2001 £	2000 £
	Authorised	-	
	1000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	. . 	
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

13 Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds

2001	2000
£	£
(18,464)	276,565
(123,610)	(400,175)
(142,074)	(123,610)
	£ (18,464) (123,610)

14 Ultimate parent Company

The ultimate parent undertaking is Virgin Group Investments Limited, a Company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands.

The only accounts into which the results of the company are consolidated are those of an intermediate parent company Barfair Limited. Barfair Limited is registered in England and Wales and its accounts can be obtained from Companies House.