MIRENWEST LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED

31 DECEMBER 1997

COOPERS & LYBRAND

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 1 Embankment Place London WC2N 6NN



INDEX TO THE ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997

<u>Page No</u>	
1	Directors' report
2	Statement of Directors' Responsibilities
3	Auditors' report to the Members
4	Profit and loss account
5	Balance sheet
6 - 10	Notes to the Financial Statements

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997

The Directors are pleased to present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31st December 1997.

1 PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is to invest in commercial property.

2 REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The results for the year are shown on page 4 of the financial statements.

3 DIVIDENDS

The Directors do not recommend payment of any dividends for the year ended 31st December 1997. (1996: Nil)

4 FIXED ASSETS

Information relating to the changes in tangible fixed assets is given in Note 7 to the accounts.

5 DIRECTORS

The Directors of the company during the year were as follows:

Mr B F Mörtstedt Mr G Hirsch

The Directors had no interests in the shares of the company at any time during the year. The interests of the Directors in CLS Holdings plc are disclosed in that company's financial statements.

6 AUDITORS

A resolution to reappoint Coopers & Lybrand as auditors to the company will be proposed at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

Mr B F Mortstedt

Director

REGISTERED OFFICE:

6 Spring Gardens
Citadel Place
Tinworth Street
London
SE11 5EH

27 March 1998

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of the affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing the financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company, and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF MIRENWEST LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 4 to 10.

Respective Responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

As described on page 2, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company at 31 December 1997 and of its profit and total recognised gains for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Cogoes + hybrid, coopers & lybrand

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors LONDON

27 March 1998

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997

	NOTES	1997 £	1996 £
Turnover	(2)	440,000	796,950
Administrative expenses		(30,737)	(76,021)
Operating profit		409,263	720,929
Interest payable and related charges	(4)	(172,031)	(194,760)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	(3)	237,232	526,169
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	(6)	-	1,464
Retained profit for the year	(14)	237,232	527,633
STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND	LOSSES	1997 £	1996 £
Profit for the financial year		237,232	527,633
Unrealised surplus on revaluation of properties		1,450,000	-
Total gains and losses recognised		1,687,232	527,633

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents.

All items included in the above profit and loss account are part of continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 1997

	NOTES	1997 £	1996 £
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	(7)	6,450,000	5,000,000
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors - Amounts falling due after more than one year	(8)	13,637	22,623
Debtors - Amounts falling due within one year	(9)	9,162	9,193
		22,799	31,816
CREDITORS: amounts falling due			
within one year	(10)	(755,957)	(920,006)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES ~		(733,158)	(888,190)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		5,716,842	4,111,810
CREDITORS: amounts falling due			
after more than one year	(11)	1,917,800	2,000,000
PROVISION for liabilities and charges	(12)	-	-
CARVELLA AND DESCRIPTION			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital	(13)	2	2
Revaluation Reserve	(14)	2,433,420	983,420
Profit and loss account	(14)	1,365,620	1,128,388
EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		3,799,042	2,111,810
		5,716,842	4,111,810

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 March 1998 and signed on its behalf by:

Director

Mr B F Mortstedt

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997

1 PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of land and buildings and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 as a cash flow statement has been prepared for the group. The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of CLS Holdings plc and has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 not to detail transactions with fellow Group undertakings which eliminate on consolidation.

1.2 Tangible fixed assets

Investment properties are revalued annually. Completed investment properties are stated at their open market value. Investment properties in the course of development are stated at open market value in their existing state. Surpluses or deficits arising on revaluation are reflected in the revaluation reserve. Revaluation deficits in excess of the amount of prior revaluation surpluses are charged to the profit and loss account.

1.3 Depreciation

In accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice 19, no depreciation is provided on completed freehold investment properties. The requirement of the Companies Act 1985 is to depreciate all properties, but that requirement conflicts with the generally accepted accounting principle set out in SSAP 19. The directors consider that, as these properties are not held for consumption but for investment, to depreciate them would not give a true and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is one of the many factors influencing a property valuation and if depreciation or amortisation might have been charged, it is not possible to identify or quantify this separately.

No depreciation is provided on leasehold investment properties with unexpired terms of more than 50 years. Leasehold properties having unexpired terms of less than 50 years are amortised so as to write off their cost or valuation over the unexpired period of the lease.

1.4 Turnover

Turnover comprises the total value of rents receivable under operating leases during the year, excluding VAT. Rents received in advance are shown as deferred income in the balance sheet.

1.5 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided on the liability method on all timing differences to the extent that they are expected to reverse in the future without being replaced. It is calculated at the rate at which it is estimated that tax will be payable.

2	TURNOVER	1997 £	1996 £
	Rental income within the United Kingdom	440,000	796,950
3	PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	1997 £	1996 £
	This is stated after charging: Auditors' remuneration	806	805

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

4	INTEREST PAYABLE AND RELATED CHARGES	1997 £	1996 £
	On bank loans, overdrafts and other loans Interest cap amortisation	163,045 8,986	185,758 9,002
		172,031	194,760

5 DIRECTORS' EMOLUMENTS & EMPLOYEE INFORMATION

The emoluments of the Directors of the company who are Directors of CLS Holdings plc are disclosed in the financial statements of that company in respect of their services to the group as a whole. The company had no employees during the year. (1996: None)

6	TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	1997 £	1996 £
	Deferred Taxation	-	1,464

UK Corporation tax at 31.5%. (1996: 33%)

No provision for Corporation Tax has been made for the year due to the availability of losses brought forward and to the excess of capital allowances over depreciation on which, in accordance with the company's accounting policy, no deferred tax has been provided.

7	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	1997 £	1996 £
	Leasehold property Valuation at 1 January Surplus on revaluation	5,000,000 1,450,000	5,000,000
	Valuation at 31 December	6,450,000	5,000,000

At 31 December the leasehold investment properties were revalued at an estimate of their open market values taking into account their condition and tenancies existing at that date. The property valuations were carried out by professional valuers, Allsop & Co. Chartered Surveyors.

The historical cost of the leasehold investment properties included at valuation is £4,016,580.

8	DEBTORS - Amounts falling due after one year	1997 £	1996 £
	Other debtors	13,637	22,623

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

9	DEBTORS - Amounts falling due within one year	1997 £	1996 £
	Other debtors Prepayment and accrued income	8,986 176	8,986 207
		9,162	9,193
10	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	1997 £	1996 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts due to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income	82,200 3,835 526,218 143,704	500,000 1,250 273,773 144,983
		755,957	920,006
11	CREDITORS: amounts falling due after more than one year	1997 £	1996 ₤
	Bank loans	1,917,800	2,000,000

Interest on the bank loan is charged at Libor plus a margin of 1.25% and is repayable within five years. The bank loan is secured by a legal charge over the respective property to which it relates.

The loan is repayable as follows:	1997 £	1996 £
In one year or less Between one and two years Between two and five years	82,200 78,493 1,839,307	500,000 82,200 1,917,800
	2,000,000	2,500,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

12 DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided as follows:	19	997	19	96
·	Provision	Amount Unprovided	Provision	Amount Unprovided
	£	£	£	£
Capital allowances in excess of depreciation	-	214,063	-	171,832
Taxation on revaluation surplus	-	639,227		248,269
Losses brought forward	-	(31,000)	<u></u>	(64,525)
				-
	-	822,290	-	355,576

No provision has been included in the financial statements for deferred taxation as there are no plans to sell the investment property and therefore no liability is anticipated in the foreseeable future.

13	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL	1997	1996
		£	£
	Authorised, allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

14 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT IN EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	Share Capital £	Revaluation Reserve £	Profit & Loss Account £	1997 Total £	1996 Total ₤
Balance at 1 January Profit for the year Surplus on revaluation	2 - -	983,420 - 1,450,000	1,128,388 237,232	2,111,810 237,232 1,450,000	1,584,177 527,633
	2	2,433,420	1,365,620	3,799,042	2,111,810

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 1997 (CONTINUED)

15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

In the opinion of the Directors, no contingent liablities exist.

16 PARENT UNDERTAKING

The Directors consider that the immediate and ultimate parent undertaking is CLS Holdings plc which is registered in England and Wales. Copies of the parent's consolidated financial statements may be obtained from The Secretary, CLS Holdings plc, 6 Spring Gardens, Citadel Place, Tinworth Street, London, SE11 5EH.