REGISTRANS COTY

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 2997688

DIRECT BOOT AND SHOE SUPPLIES LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 NOVEMBER 2005



INGER & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors
7 Redbridge Lane East
Redbridge, Ilford
Essex IG4 5ET

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2005

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE COMPANY

PURSUANT TO SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 November 2005 prepared under Section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTOR AND THE AUDITORS

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and report our opinion to you.

BASIS OF OPINION

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

OPINION

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

7 Redbridge Lane East Redbridge, llford Essex IG4 5ET

9 November 2006

INGER & COMPANY Chartered Accountants & Registered Auditors

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

30 NOVEMBER 2005

	2005			2004	
1	lote	£	£	£	
FIXED ASSETS	2				
Intangible assets			8,873	-	
Tangible assets			2,691,468	1,038,923	
			2,700,341	1,038,923	
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		105,181		117,203	
Debtors Cash at bank and in hand		104,903		85,731	
Cash at bank and in hand		55,385		305,656	
CDEDITORS		265,469		508,590	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		540,280		467,713	
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(274,811)	40,877	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			2,425,530	1,079,800	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year	3		1,089,000	-	
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGE	S		57,262		
			1,279,268	1,079,800	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called-up equity share capital Profit and loss account	. 4		1,000 1,278,268	1,000 1,07 8,8 00	
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,279,268	1,079,800	
The state of the s				-,0.,,000	

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved and signed by the director on 9 November 2006.

M COOPER Director

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The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

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20% p.a. straight line basis

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures & Fittings

15% p.a. reducing balance

Motor Vehicles

25% p.a. reducing Balance

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2005

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
COST			
At 1 December 2004	_	1,105,931	1,105,931
Additions	11,092	1,713,493	1,724,585
Disposals		(18,250)	(18,250)
At 30 November 2005	11,092	2,801,174	2,812,266
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 December 2004	_	67,008	67,008
Charge for year	2,219	52,851	55,070
On disposals		(10,153)	(10,153)
At 30 November 2005	2,219	109,706	111,925
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 November 2005	8,873	2,691,468	2,700,341
At 30 November 2004		1,038,923	1,038,923

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 30 NOVEMBER 2005

2. FIXED ASSETS (continued)

4.

No depreciation is charged on freehold properties. It is the company's policy to maintain such freehold properties in a continuous state of good repair. The director considers that the lives of these freehold properties are so long and the residual values so high that any depreciation is insignificant.

3. CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year

The following liabilities disclosed under creditors falling due after more than one year are secured by the company:

secured by the company:	2005	2004
Bank loans and overdrafts	900,000	£
SHARE CAPITAL		
Authorised share capital:		
	2005	2004
	£	£
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
·	## ·····	***

Allotted,	called	up and	fully	paid:

	2005		2004	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000