



**CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF A PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY**

Company No. 2991159

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales hereby certifies that
SUPERFRAME GROUP plc

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 1985 as a public
company and that the company is limited.

Given at Companies House, London, the 11th November 1994



5002911594

L. Mills

MRS L. MILLS
For The Registrar Of Companies



COMPANIES HOUSE

Statutory Declaration of compliance with requirements on application for registration of a company

Pursuant to section 12(3) of the Companies Act 1985

To the Registrar of Companies

For official use

For official use

use complete
ably, preferably
black type, or
d block lettering

[] [] [] [] [] []

299 1159

Name of company

* SUPERFRAME GROUP plc

insert full
name of Company

I, MARK MICHEL BERNARD JOURNU TASKER

of 20 Rushden Gardens

Mill Hill

London NW7 2NY

delete as
appropriate

do solemnly and sincerely declare that I am a ~~[Solicitor engaged in the formation of the company]~~†
[person named as director or secretary of the company in the statement delivered to the registrar under
section 10(2)]† and that all the requirements of the above Act in respect of the registration of the above
company and of matters precedent and incidental to it have been complied with,

And I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true and by virtue of the
provisions of the Statutory Declarations Act 1835

Declared at 1 Dean Farrar Street
London SW1

Declarant to sign below

the 10th day of November

One thousand nine hundred and ninety four

before me John L. Gatenby

A Commissioner for Oaths or Notary Public or Justice of
the Peace or Solicitor having the powers conferred on a
Commissioner for Oaths.

Mark Tasker

JOHN L. GATENBY
SOLICITOR
1 Dean Farrar Street,
Westminster
London SW1H 0DY

Presenter's name address and
reference (if any):

For official Use

New Companies Section

Post room



KLO *K8ZCL693* 2485
COMPANIES HOUSE 11/11/94

**Statement of first directors and
secretary and intended situation
of registered office**

Form should be completed in black.

Company name (in full)

CN 2991159

For official use

SUPERFRAME GROUP plc

Registered office of the company on
incorporation.

RO 1 Dean Farrar Street

Westminster

Post town London

County/Region

Postcode SW1H 0DY

The memorandum is delivered by an
agent for the subscribers of the
memorandum mark 'X' in the box
opposite and give the agent's name
and address.

☐

Name

RA

Post town

County/Region

Postcode



KLO *K8ZCM694* 2486
COMPANIES HOUSE 11/11/94

Number of continuation sheets attached

☐

Whom should Companies House
at any enquiries about the
information shown in this form?

Birchem & Co

1 Dean Farrar Street, Westminster

London

Postcode SW1H 0DY

Telephone 071-222 8044

Extension 541XV

Name
*Style/Title
Forenames
Surname
*Honours etc
Previous forenames
Previous surname

Address

Usual residential address must be given.
In the case of a corporation, give the
registered or principal office address.

Consent signature

Directors (See notes 1 - 5)
Please list directors in alphabetical order.

Name
*Style/Title
Forenames
Surname
*Honours etc
Previous forenames
Previous surname

Address

Usual residential address must be given.
In the case of a corporation, give the
registered or principal office address.

Date of birth

Business occupation

Other directorships

* Voluntary details

Consent signature

CS

MARK MICHEL BERNARD JOURNU

TASKER

AD

20 Rushden Gardens

Mill Hill

Post town London

County/Region

Postcode SW1H 0DY

Country

I consent to act as secretary of the company named on page 1

Signed

Mark Tasker

Date

10/11/94

CD

MARK MICHEL BERNARD JOURNU

TASKER

AD

20 Rushden Gardens

Mill Hill

Post town London

County/Region

Postcode SW1H 0DY

Country

DO

020763

Nationality

NA

British

OC

Solicitor

OD

Vogue Export Group PLC, Advanced Media
Group PLC, 80 Balham Park Road Residents'
Association Ltd, Starlight Foundation Ltd.

I consent to act as director of the company named on page 1

Signed

Mark Tasker

Date

10/11/94

Directors (continued)

Form 101 1/94

Name

*Style/Title

Forenames

Surname

*Honours etc

Previous forenames

Previous surname

Address

Usual residential address must be given.
In the case of a corporation, give the
registered or principal office address.

Date of birth

Business occupation

Other directorships

* Voluntary details

Consent signature

CD

MELANIE

JONES

AD

Flat 6

21 St George's Square

Post town London

County/Region

Postcode SW1H 0DY

Country

DO

0 3 0 8 6 6

Nationality

NA

British

OC

Trainee Solicitor

OD

I consent to act as director of the company named on page 1

Signed

Melanie Jones

Date

10/11/94

Delete if the form
is signed by the
subscribers.

Signature of agent on behalf of all subscribers

Date

Delete if the form
is signed by an
agent on behalf of
all the subscribers.

Signed

Mark Taylor

Date

10/11/94

All the subscribers
must sign either
personally or by a
person or persons
authorised to sign
on their

Signed

Melanie Jones

Date

10/11/94

Signed

Date

Signed

Date

Signed

Date

Signed

Date

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

- of -

SUPERFRAME GROUP plc



1. THE name of the Company is "SUPERFRAME GROUP plc".
2. THE Company is to be a public company.
3. THE Registered Office of the Company will be situate in England and Wales.
4. (A) THE object of the Company is to carry on business as a general commercial company.
(B) WITHOUT prejudice to the generality of sub-Clause (A) of this Clause the object of the Company includes in addition the following specific objects:-
 - (1) To carry on the business of an investment company in all its branches and for that purpose to invest the capital and other monies of the Company in the acquisition or upon the security of any freehold, leasehold or other property for any estate or interest whatsoever and in the purchase or upon the security of shares, stocks, debentures, debenture stocks, bonds, obligations and the right to participate in profits and assets and other similar documents issued or guaranteed by any company or by any government, sovereign ruler, commissioners, public body or authority, superior, municipal, local or otherwise, whether in the United Kingdom or abroad.
 - (2) To be the holding company of companies carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, or formed for the purpose of carrying on or engaging in, any businesses or transactions whether or not being businesses or transactions which the Company is authorised to carry on or engage in, and for that purpose to acquire (whether by purchase, subscription or otherwise), hold, deal in and dispose of shares, stocks, debentures and other securities of any such companies and to promote, organise, incorporate, float, re-organise, finance and to aid and assist financially or otherwise any such companies.
 - (i) To co-ordinate and manage the group (hereinafter called "the Group") consisting of the Company, its subsidiary companies, any holding company of the Company, any subsidiary of any such holding company, and any other company in which the Company is for the time being directly or indirectly interested.



and to exercise all the rights and powers (if any) of the Company over or in relation to any such companies and in this Clause any reference to the Company's advantage or to the Company's interests shall be construed as a reference to the advantage or to the interests, as the case may be, of any of (i) the Group as a whole, and (ii) one or more of the companies for the time being comprising the Group.

- (ii) To make or do or assist in making or doing such arrangements and things as may be considered desirable with a view to causing any of the businesses of any of the companies for the time being comprising the Group to be carried on economically and profitably and to promote the success or best interests of any such companies, by mutual assistance and by co-operation with one another or by any other means.
 - (iii) To employ the funds of the Company in the development and expansion of all or any of the businesses of any of the companies for the time being comprising the Group and of any other company, whether now existing or hereafter to be formed, engaged in any business like to, or ancillary to, or which can conveniently be carried on in connection with any of those of any of the companies for the time being comprising the Group.
 - (iv) To act as managers, secretaries, directors, registrars or transfer or other agents of or for any company, whether or not for the time being comprised in the Group and to take part in the formation, management, supervision or control of the business or operations of any such company, and to provide transport, managerial, executive, supervisory, consultant, advisory, technical, secretarial, administrative, accounting and other supplies, staff or services (including the provision of office, factory, plant or other accommodation), to engage, employ and remunerate staff, to institute, manage and operate superannuation, insurance and other schemes and generally to perform any services or undertake any duties to or on behalf of or in other manner to assist any such company and either without remuneration or on such terms as to remuneration as may be agreed.
- (3) To carry on any other business of any nature whatsoever which may seem to the Directors to be capable of being advantageously carried on by way of extension of, in connection with, or as ancillary to any of the businesses of the Company, or to be calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or facilitate the realisation of or render profitable or more profitable any of the property or rights of the Company, or to be likely to be to the Company's advantage.

- (4) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire and hold, any real or personal property or any interest in any such property, and to sell, lease, exchange, hire, or otherwise dispose of and to improve, manage, develop, grant rights or privileges in respect of or otherwise turn the same to the Company's advantage.
- (5) To build, construct, maintain, alter, enlarge, pull down, remove or replace any buildings, works, plant and machinery and all other works and conveniences which may seem to the Directors necessary or convenient for the business of the Company or likely to be to the Company's advantage and to work, manage and control the same or to join with any person or company in doing any of the above.
- (6) To apply for, purchase or otherwise acquire and protect, prolong and renew any patents, licences and the like, conferring any exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right of user or any secret or other information as to any invention which in the opinion of the Directors may be likely to be to the Company's advantage and to use, develop, manufacture under or grant licences in respect of, or otherwise turn to account and expend money in experimenting upon and testing and in improving or seeking to improve any rights and information so acquired or proposed to be acquired.
- (7) In any manner to invest and deal with the monies of the Company not immediately required.
- (8) To lend and advance money or give credit to such persons or companies and on such terms as may seem to the Directors to be expedient, and in particular to customers and others having dealings with the Company and to receive money on deposit or loan from and give guarantees or become surety for any persons or companies.
- (9) To borrow or raise money in such manner and upon such terms and on such security as may seem to the Directors to be expedient and in particular by the issue or deposit of debentures or debenture stock and to secure the repayment of any money borrowed, raised or owing by mortgage, charge or lien upon the whole or any part of the undertaking, property and assets of the Company, both present and future, including its uncalled capital, and also by a similar mortgage, charge or lien to secure and guarantee the performance by the Company or any other person or company of any contracts, engagements, liabilities or obligations undertaken by the Company or any other person or company as the case may be and generally to give guarantees and indemnities and give security therefor either with or without the Company receiving any consideration or advantage therefrom.
- (10) To draw, make, accept, indorse, negotiate, execute and issue scrip and other negotiable or transferable instruments and to discount, buy, sell

and deal in bills, notes, warrants, coupons and other negotiable or transferable securities or documents.

- (11) To pay for any rights or property acquired by the Company, and to remunerate any person or company rendering services to the Company in any manner and to pay all or any of the preliminary expenses of the Company and of any company formed or promoted by the Company, in every case whether by cash payment or by the allotment of shares, debentures or other securities of the Company credited as paid up in full or in part or otherwise.
- (12) To subscribe or guarantee money for any national, charitable, benevolent, educational or social object, or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object which the Directors may think desirable or to the Company's advantage.
- (13) To establish and support, or to aid in the establishment and support of, any society, club, institution, organisation or scheme which in the opinion of the Directors may further the Company's interests or may benefit any persons who are or have been officers or employees (i) of the Company, (ii) of any company which is the Company's holding company or a subsidiary of the Company or of any such holding company, or (iii) of any other company, or wives, husbands, widows, widowers, children or step-children under the age of 18 years and other relatives and dependants of such persons, or may be connected with any town or place where any company within the Group carries on business and to establish and support profit sharing or share purchase schemes for the benefit of any such persons and so far as the law allows to lend money to any such persons or to trustees on their behalf to enable any such purchase schemes to be established or maintained.
- (14) To grant bonuses, gratuities, pensions, superannuation or other allowances or benefits or charitable aid to any persons who are or have been officers or employees (i) of the Company, (ii) of any company which is the Company's holding company or a subsidiary of the Company or of any such holding company, or (iii) of any other company, and to the wives, husbands, widows, widowers, children or step-children under the age of 18 years and other relatives and dependants of such persons, and to make payments towards insurance and to establish and support superannuation and other funds or schemes for the benefit of any such persons and of their wives, husbands, widows, widowers, children or step-children under the age of 18 years and other relatives and dependants.
- (15) To apply for, promote or obtain any order, Act of Parliament or licences of the Department of Trade or other authority or body for enabling the Company to carry any of its objects into effect or to advance its interests or for effecting a modification of the Company's

constitution or for any other purpose which may seem to the Directors to be expedient, and to oppose any proceedings or applications which seem calculated, directly or indirectly, to prejudice the Company's interests.

- (16) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part or the business, property, assets, liabilities and transactions of any person or company carrying on or engaged in or about to carry on or engage in any business which the Company is authorised to carry on or engage in or which may seem likely to be to the Company's advantage.
- (17) To amalgamate or enter into partnership, or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, co-operation, participation, joint adventure or reciprocal concession, with any person or company carrying on or engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the Company is authorised to carry on or engage in, or which may seem likely to be to the Company's advantage.
- (18) To promote, finance or assist any other company for the purpose of acquiring all or any part of the property, rights and liabilities of the Company or for any other purpose which may seem to the Directors to be likely to be to the Company's advantage.
- (19) To subscribe for, take, purchase or otherwise acquire and hold shares or other interest in or securities of any company carrying on any business capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this company.
- (20) To sell or otherwise dispose of the undertaking of the Company or any part thereof for such consideration as the Directors may think fit, and in particular for shares (whether fully or partly paid), stock, debentures or other securities of any other company and to hold and retain, or sell, mortgage and deal with any such shares, stock, debentures or other securities so received.
- (21) To distribute among the members of the Company in specie or in kind any property of the Company, and in particular any shares, stock, debentures or securities of other companies belonging to the Company or of which the Company may have the power of disposing.
- (22) To do in any part of the world all or any of the things mentioned in this Clause and either as principals, agents, trustees, contractors or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by or through agents, trustees, sub-contractors or otherwise.
- (23) To do all such other things as may be deemed incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or any of them or usually carried

on in connection therewith.

AND it is hereby declared that

- (a) the objects set forth in each of the paragraphs of this sub-Clause (B) shall not be restrictively construed, but the widest interpretation shall be given thereto, and they shall not, except where the context expressly so requires, be in any way limited to or restricted by reference to or inference from any other object or objects set forth in this sub-Clause (B) or from the terms of any other paragraph of this sub-Clause (B) or by the order in which such paragraphs appear or by the name of the Company, but the Company shall have full power to exercise all or any of the powers and to achieve or to endeavour to achieve all or any of the objects conferred by and provided in any one or more of such paragraphs; and
- (b) the word "company" in this sub-Clause (B), except where used in reference to this Company, shall be deemed to include any partnership or other body of persons, whether corporate or unincorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere and (but without limitation) any company which is a subsidiary or holding company of the Company or a subsidiary of any such holding company or in which the Company is for the time being directly or indirectly interested.

5. THE liability of the Members is limited.


6. THE share capital of the Company is £1,000,000 divided into 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 2p each.

WE the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum of Association and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set out opposite our respective names.

NAMES, ADDRESSES AND DESCRIPTIONS
OF SUBSCRIBERS

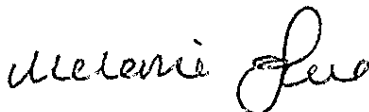
Number of Ordinary
Shares taken by each
Subscriber

MARK M.B.J. TASKER
20 Rushden Gardens
Mill Hill
London NW7 2NY
Solicitor



One

MELANIE JONES
Flat 6
21 St. Georges Square
London SW1V 2HX
Trainee Solicitor



One

Total shares taken

Two

Dated this 10th day of November 1994

WITNESS to the above Signatures:-



LESLEY A. JAMES
30 Onslow Avenue
Richmond
TW10 6QB
Legal Secretary

THE COMPANIES ACT 1985
A PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

SUPERFRAME GROUP plc

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**THE COMPANIES ACT 1985
PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION**

- of -

SUPERFRAME GROUP plc

PRELIMINARY

1. The regulations constituting Table A in the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985 shall not apply to the Company except insofar as the same are repeated or contained in these Articles.

INTERPRETATION

2. In these Articles (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) the words and expressions set out in the first column below shall bear the meanings set opposite to them respectively:-

"the Act"	the Companies Act 1985
"these Articles"	these Articles of Association as originally adopted or as from time to time altered by special resolution
"the Auditors"	the auditors of the Company for the time being
"the Board"	the directors of the Company or their alternates present at a duly convened meeting of directors at which a quorum is present
"London Stock Exchange"	The International Stock Exchange of the United Kingdom and the Republic of Northern Ireland Limited
"the Directors"	the Directors of the Company in office for the time being
"Member"	a member of the Company
"Month"	calendar month
"the Office"	the registered office of the Company for the time being
"Paid up"	Paid up or credited as paid up



"the Register"	the register of members of the Company
"the Seal"	the Common Seal of the Company
"the Securities Seal"	an official seal kept by the Company by virtue of Section 40 of the Act
"the Statutes"	the Act and all other legislation for the time being in force concerning companies and affecting the Company
"the United Kingdom"	Great Britain and Northern Ireland
"In Writing"	written, printed, typewritten or telexed or visibly expressed in any other mode of representing or reproducing words or partly one and partly another
"Year"	calendar year

The expression "debenture" and "debenture holder" shall respectively include "debenture stock" and "debenture stockholder".

The expression "Secretary" shall include any person appointed by the Directors to perform any of the duties of the Secretary and where two or more persons are appointed to act as Joint Secretaries shall include any one of those persons.

All such provisions of these Articles as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock and the words "shares" and "shareholder" shall be construed accordingly.

Words denoting the singular shall include the plural and vice versa. Words denoting the masculine shall include the feminine. Words denoting persons shall include corporations.

References to any statute or statutory provision shall be construed as relating to any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

Subject as aforesaid any words or expressions defined in the Act shall (if not inconsistent with the subject or context) bear the same meanings in these Articles.

SHARE CAPITAL AND CLASS RIGHTS

3. (A) The Authorised Share Capital of the Company at the date of its incorporation is £1,000,000 divided into 50,000,000 Ordinary Shares of 2p each.
- (B) Without prejudice to any special rights for the time being conferred on the holders of any shares or class of shares already issued (which special rights shall not be modified or abrogated except with such consent or sanction as is provided in these Articles) any share in the Company (whether forming part of

the original capital or not) may be issued with such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or subject to such restrictions whether in regard to dividend, return of capital, voting or otherwise, as the Company may from time to time by Ordinary Resolution determine, and, subject to the provisions of the Statutes.

- (C) The Company may issue shares which are, or at the option of the Company are liable, to be redeemed on such terms and in such manner as the Company before the issue thereof may by Special Resolution determine.

SHARES

4. Except as required by law, no person shall be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and the Company shall not be bound by or compelled in any way to recognise (even when having notice thereof) any equitable, contingent, future or partial interest in any share, or any interest in any fractional part of a share, or (except only as by these Articles or by law otherwise provided) any other right in respect of any share, except an absolute right to the entirety thereof in the registered holder.

5. The Company may exercise the powers of paying commissions conferred or permitted by the Statutes provided that the percentage rate or the amount of the commission paid or agreed to be paid shall be disclosed in the manner required by law and shall not exceed the rate of 10 per cent of the price at which the shares in respect whereof the same is paid are issued, or an amount equivalent thereto. Where permitted by the statutes, such commission may be satisfied by the payment of cash or by the allotment of fully or partly paid shares, or partly in one way and partly in the other. The Company may also on any issue of shares pay such brokerage as may be lawful.

6. Title to securities of the Company may be evidenced or transferred without a written instrument in accordance with regulations made under the Statutes. Nothing in these Articles shall require title to securities of the Company to be evidenced or transferred by a written instrument, to the extent that the regulations so permit. The Board may implement arrangements for evidencing and transfer which accord with the regulations.

SHARE CERTIFICATES

7. Every person, except a Stock Exchange nominee in respect of whom the Company is not by law required to complete and have ready for delivery a certificate, whose name is entered as a member in the register of members shall be entitled without payment to receive within two months after allotment or lodgment of transfer (or within such other period as the conditions of issue shall provide) one certificate for all his shares of each class of shares held by him, or several certificates, each for one or more of his shares upon payment of such sum, not exceeding £1, for every certificate after the first as the Directors shall from time to time determine.

8. Where a member has transferred part of the shares comprised in his holding he shall be entitled to a certificate for the balance of his holding free of charge.

9. Every certificate for shares shall be issued under the Seal or the Securities Seal or in such other manner as the Board, having regard to the terms of the issue, the Statutes and the applicable regulations of the London Stock Exchange, authorises and shall specify the number and class of the shares to which they relate and the amount or respective amounts paid up on the shares.

10. Certificates relating to shares which shall not have been fully paid shall indicate therein the amount from time to time outstanding to be paid in respect of such shares.

11. The Company shall not be bound to register more than four persons as the joint holders of any share (except in the case of executors or trustees of a deceased member) and in the case of a share held jointly by several persons, the Company shall not be bound to issue more than one certificate therefor, and delivery of a certificate for a share to one of several joint holders shall be sufficient delivery to all.

12. If a share certificate is defaced, worn out, lost or destroyed it may be replaced without fee but on such terms (if any) as to evidence and indemnity and to payment of the costs and any exceptional out-of-pocket expenses of the Company in investigating such evidence and preparing such indemnity as the Directors may think fit and, in case of the certificate being worn out or defaced, on delivery of the old certificate to the Company.

CALLS ON SHARES

13. The Directors may from time to time make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or when permitted by way of premium) unpaid on their shares but subject always to the terms of issue of such shares. A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the resolution of the Directors authorising the call was passed and may be made payable in one sum or by instalments or postponed or revoked as the Directors think fit.

14. Each member shall (subject to receiving at least fourteen days' notice specifying the time or times and place of payment) pay to the Company at the time or times and place so specified the amount called on his shares. The joint holders of a share shall be jointly and severally liable to pay all calls in respect thereof. A call may be revoked or postponed as the Directors may determine. The Company reserve the right to bring an action against the shareholder in respect of default and, notwithstanding forfeiture, such right of action may continue unless and until no amount is outstanding in respect of the shares in question. A person on whom a call is made shall remain liable for all calls made on him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares in respect of which the call is made.

15. If a call or any instalment payable in respect of a call is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof the person from whom the amount is due shall pay interest on such amount from the day appointed for payment thereof to the time of actual payment at such rate as the Directors may from time to time determine (not exceeding 20 per cent per annum) together with all costs, charges and expenses which the Company may have incurred in consequence of the non-payment of such amount. The Directors shall be at liberty to waive payment of such interest, costs, charges and expenses wholly or in part.

16. Any sum (whether on account of the nominal value of the share or by way of premium) which by the terms of issue of a share becomes payable upon allotment or at any fixed time or by instalments at any fixed times shall for all the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be a call duly made of which notice has been given and payable on the date on which by the terms of issue the same becomes payable. In case of non-payment all the relevant provisions of these Articles as to payment of interest and expenses, forfeiture or otherwise shall apply as if such sum had become payable by virtue of a call duly made and notified.

17. The Directors may on the issue of shares differentiate between the holders as to the amount of calls to be paid and the times of payment.

18. The Directors may if they think fit receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the moneys (whether on account of the nominal value of the shares or by way of premium) uncalled and unpaid upon the shares held by him and such payment in advance of calls shall extinguish pro tanto the liability upon the shares in respect of which it is made. Any such payment in advance shall not entitle the member concerned to participate in respect of the amount of such payment in any dividend declared or paid on such shares. The Directors may also at any time repay the amount so advanced upon giving to such members one month's notice in writing.

FORFEITURE OF SHARES

19. If a member fails to pay in full the whole or any part of any call or instalment of a call on the due date for payment thereof, the Directors may at any time thereafter, during such time as any part of such call or instalment remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring payment of so much of the call or instalment as is unpaid together with any interest which may have accrued thereon and any costs, charges and expenses incurred by the Company by reason of such non-payment.

20. The notice shall name a further day (not being less than seven days from the date of service of the notice) on or before which and the place where the payment required by the notice is to be made and shall state that in the event of non-payment in accordance therewith the shares on which the call or instalment is payable will be liable to be forfeited. The Directors may accept the surrender of any share liable to be forfeited hereunder and in such case, references in these Articles to forfeiture shall include surrender.

21. If the requirements of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls and interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a resolution of the Directors to that effect. Such forfeiture shall include all dividends declared in respect of the forfeited share and not actually paid before forfeiture.

22. When any share has been forfeited notice of the forfeiture shall be served upon the person who was before forfeiture the holder of the share; but no forfeiture shall be in any manner invalidated by an omission or neglect to give notice as aforesaid.

23. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be

the property of the Company, no voting rights shall be exercised in respect thereof and the Directors may within three years of such forfeiture sell, re-allot or otherwise dispose of the same in such manner as they think fit either to the person who was before the forfeiture the holder thereof, or to any other person, and either with or without any past or accruing dividends, and, in the case of re-allotment, with or without any money paid thereon by the former holder being credited as paid up thereon. Any share not disposed of in accordance with the foregoing within a period of three years from the date of its forfeiture shall thereupon be cancelled in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes.

24. A member whose shares have been forfeited or surrendered shall cease to be a member in respect of such shares but shall notwithstanding the forfeiture or surrender remain liable to pay to the Company all moneys which at the date of forfeiture or surrender were presently payable by him to the Company in respect of the shares with interest thereon at such rate not exceeding 20 per cent per annum as the Directors may determine from the date of forfeiture or surrender until payment. The Directors may at their absolute discretion enforce payment without any allowance for the value of the shares at the time of forfeiture or surrender or waive payment in whole or in part.

25. When any shares have been forfeited or surrendered an entry shall forthwith be made in the Register recording the forfeiture or surrender and the date thereof, and so soon as the shares so forfeited or surrendered have been sold or otherwise disposed of an entry shall also be made of the manner and date of the sale or disposal thereof, provided that if such shares are not sold or otherwise disposed of within the relevant period defined in Section 146 of the Act the Company shall at the expiry of such period observe the provisions of that section.

LIEN

26. Subject to the provisions of Section 150 of the Act the Company shall have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all monies (whether presently payable or not) called or payable at a fixed time in respect of such share. The Company shall also have a first and paramount lien on every share (not being a fully paid share) standing registered in the name of a single member for all the debts and liabilities of such member or his estate to the Company whether the same shall have been incurred before or after notice to the Company of any equitable or other interest of any person other than such member and whether the period for the payment or discharge of the same shall have actually arrived or not and notwithstanding that the same are joint debts or liabilities of such member or his estate and any other person whether a member of the Company or not. The Company's lien (if any) on a share shall extend to all dividends or other moneys payable thereon or in respect thereof together with any interest or expenses which may have accrued. The Directors may waive any lien which has arisen and may resolve that any share shall be exempt wholly or partially from the provisions of this Article. Unless otherwise agreed, the registration of a transfer of a share shall operate as a waiver of the Company's lien, if any, on such share.

27. The Company may sell in such manner as the Directors think fit any share on which the Company has a lien. No sale shall be made unless some sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable nor until the expiration of fourteen days after a notice in writing stating and demanding payment of the sum presently payable and giving notice of intention to sell in default shall have been given to the holder for the time being of the share or the person

entitled thereto by reason of his death or bankruptcy and default shall have been made by him in payment of such amounts.

28. The net proceeds of such sale after payment of the costs of such sale shall be applied in or towards payment or satisfaction of the debts or liabilities in respect whereof the lien exists so far as the same are then payable and any residue shall (subject to a like lien for debts or liabilities not presently payable as existed upon the shares prior to the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the time of the sale. For the purpose of giving effect to any such sale the Directors may authorise some person to transfer the shares sold to the purchaser.

29. A statutory declaration in writing that the declarant is a Director or the Secretary of the Company and that a share has been duly forfeited or surrendered or sold to satisfy a lien of the Company on a date stated in the declaration shall be conclusive evidence of the facts therein stated as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share. Such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the consideration (if any) given for the share on the sale, re-allotment or disposal thereof together with the share certificate delivered to a purchaser or allottee thereof shall (subject to the execution of a transfer if the same be required) constitute a good title to the share and the person to whom the share is sold, re-allotted or disposed of shall be registered as the holder of the share and shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase money (if any) nor shall his title to the share be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating to the forfeiture, surrender, sale, re-allotment or disposal of the share. The remedy of any person aggrieved by the sale shall be in damages only and against the Company exclusively.

TRANSFER OF SHARES

30. Subject to such of the restrictions or rules contained in these Articles all transfers of shares may be effected by transfer In Writing in any usual or common form or in any other form permitted by the Stock Transfer Act 1963 or acceptable to the Directors and may be under hand only.

31. The instrument of transfer shall be signed by or on behalf of the transferor and (except in the case of fully paid shares) by or on behalf of the transferee. The transferor shall remain the holder of the shares concerned until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register in respect thereof.

32. The Register may be closed at such times and for such periods as the Directors may from time to time determine and either generally or in respect of any class of shares provided that the Register shall not be closed for more than thirty days in any year.

33. The Directors may in their absolute discretion and without assigning any reason therefor decline to register any transfer of, or which includes shares which are not fully paid to a person of whom they do not approve and the Directors may also refuse to register a transfer of shares upon which the Company has a lien. Provided that the Board shall have no such discretion to refuse to register a transfer of a partly paid share unless:

- (i) any amount which is presently payable in respect thereof has not been paid; or

- (ii) the Directors have reasonable grounds for doubting the ability or willingness of the transferee to pay any sum payable in the future in respect thereof; or
- (iii) the Company has served notice under Section 212 of the Act on the holder thereof and such holder has not given the Company any information required by the notice.

34. If the Directors refuse to register a transfer they shall within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferee notice of the refusal.

35. The Directors may also decline to recognise any instrument of transfer, unless:-

- (i) the instrument of transfer, duly stamped, is deposited at the Office or at such other place as the Directors may appoint accompanied by the relevant share certificate(s) to which it relates and such other evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer (and, if the instrument of transfer is executed by some other person on his behalf, the authority of that person so to do). In the case of a transfer by a Stock Exchange Nominee the lodgment of share certificates will only be necessary if and to the extent that certificates have been issued in respect of the shares in question; and
- (ii) the instrument of transfer is in respect of only one class of share; and
- (iii) in the case of a transfer to joint holders, they do not exceed four in number.

36. All instruments of transfer which are registered may be retained by the Company but any instrument of transfer which the directors may refuse to register shall (except in case of fraud) be returned to the persons depositing the same.

37. No fee will be charged by the Company in respect of the registration of any instrument of transfer or probate or letters of administration or certificate of marriage or death or stop notice or power of attorney or other document relating to or affecting the title to any shares or otherwise for making any entry in the Register affecting the title to any shares.

38. Subject to Section 80 of the Act, nothing herein contained shall preclude the Directors from allowing the allotment of any share to be renounced by the allottee in favour of some other person, provided however that for all purposes of these Articles relating to the registration of transfers of shares, such renunciation shall be deemed to be a transfer and the Directors shall have the same power of refusing to give effect thereto as if the renunciation were a transfer.

39. The Company shall be entitled to destroy all instruments of transfer which have been registered at any time after the expiration of six years from the date of registration thereof and all dividend mandates and notifications of change of address at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of recording thereof and all share certificates which have been cancelled at any time after the expiration of one year from the date of the cancellation thereof.

It shall conclusively be presumed in favour of the Company that every entry in the register purporting to have been made on the basis of an instrument of transfer so destroyed was duly and properly made and every instrument of transfer so destroyed was a valid and effective instrument duly and properly registered and every share certificate so destroyed was a valid and effective certificate duly and properly cancelled and every other document hereinbefore mentioned so destroyed was a valid and effective document in accordance with the recorded particulars thereof in the books or records of the Company. Provided always that:

- (i) the provisions aforesaid shall apply only to the destruction of a document in good faith and without notice of any claim (regardless of the parties thereto) to which the document might be relevant;
- (ii) nothing herein contained shall be construed as imposing upon the Company any liability in respect of the destruction of any such document earlier than as aforesaid or in any case where the conditions of proviso (i) above are not fulfilled; and
- (iii) references herein to the destruction of any document include references to the disposal thereof in any manner.

TRANSMISSION OF SHARES

40. In the case of the death of a member, the survivors or survivor where the deceased was a joint holder, and the executors or administrators of the deceased where he was a sole or only surviving holder, shall be the only persons recognised by the Company as having any title to his interest in the shares, but nothing in this Article shall release the estate of a deceased holder (whether sole or joint) from any liability in respect of any share held by him.

41. Subject to any other provisions of the Articles any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member or in consequence of a member becoming a patient within the meaning of the Mental Health Act 1983 may (subject as hereinafter provided) upon producing to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share either be registered himself as holder of the share upon giving to the Company notice in writing of such desire or transfer such share to some other person. All limitations, restrictions and provisions of these Articles relating to the right to transfer and the registration of transfers of shares shall be applicable to any such notice or transfer as aforesaid as if the death or bankruptcy of the member had not occurred and the notice or transfer were a transfer executed by such member.

42. Subject to any other provisions of these Articles, a person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a member (upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share) shall be entitled to the same dividends and other advantages as those to which he would be entitled if he were the registered holder of the share except that he shall not be entitled in respect thereof (except with the authority of the Directors) to exercise any right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company until he shall have been registered as a member in respect of the share. The Directors may at any time give notice to such person requiring any such person to elect either to be registered himself or to transfer such shares. If within sixty

days such notice is not complied with the Directors may thereafter withhold payments of all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the share until the requirements of the notice have been complied with.

UNTRACED SHAREHOLDERS

43. (A) The Company shall be entitled to sell (in such manner and for such price as the Directors think fit) the shares of a Member or the shares to which a person is entitled by transmission on death or bankruptcy if and provided that:-
- (i) during the period of twelve years prior to the publication of the advertisements referred to in paragraph (ii) below (or, if published on different dates, the first thereof) being a period during which at least three dividends have been payable all warrants and cheques in respect of the shares in question sent in the manner authorised by these presents have remained uncashed; and
 - (ii) the Company shall on the expiry of the said period of twelve years have inserted advertisements in two national daily newspapers giving notice of its intention to sell such shares; and
 - (iii) notice shall have been given to The Stock Exchange in London of its intention to make such sale if, at the relevant time, the Company is subject to the Listing Requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange.
- (B) To give effect to any such sale the Company may appoint any person to execute as transferor an instrument of transfer of the said shares and such instrument of transfer shall be as effective as if it had been executed by the registered holder of or person entitled by the transmission to such shares and the title of the transferee shall not be affected by any irregularity or invalidity in the proceedings relating thereto. The net proceeds of sale shall belong to the Company which shall be obliged to account to the former Member or other person previously entitled as aforesaid for an amount equal to such proceeds and shall enter the name of such former Member or other person in the books of the Company as a creditor for such amount. No trust shall be created in respect of the debt, no interest shall be payable in respect of the same and the Company shall not be required to account for any money earned on the net proceeds, which may be employed in the business of the Company or invested in such investments (other than shares of the Company or its holding company if any) as the Directors may from time to time think fit.

STOCK

44. The Company may by ordinary resolution convert any paid-up shares into stock, and may in like manner re-convert any stock into paid-up shares of any denomination.
45. The holders of stock may transfer the same or any part thereof in the same manner.

and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which, the shares from which the stock arose might previously to conversion have been transferred, or as near thereto as circumstances admit, but the Directors may, if they think fit, from time to time fix the minimum amount of stock which is transferable, in which case no stock shall be transferable except in sums of the minimum amount or multiples thereof, provided that such minimum amount shall not exceed the nominal amount of the shares from which the stock arose. No warrants to bearer shall be issued in respect of any stock.

46. The holders of stock shall, according to the amount of the stock held by them, have the same rights, privileges and advantages as regards dividends, participation in assets on a winding-up, voting at meetings, and other matters, as if they held the shares from which the stock arose, but no such privilege or advantage (except participation in dividends and in assets on a winding-up) shall be conferred by any such aliquot part of stock as would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privilege or advantage.

47. All such of the provisions of these Articles (other than those relating to share warrants) as are applicable to paid-up shares shall apply to stock, and the words 'share' and 'shareholder' therein shall include 'stock' and 'stockholder'.

SHARE WARRANTS

48. The Directors with respect to fully paid-up shares may issue warrants (hereinafter called 'share warrants') stating that the bearer is entitled to the shares therein specified, and may provide by coupons or otherwise for the payment of future dividends on the shares included in such warrants. The Directors may determine and from time to time vary the conditions upon which share warrants shall be issued and upon which a new share warrant or coupon shall be issued in the place of one worn out, defaced or destroyed, but no new share warrant or coupon shall be issued to replace one that has been lost unless the Directors are satisfied beyond reasonable doubt that the original has been destroyed. The Directors may also determine and from time to time vary the conditions upon which the bearer of a share warrant shall be entitled to receive notices of and attend and vote at general meetings or to join in requisitioning general meetings, and upon which a share warrant may be surrendered and the name of the holder entered in the register in respect of the shares therein specified. Subject to such conditions and to these Articles the bearer of a share warrant shall be a member to the full extent. The holder of a share warrant shall hold such warrant subject to the conditions for the time being in force with regard to share warrants whether made before or after the issue of such warrant.

INCREASE OF SHARE CAPITAL

49. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution increase its capital by such sum to be divided into shares of such amounts as the resolution shall prescribe.

50. All new shares shall be subject to the provisions of these Articles with reference to allotment, payment of calls, lien, transfer, transmission, forfeiture and otherwise. Any capital raised by the creation of new shares shall, unless otherwise provided by the conditions of issue, be considered as part of the original capital.

ALTERATION OF SHARE CAPITAL

51. The Company may by Ordinary Resolution:-

- (i) consolidate and divide its capital or any part thereof into shares of larger amount than its existing shares
- (ii) subject to the Act cancel any shares which at the date of the passing of the resolution, have not been taken or agreed to be taken by any person and diminish the amount of its share capital by the amount of the shares so cancelled; and
- (iii) sub-divide its shares, or any of them, into shares of smaller amount than is fixed by the Memorandum of Association (subject to the provisions of the Act) and so that the resolution may determine that as between the holders of the shares resulting from such sub-division one or more of such shares may as compared with the others, have any such preferred, deferred or other special rights, or be subject to any such restrictions, as the Company has power to attach to unissued or new shares.

52. Upon any consolidation of fully paid shares into shares of larger amount the Directors may, as between the holders of shares so consolidated, determine which shares are consolidated into each consolidated share and in the case of any shares registered in the name of one holder being consolidated with shares in the name of another holder may make such arrangements as may be thought fit for the sale of the consolidated share or any fractions thereof and for the distribution among the persons entitled thereto of the net proceeds of such sale and for such purpose may appoint some person to transfer the consolidated share to the purchaser. Provided that the necessary unissued shares are available the Directors may alternatively in each case where the number of shares held by any holder is not an exact multiple of the number of shares to be consolidated into a single share issue subject to the provisions of the Act to each such holder credited as fully paid up by way of capitalisation the minimum number of shares required to round up his holding to such a multiple (such issue being deemed to have been effected immediately prior to consolidation) and the amount required to pay up such share shall be appropriated at their discretion from any of the sums standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including share premium account and capital redemption reserve) or to the credit of profit and loss account and capitalised by applying the same in paying up such shares.

53. The Company may by Special Resolution reduce its share capital, any capital redemption reserve fund, and any share premium account or other undistributable reserve in any manner authorised by law save that the share capital shall not be reduced below the authorised minimum for the time being for a public company.

VARIATION OF RIGHTS

54. Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class may, subject to the provisions of the Statutes, be varied

or abrogated either with the consent In Writing of the holders of three quarters in nominal value of the issued shares of the class or with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution passed at a separate General Meeting of the holders of the shares of the class (but not otherwise) and may be so varied or abrogated either whilst the Company is a going concern or during or in contemplation of a winding up. For the avoidance of doubt any resolution to amend in any way any of the provisions of Article 3 hereof shall be deemed to constitute a variation of class rights. To every such separate General Meeting all the provisions of these Articles relating to General Meetings of the Company and to the proceedings thereat shall mutatis mutandis apply, except that the necessary quorum shall be two persons at least holding or representing by proxy at least one third in nominal value of the issued shares of the class (but that at any adjourned meeting any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum) and that any holder of shares of the class present in person or by proxy may demand a poll and that every such holder shall on a poll have one vote for every share of the class held by him. The foregoing provisions of this Article shall apply to the variation or abrogation of the special rights attached to some only of the shares of any class as if each group of shares of the class differently treated formed a separate class the special rights whereof are to be varied.

55. Whenever the share capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares, the special rights attached to any class of shares having preferential rights may not, unless otherwise expressly provided by these Articles or by the terms of issue thereof, be deemed to be varied by the creation or issue of further shares ranking as regards participation in the profits or assets of the Company in some or all respects *pari passu* therewith but in no respect in priority thereto.

PURCHASE OF OWN SHARES

56. (A) Subject to, and in accordance with, the provisions of the Statutes and subject to paragraphs (B) and (C) below, the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares).
- (B) The Company may not purchase its own shares if at the time of such purchase there are outstanding any convertible securities of the Company unless such purchase has been sanctioned by an extraordinary resolution passed at a separate class meeting of the holders of the convertible securities.
- (C) Purchases by the Company of its own redeemable shares shall, where such shares are listed by The Stock Exchange in London, be limited to a maximum price which, in the case of purchases through the market or by tender, will not exceed the average of the middle market quotations taken from The Stock Exchange Daily Official List for the 10 business days before the purchase is made or in the case of a purchase through the market, at the market price, provided that it is not more than 5 per cent above such average. If such purchases are by tender, tenders shall be made available to all holders of such shares alike.

INDEMNITY AGAINST CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF SHARES

57. (A) If the law of any country, state or place imposes or purports to impose an immediate, future or possible liability on the Company to make a payment, or empowers a government, taxing authority or government official to require the Company to make a payment, in respect of shares held either jointly or solely by a member or in respect of dividends or other moneys due, payable or accruing due, or which may become due or payable, to the member by the Company or in respect of the shares or for or on account or in respect of the member, and whether in consequence of:-

- (i) the death of the member;
- (ii) the non-payment of any tax by the member;
- (iii) the non-payment of any estate, probate, succession, death, stamp or other duty by the executor or administrator of the member or by or out of his estate; or
- (iv) any other act or thing;

the Company shall be fully indemnified by the member or his executor or administrator from all liability arising by virtue of the law and may recover as a debt due from the member or his executor or administrator any moneys paid by the Company under or in consequence of the law, together with interest, at such rate as the Board determines, from the date of payment to the date of repayment.

(B) Nothing contained in this Article shall prejudice or affect a right or remedy which any law may confer or purport to confer on the Company. As between the Company and the member, his executor, administrator and estate wherever constituted or situated, rights or remedies which the law confers or purports to confer on the Company shall be enforceable by the Company.

GENERAL MEETINGS

58. An Annual General Meeting shall be held once in every year, at such time (within a period of not more than fifteen months after the holding of the last preceding Annual General Meeting) and place as may be determined by the Directors. All general meetings other than Annual General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary General Meetings.

59. The Directors may whenever they think fit, and shall on requisition made in writing by members in accordance with the Statutes, proceed with proper expedition to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting. Whenever the Directors shall convene an Extraordinary General Meeting on the requisition of Members, they shall convene such meeting for a date not more than eight weeks after the date when the requisition is deposited at the office (unless the requisitionists shall consent In Writing to a later date being fixed) . If at any time there are not within the United Kingdom sufficient Directors capable of acting to form a quorum,

any Director or any two Members of the Company may convene an Extraordinary General Meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the Directors

NOTICE OF GENERAL MEETINGS

60. An Annual General Meeting and any Extraordinary General Meeting at which it is proposed to pass a Special Resolution or (save as provided by the Statutes) a resolution of which special notice has been given to the Company, shall be called by not less than twenty-one days' notice In Writing and any other Extraordinary General Meeting by not less than fourteen days' notice In Writing. The period of notice shall in each case be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day on which the meeting is to be held and shall be given in manner hereinafter mentioned to all Members other than such as are not under the provisions of these Articles entitled to receive such notices from the Company provided that a General Meeting notwithstanding that it has been called by a shorter notice than that specified above shall be deemed to have been duly called if it is so agreed:-

- (i) in the case of an Annual General Meeting by all the Members entitled to attend and vote thereat; and
- (ii) in the case of an Extraordinary General Meeting by a majority in number of the Members having a right to attend and vote thereat being a majority together holding not less than 95 per cent in nominal value of the shares giving that right;

Provided also that the accidental omission to give notice to or the non-receipt of notice by any person entitled thereto shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

61. (A) Every notice calling a General Meeting shall specify the place and the day and hour of the meeting, and there shall appear with reasonable prominence in every such notice a statement that a Member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy or proxies to attend and, on a poll, vote instead of him and that a proxy need not be a Member.
- (B) In the case of an Annual General Meeting, the notice shall also specify the meeting as such.
- (C) In the case of any General Meeting at which business other than routine business is to be transacted, the notice shall specify the general nature of such business and if any resolution is to be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution or as a Special Resolution, the notice shall contain a statement to that effect.

62. In the last preceding Article routine business shall mean and include only business transacted at an Annual General Meeting of the following classes, that is to say:

- (i) declaring dividends;

- (ii) receiving and/or adopting the accounts, the reports of the Directors and Auditors and other documents required to be attached or annexed to the accounts;
- (iii) election or re-election of Directors to fill vacancies arising at the meeting on retirement whether by rotation or otherwise;
- (iv) the voting of remuneration or extra remuneration to the Directors;
- (v) the appointment of and the fixing of the remuneration of the Auditors;
- (vi) the grant, renewal, limitation, extension or variation of any authority of or to the Directors, pursuant to Section 80 of the Act to allot securities.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR GENERAL MEETINGS

63. (A) In the case of an annual general meeting or of an extraordinary general meeting the Board may, notwithstanding the specification in the notice of the place of the meeting ("the Principal Place") at which the Chairman of the meeting presides, make arrangements for simultaneous attendance and participation at other places by members and proxies entitled to attend the meeting but excluded from the Principal Place under the provisions of this Article.
- (B) The arrangements may specify the level of attendance at the other places provided that they operate so that members and proxies excluded from attendance at the Principal Place are able to attend at one of the other places. For the purpose of all other provisions of these Articles the meeting shall be treated as being held and taking place at the Principal Place.
- (C) The Board may, for the purpose of facilitating the organisation and administration of the meeting, make arrangements, whether involving the issue of tickets (on a basis intended to afford to all members and proxies entitled to attend the meeting an equal opportunity of being admitted to the Principal Place) or the imposition of some random means of selection or otherwise as it considers appropriate, and may vary the arrangements or make new arrangements in their place. The entitlement of a member or proxy to attend a general meeting at the Principal Place shall be subject to the arrangements, whether stated in the notice of the meeting to apply to that meeting or notified to the members concerned after despatch of the notice.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

64. The Chairman of the Directors, failing whom the Deputy Chairman, shall preside as chairman at a General Meeting. If there be no such Chairman or Deputy Chairman, or if at any meeting neither be present within ten minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting and willing to act, the Directors present shall choose one of their number (or, if no Director be present or if all the Directors present decline to take the chair, the Members

present shall choose one of their number) to be chairman of the meeting.

65. No business other than the appointment of a chairman shall be transacted at any General Meeting unless a quorum is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Two Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote shall be a quorum for all purposes. A corporation being a Member shall be deemed to be personally present for the purpose of this Article if represented by its representative duly authorised in accordance with Article 87.

66. If within five minutes from the time appointed for a General Meeting (or such longer interval not exceeding one hour as the chairman of the meeting may think fit to allow) a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened on the requisition of Members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to such other day and such time and place as may have been specified for the purpose in the notice convening the meeting or (if not so specified) as the chairman of the meeting may determine and in the latter case not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in the like manner as in the case of the original meeting. At the adjourned meeting any two Members present in person or by proxy shall be a quorum, and if a quorum is not present within ten minutes from the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting shall be dissolved.

67. The chairman of any General Meeting at which a quorum is present may with the consent of the meeting (and shall if so directed by the meeting) adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting except business which might lawfully have been transacted at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. Where a meeting is adjourned, the time and place for the adjourned meeting shall be fixed by the Directors. When a meeting is adjourned for thirty days or more, not less than seven days' notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given in like manner as in the case of the original meeting. The Chairman may at any time without the consent of the meeting adjourn the meeting (whether or not it has commenced or a quorum is present), either indefinitely or to such other time and place as the Board or the Chairman decides, if it appears to him that:-

- (i) the number of persons wishing to attend cannot be conveniently accommodated in the place appointed for the meeting; or
- (ii) the unruly conduct of persons attending the meeting prevents or is likely to prevent the orderly continuation of the business of the meeting; or
- (iii) an adjournment is otherwise necessary so that the business of the meeting may be properly conducted; or
- (iv) a proposal of importance is made for the consideration of which a larger attendance of members is desirable.

68. Save as hereinbefore expressly provided, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

69. If an amendment shall be proposed to any resolution under consideration but shall in

good faith be ruled out of order by the chairman of the meeting the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by any error in such ruling. In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a Special or Extraordinary Resolution no amendment thereto (other than a mere clerical amendment to correct a manifest error) may in any event be considered or voted upon.

70 At any General Meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded by: -

- (i) the chairman of the meeting; or
- (ii) not less than three Members present in person or by proxy and entitled to vote; or
- (iii) a Member or Members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the Members having the right to vote at the meeting; or
- (iv) a Member or Members present in person or by proxy and holding shares in the Company conferring a right to vote at the meeting being shares on which an aggregate sum has been paid up equal to not less than one-tenth of the total sum paid up on all the shares conferring that right.

71. A demand for a poll may be withdrawn only with the approval of the meeting. Unless a poll is required a declaration by the chairman of the meeting that a resolution has been carried, or carried unanimously, or by particular majority, or lost, and an entry to that effect in the minute book, shall be conclusive evidence of that fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded for or against such resolution. If a poll is required, it shall be taken in such manner (including the use of ballot or voting papers or tickets) as the chairman of the meeting may direct, and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded. The chairman of the meeting may (and if so directed by the meeting shall) appoint scrutineers and may adjourn the meeting to some place and time fixed by him for the purpose of declaring the result of the poll.

72. In the case of an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall be entitled to a casting vote.

73. A poll demanded on the choice of a chairman or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken either immediately or at such subsequent time (not being more than thirty days from the date of the meeting) and place as the chairman of the meeting may direct. No notice need be given of a poll not taken immediately. The demand for a poll shall not prevent the continuance of the meeting for the transaction of any business other than the question on which the poll has been demanded.

74. For the avoidance of doubt the Chairman may invite any person to attend and speak at a general meeting whom the Chairman considers to be equipped by knowledge or experience

of the Company's business to assist in the deliberations of the meeting.

75. (A) In the case of a resolution duly proposed as a special or extraordinary resolution, no amendment (other than an amendment to correct a patent error) may be considered or voted on and, in the case of a resolution duly proposed as an ordinary resolution, no amendment (other than an amendment to correct a clerical error) may be considered or voted on unless, at least forty-eight hours prior to the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, notice in writing of the terms of the amendment and intention to move it has been lodged at the office.
- (B) If an amendment is proposed to a resolution under consideration but is in good faith ruled out of order by the Chairman of the meeting, the proceedings on the substantive resolution shall not be invalidated by an error in the ruling.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

76. Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached by or in accordance with these Articles to any class of shares, on a show of hands every Member who is present in person shall have one vote and on a poll every Member who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for every share or partly paid share of which he is the holder.

77. In the case of joint holders of a share the vote of the senior who tenders the vote, whether in person or by proxy, shall be accepted to the exclusion of the votes of the other joint holders and for this purpose seniority shall be determined by the order in which the names stand in the Register in respect of the share.

78. Where in England or elsewhere a receiver or other person (by whatever name called) has been appointed by any court claiming jurisdiction in that behalf to exercise powers with respect to the property or affairs of any Member on the ground (however formulated) of mental disorder, the Directors may in their absolute discretion, upon or subject to production of such evidence of the appointment as the Directors may require, permit such receiver or other person on behalf of such Member to vote in person or by proxy at any General Meeting or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company.

79. No Member shall, unless the Directors otherwise determine, be entitled in respect of shares held by him to vote at a General Meeting either personally or by proxy or to exercise any other right conferred by membership in relation to meetings of the Company if any call or other sum presently payable by him to the Company in respect of such shares remains unpaid or if he or any person appearing to be interested in such shares has been duly served with a notice under Section 212 of the Act and is in default in supplying to the Company the information thereby required for the period of 28 days from the date of such notice. For the purpose of this Article a person shall be treated as appearing to be interested in any shares if the Member holding such shares has given to the Company a notification under the said Section 212 which fails to establish the identities of those interested in the shares and if (after taking into account the said notification and any other relevant Section 212 notification) the Company knows or has reasonable cause to believe that the person in question is or may be

interested in the shares.

80. No objection shall be raised as to the admissibility of any vote except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is or may be given or tendered and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for all purposes. Any such objection shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

81. A Member holding unclassified shares, (if any), shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting in respect of those shares, provided that no ordinary share shall then be an issue.

82. On a poll votes may be given either personally or by proxy and a person entitled to more than one vote need not use all his votes or cast all the votes he uses in the same way.

83. A proxy need not be a Member.

84. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing in any usual or common form or in any other form which the Directors may approve (provided that it shall be so worded as to enable the proxy to vote either for or against the resolutions to be proposed at the meeting at which the proxy is to be used) and:-

- (i) in the case of an individual shall be signed by the appointor or his attorney; and
- (ii) in the case of a corporation shall be either given under its common seal or signed on its behalf by an attorney or a duly authorised officer of the corporation.

The signature on such instrument need not be witnessed. Where an instrument appointing a proxy is signed on behalf of the appointor by an attorney, the letter or power of attorney or a duly certified copy thereof must (failing previous registration with the Company) be lodged with the instrument of proxy pursuant to the next following Article, failing which the instrument may be treated as invalid.

85. An instrument appointing a proxy must be left at such place or one of such places (if any) as may be specified for that purpose in or by way of note to or in any document accompanying the notice convening the meeting (or, if no place is so specified, at the Office) not less than forty-eight hours before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting or adjourned meeting or (in the case of a poll taken otherwise than at or on the same day as the meeting or adjourned meeting) not less than 24 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which it is to be used, and in default shall not be treated as valid. The instrument shall, unless the contrary is stated thereon, be valid as well for any adjournment of the meeting as for the meeting to which it relates. Provided that an instrument of proxy relating to more than one meeting (including any adjournment thereof) having once been so delivered for the purposes of any meeting shall not require again to be delivered for the purposes of any subsequent meeting to which it relates.

86. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to include the right to demand or join in demanding a poll but shall not confer any further right to speak at the meeting, except

with the permission of the chairman of the meeting.

87. A vote cast by proxy shall not be invalidated by the previous death or insanity of the principal or by the revocation of the appointment of the proxy or of the authority under which the appointment was made provided that no intimation In Writing of such death, insanity or revocation shall have been received by the Company at the Office at least one hour before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting or the time appointed for the taking of the poll at which the vote is cast.

88. Any corporation which is a Member may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the Company or of any class of Members. The person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on behalf of such corporation as the corporation could exercise if it were an individual Member and such corporation shall for the purposes of these Articles be deemed to be present in person at any such meeting if a person so authorised is present thereat.

DIRECTORS

89. Unless and until otherwise determined by the Company in General Meeting the number of Directors (disregarding Alternate Directors) shall be not less than two and until so fixed there shall be no maximum number of Directors.

90. A Director shall not be required to hold any shares of the Company by way of qualification. A Director who is not a Member shall nevertheless be entitled to attend and speak at General Meetings and at all separate general meetings of the holders of any class of shares in the capital of the Company.

91. The ordinary remuneration of the Directors shall be paid out of the funds of the Company and shall from time to time be determined by Ordinary Resolution of the Company and shall (unless such resolution otherwise provides) be divisible among the Directors as they may agree, or, failing agreement, equally, except that any Director who shall hold office for part only of the period in respect of which such remuneration is payable shall be entitled only to rank in such division for a proportion of the remuneration related to the period during which he has held office.

92. Any Director who holds any executive office or who serves on any committee of the Directors, or who otherwise performs services which in the opinion of the Directors are outside the scope of the ordinary duties of a Director, may be paid such extra remuneration by way of salary, commission or otherwise as the Directors may determine in addition to any directors fees to which he may be entitled under Article 90.

93. The Directors may repay to any Director all such reasonable expenses as he may incur in attending and returning from meetings of the Directors or of any committee of the Directors or General Meetings or otherwise in or about the business of the Company.

94. (A) The Directors may procure the establishment and maintenance of or participation in or contribution to any non-contributory or contributory

pension or superannuation fund, scheme or arrangement or life assurance scheme or arrangement for the benefit of, and pay, provide for or procure the grant of donations, gratuities, pensions, allowances, bonuses, benefits or emoluments to, any person (including Directors and other officers whether of the Company or of any other company referred to in this paragraph) who may be or shall have been at any time in the employment or service of the Company or of any company which is a subsidiary of the Company or of the predecessors in business of the Company or of any such subsidiary company or of any allied or associated companies of the Company or any such companies or of the wives, widows, families, dependants or connections of any such persons provided that no pension, annuity or other allowance or benefit (except such as may be provided for by any other Article) shall be granted to a Director or former Director who has not been an executive Director or held any other office or place of profit under the Company or any of its subsidiaries or to a person who has no claim on the Company except as a relation, connection or dependant of such a Director or former Director without the approval of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company.

- (B) The Directors may also procure the establishment and subsidy of or subscription and support to any institutions, associations, clubs, funds or trusts calculated to be for the benefit of any such persons as aforesaid or otherwise to advance the interests and well-being of the Company or of any such other company as aforesaid or of its Members, and make payments for or towards the insurance of any such persons as aforesaid and subscriptions or guarantees of money for charitable or benevolent objects or for any exhibition or for any public, general or useful object.
- (C) The Directors may establish, maintain and give effect to any scheme approved by an Ordinary Resolution of the Company for the allotment of or the grant of options to subscribe for shares of the Company to persons in the employment or service of the Company or any subsidiary for the time being of the Company (including any Director in such employment or service) and may exercise all the powers conferred on them by such scheme (including any power to alter or add to the provisions thereof) and these Articles shall be deemed to be modified so far as may be necessary to give effect to such scheme as for the time being in force in respect of any share or shares for the time being in issue or under option subject thereto.
- (D) The Directors may procure any of the matters aforesaid to be done by the Company either alone or in conjunction with any other company.

95. The Company shall in accordance with the provisions of the Statutes duly keep at the Office a register showing, as respects each Director, the number, description and amount of any shares in or debentures of the Company and of other bodies corporate in which he is interested. Such register shall be open to inspection between the hours of 10 a.m. and 12 noon on weekdays other than national holidays and shall also be produced at the commencement of each Annual General Meeting and shall remain open and accessible during the continuance of the meeting to any person attending the meeting.

96. (A) The Directors may from time to time appoint one or more of their body to be the holder of any executive office (including, where considered appropriate, the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman, Managing Director, Joint Managing Director or Assistant Managing Director) on such terms and for such period as they may (subject to the provisions of the Statutes) determine and without prejudice to the terms of any contract entered into in any particular case, may at any time revoke any such appointment.
- (B) The appointment of any Director to the office of Chairman or Deputy Chairman or Managing or Joint Managing or Deputy or Assistant Managing Director shall automatically determine if he ceases to be a Director but without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.
- (C) The appointment of any Director to any other executive office than those referred to in paragraph (B) above shall not automatically determine if he ceases from any cause to be a Director, unless the contract or resolution under which he holds office shall expressly state otherwise, in which event such determination shall be without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company.

97. A Director holding office pursuant to the last preceding Article shall receive such remuneration (whether by way of salary, commission or participation in profits, or partly in one way and partly in another) as the Directors may determine and such remuneration shall, unless otherwise agreed, be additional to such remuneration (if any) as is from time to time payable to him as a Director and such Director shall be a Director for the purposes of and subject to the provisions of Section 319 of the Act.

98. The Directors may entrust to and confer upon any Director holding any executive office any of the powers exercisable by them as Directors upon such terms and conditions and with such restrictions as they think fit, and either collaterally with or to the exclusion of their own powers, and may from time to time revoke, withdraw, alter or vary all or any of such powers.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS

99. Any provision of the Statutes which, subject to the provisions of these Articles, would have the effect of rendering any person ineligible for appointment as a Director or liable to vacate office as a Director on account of his having reached any specified age or of requiring special notice or any other special formality in connection with the appointment of any Director over a specified age, shall not apply to the Company. There shall be no age limit for Directors and Section 293(1) to (6) of the Act shall not apply to the Company.

100. The office of a Director shall be vacated in any of the following events, namely:-

- (i) If he is removed or becomes prohibited from being a Director pursuant to any provision of the Statutes;

- (ii) If (not being an Executive Director whose contract precludes resignation) he resigns his office by writing under his hand left at the Office;
- (iii) If he becomes bankrupt or has a receiving order made against him or compounds with his creditors;
- (iv) If he becomes of unsound mind or a patient for any purpose of any statute relating to mental health, and the Directors resolve that his office be vacated;
- (v) If he be absent from meetings of the Directors for six months without leave and his alternate Director (if any) shall not during such period have attended in his stead and the Directors shall resolve that his office be vacated;
- (vi) If he is requested In Writing by all the other Directors to resign his office (but so that if he holds an appointment to an executive office which thereby automatically determines such removal shall be deemed an act of the Company and shall have effect without prejudice to any claim for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the Company);
- (vii) he is convicted of an indictable offence (not being an offence which, in the opinion of the Directors, does not affect his character or position as a Director of the Company).

But any act done in good faith by a Director whose office is vacated as aforesaid shall be valid unless, prior to the doing of such act, written notice shall have been served upon the Company or an entry shall have been made in the Directors' minute book stating that such Director has ceased to be a Director of the Company.

101. At every Annual General Meeting one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not greater than one-third) shall retire from office.

102. On each occasion the Directors to retire by rotation under Article 96 shall be those who have been longest in office since their last election or appointment and so that as between persons who became or were last re-elected Directors on the same day those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree among themselves) be determined by lot. A retiring Director shall be eligible for re-election. The Directors to retire on each occasion (both as to number and identity) shall be determined by the composition of the Directors at the date of the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting and no Director shall be required to retire or be relieved from retiring by reason of any change in the number and identity of the Directors after the date of such notice but before the close of the Meeting.

103. The Company at the meeting at which a Director retires under any provision of these Articles may by ordinary resolution fill the office being vacated by electing thereto the retiring Director or some other person eligible for appointment. In default the retiring Director shall be deemed to have been re-elected except in any of the following cases:-

- (i) Where at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such office or a resolution for the re-election of such Director is put to the meeting and lost;
- (ii) Where such Director has given notice in writing to the Company that he is unwilling to be re-elected;
- (iii) Where the default is due to the moving of a resolution in contravention of Article 105.

104. The retirement shall not have effect until the conclusion of the meeting except where a resolution is passed to elect some other person in the place of the retiring Director or a resolution for his re-election is put to the meeting and lost and accordingly a retiring Director who is re-elected or deemed to have been re-elected will continue in office without a break.

105. A single resolution for the appointment of two or more persons as Directors shall not be moved at any General Meeting unless a resolution that it shall be so moved has first been agreed to by the meeting without any vote being given against it and any resolution moved in contravention of this provision shall be void.

106. No person other than a Director retiring at the meeting shall unless recommended by the Directors for election, be eligible for appointment as a Director at any General Meeting unless not less than seven nor more than twenty-one days (inclusive of the date on which the notice is given) before the date appointed for the meeting there has been lodged at the Office notice in writing signed by some Member (other than the person to be proposed) duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given of his intention to propose such person for election and also notice In Writing signed by the person to be proposed of his willingness to be elected.

107. The Company may in accordance with and subject to the provisions of the Statutes by Ordinary Resolution of which special notice has been given remove any Director from office (notwithstanding any provision of these Articles or of any agreement between the Company and such Director, but without prejudice to any claim he may have for damages for breach of any such agreement) and appoint another person in place of a Director so removed from office and any person so appointed shall be treated for the purpose of determining the time at which he or any other Director is to retire by rotation as if he had become a Director on the day on which the Director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a Director.

108. In default of any appointment pursuant to Article 107 the vacancy arising upon the removal of a Director from office may be filled as a casual vacancy.

109. The Directors shall have power at any time and from time to time to appoint any person to be a Director either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional Director, but so that the total number of Directors shall not thereby exceed the maximum number (if any) fixed by or in accordance with these Articles. Subject to Section 303 of the Act any person so appointed by the Directors shall hold office only until the next Annual General Meeting and shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the number of Directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

110. (A) Any Director may at any time In Writing under his hand and deposited at the Office, or delivered at a meeting of the Directors, appoint any person (including another Director) to be his alternate Director and may in like manner at any time terminate such appointment. Such appointment, unless previously approved by the Directors, shall have effect only upon and subject to being so approved.
- (B) The appointment of an alternate Director shall determine on the happening of any event which if he were a Director would cause him to vacate such office or if his appointor ceases to be a Director.
- (C) An alternate Director shall (subject to his giving to the Company an address within the United Kingdom at which notices may be served on him) be entitled to receive notices of meetings of the Directors and shall be entitled to attend and vote as a Director at any such meeting at which the Director appointing him is not personally present and generally at such meeting to perform all functions of his appointor as a Director and for the purposes of the proceedings at such meeting the provisions of these Articles shall apply as if he (instead of his appointor) were a Director. If he shall be himself a Director or shall attend any such meeting as an alternate for more than one Director, his voting rights shall be cumulative. If his appointor is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom or temporarily unable to act through ill health or disability his signature to any resolution In Writing of the Directors shall be as effective as the signature of his appointor. To such extent as the Directors may from time to time determine in relation to any committees of the Directors the foregoing provisions of this paragraph shall also apply mutatis mutandis to any meeting of any such committee of which his appointor is a member. An alternate Director shall not (save as aforesaid) have power to act as a Director nor shall he be deemed to be a Director for the purposes of these Articles.
- (D) An alternate Director shall be entitled to contract and be interested in and benefit from contracts or arrangements or transactions and to be repaid expenses and to be indemnified to the same extent mutatis mutandis as if he were a Director but he shall not be entitled to receive from the Company in respect of his appointment as alternate Director any remuneration except only such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as such appointor may by notice In Writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- (E) Any alternate Director shall be an officer of the Company and shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts or defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of or for the Director appointing him.

MEETINGS AND PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

111. The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes and in case of an equality of votes the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director may, and the Secretary on the requisition of a Director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.

112. Notice of a Directors meeting shall be deemed to be duly given to a Director if it is given to him personally or by word of mouth or sent In Writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose. A Director absent or intending to be absent from the United Kingdom may request the Directors that notice of Directors meetings shall during his absence be sent In Writing to him at his last known address or any other address given by him to the Company for this purpose, but in the absence of any such request it shall not be necessary to give notice of a Directors meeting to any Director who is for the time being absent from the United Kingdom. A Director may waive notice of any meeting either prospectively or retrospectively.

113. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the Directors may be fixed by the Directors, and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. Members of the Board or a committee of the Board may participate in a meeting of the Board or the committee by means of a conference telephone or any communication equipment which allows all persons participating in the meeting to hear and be heard by each other. The meeting shall be deemed to take place where the largest group of those participating is assembled or, if there is no such group, where the Chairman of the meeting is. For the purpose of determining whether the quorum for the transaction of the business of the Directors exists:

- (i) in the case of a resolution agreed by Directors in telephonic communications, all such Directors shall be counted in the quorum;
- (ii) in the case of a meeting of Directors, in addition to the Directors present at the meeting, any Director in telephonic communication with such meeting shall be counted in the quorum.

114. (A) A Director may hold any other office or place of profit with the Company (except that of Auditor) in conjunction with his office of Director for such period and upon such terms as the Board may determine, and may be paid such extra remuneration therefor (whether by way of salary, commission, participation in profits or otherwise) as the Board may determine, and such extra remuneration shall be in addition to any remuneration provided for by or pursuant to any other Article.

(B) A Director may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as Auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a Director.

(C) A Director of the Company may be or become a director or other officer of, or otherwise interested in, any company promoted by the Company or in which the Company may be interested, and shall not be liable to account to the

Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefit received by him as a director or officer of or from his interest in such other company. The Directors may also cause the voting power conferred by the shares in any other company held or owned by the Company to be exercised in such manner in all respects as they think fit, including the exercise thereof in favour of any resolution appointing the Directors or any of them to be directors or officers of such other company, or voting or providing for the payment of remuneration to the directors or officers of such other company.

- (D) A Director shall not vote or be counted in the quorum on any resolution of the Directors concerning his own appointment as the holder of any office or place of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested (including the arrangement of variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof).
- (E) Where arrangements are under consideration concerning the appointment (including the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) of two or more Directors to offices or places of profit with the Company or any other company in which the Company is interested, a separate resolution may be put in relation to each Director and in such case each of the Directors concerned shall be entitled to vote (and be counted in the quorum) in respect of each resolution except that concerning his own appointment (or the arrangement or variation of the terms thereof, or the termination thereof) and except (in the case of an office or place of profit with any such other company as aforesaid) where the other company is a company in which the Director owns 1 per cent or more.
- (F) Subject to the Statutes and to the next paragraph of this Article, no Director or proposed or intending Director shall be disqualified by his office from contracting with the Company, either with regard to his tenure of any office or place of profit or as vendor, purchaser or in any other manner whatsoever, nor shall any such contract or any other contract or arrangement in which any Director is in any way interested be liable to be avoided, nor shall any Director so contracting or being so interested be liable to account to the Company or the members for any remuneration, profit or other benefits realised by any such contract or arrangement by reason of such Director holding that office or of the fiduciary relationship thereby established.
- (G) A Director who to his knowledge is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a contract or arrangement or proposed contract or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature of his interest at the meeting of the Directors at which the question of entering into the contract or arrangement is first taken into consideration, if he knows his interest then exists or in any other case at the first meeting of the Directors after he knows that he is or has become so interested. A general notice to the Directors given by a Director to the effect that he is a member of a specified company or firm and is to be regarded as interested in any contract or arrangement which may after the date of the notice be made with such company or firm shall be sufficient

declaration of interest under this Article in relation to any contract or arrangement so made; provided that no such notice shall be effective unless either it is given at a meeting of the Directors or the Director giving the same takes reasonable steps to secure that it is brought up and read at the next Directors meeting after it is given.

- (II) Save as otherwise provided by the Articles, a Director shall not vote (nor be counted in the quorum) on any resolution of the Directors in respect of any contract or arrangement or any other proposal in which he is to his knowledge, directly or indirectly, materially interested, and if he shall do so his vote shall not be counted, but this prohibition shall not apply to any of the following matters, namely:
- (i) any contract or arrangement for giving to such Director any security or indemnity in respect of money lent by him or obligations undertaken by him at the request of or for the benefit of the Company or any of its subsidiaries;
 - (ii) any contract or arrangement for the giving by the Company of any security to a third party in respect of a debt or obligation of the Company or any of its subsidiaries which the Director has himself guaranteed or secured in whole or in part;
 - (iii) any contract or arrangement by a Director to subscribe for shares, debentures or other securities of the Company issued or to be issued pursuant to any offer or invitation to Members or debenture holders of the Company or any class thereof or to the public or any section thereof, or to underwrite any shares, debentures or other securities of the Company;
 - (iv) any contract or arrangement in which he is interested by virtue of his interest in shares or debentures or other securities of the Company or by reason of any other interest in or through the Company;
 - (v) any contract or arrangement concerning any other company (not being a company in which the Director owns 1 per cent or more) in which he is interested directly or indirectly whether as an officer, shareholder, creditor or otherwise howsoever;
 - (vi) any proposal concerning the adoption, modification or operation of a superannuation fund or retirement, death or disability benefits scheme which relates both to Directors and employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries and does not accord to any Director as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the employees to which such scheme or fund relates;
 - (vii) any arrangement for the benefit of employees of the Company or of any of its subsidiaries under which the Director benefits or a similar

manner as the employees and does not accord to any Director as such any privilege or advantage not generally accorded to the employees to whom such arrangement relates;

(viii) any proposal concerning any insurance which the Company proposes to maintain or purchase for the benefit of the Directors or for the benefit of persons who include directors.

(I) A company shall be deemed to be a company in which a Director owns 1 per cent or more if and so long as (but only if and so long as) he is (either directly or indirectly) the holder of or beneficially interested in 1 per cent or more of any class of the equity share capital of such company or of the voting rights available to members of such company. For the purpose of this paragraph there shall be disregarded any shares held by a Director as bare or custodian trustee and in which he has no beneficial interest, any shares comprised in a trust in which the Director's interest is in reversion or remainder if and so long as some other person is entitled to receive the income thereof, and any shares comprised in any authorised unit trust scheme in which the Director is interested only as a unit holder.

(J) Where a company in which a Director holds 1 per cent or more is materially interested in a transaction, then that Director shall also be deemed materially interested in such transaction.

(K) If any question shall arise at any meeting of the Board as to the materiality of the interest of a Director (other than the chairman of the meeting) or as to the entitlement of any Director (other than such chairman) to vote or be counted in the quorum and such question is not resolved by his voluntarily agreeing to abstain from voting or not to be counted in the quorum, such question shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting and his ruling in relation to such other Director shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of the Director concerned as known to such Director has not been fairly disclosed to the Directors. If any question as aforesaid shall arise in respect of the chairman of the meeting such question shall be decided by a resolution of the Directors (for which purpose such chairman shall be counted in the quorum but shall not vote thereon) and such resolution shall be final and conclusive except in a case where the nature or extent of the interest of such chairman as known to such chairman has not been fairly disclosed to the Directors.

(L) The Company may by ordinary resolution suspend or relax the provisions of this Article to any extent or ratify any transaction not duly authorised by reason of a contravention of this Article.

115. The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancies, but if and so long as the number of Directors is reduced below the minimum number fixed by or in accordance with these Articles the continuing Directors or Director may act for the purpose of filling such vacancies or of summoning General Meetings, but not for any other purpose. If there be

no Directors or Director able or willing to act, then any two Members may summon a General Meeting for the purpose of appointing Directors.

116. (A) The Directors may elect from their number a Chairman and a Deputy Chairman (or two or more Deputy Chairmen) and determine the period for which each is to hold office. If no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall have been appointed or if at any meeting of the Directors no Chairman or Deputy Chairman shall be present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the Directors present may choose one of their number to be Chairman of the meeting.

(B) If at any time there is more than one Deputy Chairman the right in the absence of the Chairman to preside at a meeting of the Directors or of the Company shall be determined as between the Deputy Chairmen present (if more than one) by seniority in length of appointment or otherwise as resolved by the Directors.

117. A resolution In Writing signed by all of the Directors entitled to notice of a meeting of the Directors or by all of the members of a committee for the time being shall be as valid and effective as if it had been duly passed at a meeting of the Directors or such committee (as the case may be) duly called and constituted and may consist of several documents in the like form, each signed by one or more of the said Directors or the said members of such committee. For the purpose of this Article, the signature of an alternate Director (if any) entitled to notice of a meeting of Directors shall subject to the provisions of Article 110(C) suffice in lieu of the signature of the Director appointing him.

118. The Directors may delegate any of their powers or discretions to committees consisting of one or more members of their body and (if thought fit) one or more other persons co-opted as hereinafter provided. Any committee so formed shall in the exercise of the powers so delegated conform to any regulations which may from time to time be imposed by the Directors. Any such regulations may provide for or authorise the co-option to the committee of persons other than Directors and for such co-opted members to have voting rights as members of the committee but so that (a) the number of co-opted members shall be less than one-half of the total number of members of the committee and (b) no resolution of the committee shall be effective unless a majority of the members of the committee present at the meeting are Directors.

119. The meetings and proceedings of any such committee consisting of two or more members shall be governed mutatis mutandis by the provisions of these Articles regulating the meetings and proceedings of the Directors, so far as the same are not superseded by any regulations made by the Directors under the last preceding Article.

120. All acts done by any meeting of Directors, or of any such committee, or by any person acting as a Director or as a member of such committee, shall as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, notwithstanding that there was some defect in the appointment of any of the persons acting as aforesaid, or that any such persons were disqualified or had vacated office or were not entitled to vote, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified and had continued to be a Director or member of the committee

and had been entitled to vote.

BORROWING POWERS

121. (A) Subject as hereinafter provided and to the provisions of the Statutes the Directors may exercise all the powers of the Company to raise or borrow money, and to mortgage or charge its undertaking, property and assets (both present and future) and uncalled capital, and to issue debentures and other securities, whether outright or as collateral security as for any debt, liability or obligation of the Company or of any third party.
- (B) The Directors shall restrict the borrowings of the Company and exercise all voting and other rights or powers of control exercisable by the Company in relation to its subsidiary companies for the time being so as to secure (so far, as regards subsidiaries, as by such exercise they can secure) that the aggregate nominal or principal amount for the time being remaining outstanding of all monies borrowed by the Group (which expression in this Article means and includes the Company and its subsidiaries for the time being) and for the time being owing to persons outside the Group shall not at any time without the previous sanction of an Ordinary Resolution of the Company exceed an amount equal to One and a half times the Adjusted Capital and Reserves as hereinafter defined.
- (C) For the purpose of the foregoing limit the following provisions shall apply:-
- (i) there shall be deemed, subject as hereinafter provided, to have been borrowed and to be outstanding as borrowed moneys of the relevant member of the Group (to the extent that the same would not otherwise fall to be taken into account):-
 - (a) the principal amount of all debentures of any member of the Group which are not for the time being beneficially owned within the Group;
 - (b) the outstanding amount of acceptances (not being acceptances of trade bills in respect of the purchase or sale of goods in the ordinary course of trading) by any member of the Group or by any bank or accepting house under any acceptance credit opened on behalf of and in favour of any member of the Group;
 - (c) the nominal amount of any issued and paid up share capital (other than equity share capital) of any subsidiary of the Company not for the time being beneficially owned by other members of the Group;
 - (d) the nominal amount of any other issued and paid up share capital and the principal amount of any other debentures or other borrowed moneys (not being shares or debentures which

or borrowed moneys the indebtedness in respect of which is for the time being beneficially owned within the Group) the redemption or repayment whereof is guaranteed or wholly or partly secured by any member of the Group;

- (e) any fixed or minimum premium payable on final redemption or repayment of any debentures, share capital or other borrowed moneys falling to be taken into account.
 - (ii) moneys borrowed by any member of the Group for the purpose of repaying or redeeming (with or without premium) in whole or in part any other borrowed moneys failing to be taken into account and intended to be applied for such purpose within three months after the borrowing thereof shall not during such period, except to the extent so applied, themselves be taken into account;
 - (iii) any amounts borrowed by any member of the Group from bankers or others for the purpose of financing any contract up to an amount not exceeding that part of the price receivable under such contract which is guaranteed or insured by the Export Credits Guarantee Department of the Department of Trade and Industry or any other Government department fulfilling a similar function shall be deemed not to be borrowed moneys;
 - (iv) moneys borrowed by a partly-owned subsidiary and not owing to another member of the Group shall be taken into account subject to the exclusion of a proportion thereof equal to the minority proportion and moneys borrowed and owing to a partly-owned subsidiary by another member of the Group shall be taken into account to the extent of a proportion thereof equal to the minority proportion; for the purposes aforesaid "minority proportion" shall mean the proportion of the issued equity share capital of such partly-owned subsidiary which is not attributable to the Company;
 - (v) borrowed moneys of any member of the Group expressed in or calculated by reference to a currency other than sterling shall be translated into sterling by reference to the rate of exchange used for the conversion of such currency in the latest audited balance sheet of the relevant member of the Group or, if the relevant currency was not thereby involved, by reference to the rate of exchange or approximate rate of exchange ruling on such date and determined on such basis as the Auditors may determine or approve
- (D) In this Article the expression "Adjusted Capital and Reserves" means at any material time a sum equal to the aggregate of:-
- (i) the amount paid up on the issued share capital of the Company; and

The determination of the Auditors (which expression means the Auditors or in the case of joint Auditors any one of them) as to the amount of the Adjusted Capital and Reserves at any time shall be conclusive and binding on all concerned.

- (E) No person dealing with the Company or any of its subsidiaries shall be concerned to see or enquire whether the said limit is observed and no debt incurred or security given in excess of such limit shall be invalid or ineffectual unless the lender or the recipient of the security had, at the time when the debt was incurred or security given, express notice that the said limit had been or would thereby be exceeded.
- (F) Subject to the provisions of the Statutes, any debentures or other securities issued or to be issued by the Company shall be under the control of the Directors, who may issue them upon such terms and conditions and in such manner and for such consideration as they shall consider to be for the benefit of the Company.

GENERAL POWERS OF DIRECTORS

122. The business and affairs of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the Statutes or by these Articles required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these Articles, to the provisions of the Statutes and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, but no regulation so made by the Company shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made. The general powers given by this Article shall not be limited or restricted by any special authority or power given to the Directors by any other Article.

123. The Directors may establish any local boards or agencies for managing any of the affairs of the Company, either in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and may appoint any persons to be members of such local boards, or any managers or agents, and may fix their remuneration, and may delegate to any local board, manager or agent any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in the Directors, with power to sub-delegate, and may authorise the members of any local boards, or any of them, to fill any vacancies therein, and to act notwithstanding vacancies, and any such appointment or delegation may be made upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Directors may think fit, and the Directors may remove any person so appointed, and may annul or vary any such delegation, but no person dealing in good faith and without notice of any such annulment or variation shall be affected thereby.

124. The Directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney under the Seal or otherwise appoint any company, firm or person or any fluctuating body of persons, whether nominated directly or indirectly by the Directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the Company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the Directors under these Articles) and for such

period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such power of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the Directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to sub-delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

125. The Directors may from time to time appoint any person to an office or employment having a designation or title including the word "Director" or attach to any existing office or employment with the Company such a designation or title. The inclusion of the word "Director" in the designation or title of any office or employment with the Company shall not imply that the holder thereof is a Director of the Company nor shall such holder thereby be empowered in any respect to act as a Director of the Company or be deemed to be a Director for any of the purposes of these Articles.

126. Subject to and to the extent permitted by the Statutes, the Company, or the Directors on behalf of the Company, may cause to be kept in any territory a branch register of Members resident in such territory, and the Directors may make and vary such regulations as they may think fit respecting the keeping of any such register.

127. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments and all receipts for moneys paid to the Company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed, or otherwise executed, as the case may be, in such manner as the Directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

SECRETARY

128. The Secretary shall be appointed by the Directors at such remuneration and upon such terms as they think fit; and any Secretary so appointed may be removed by the Directors. The Directors may also appoint an assistant Secretary or assistant Secretaries and temporary substitutes for the Secretary. Any such assistant Secretary or temporary substitute shall for the purpose of these Articles be deemed to be and may fulfil the duty of the Secretary subject to any limitation prescribed by the Directors.

129. A provision of the Act or these Articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a Director and the Secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as Director and as, or in place of, the Secretary.

MINUTES

130. (A) The Directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose:

- (i) of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
- (ii) of the names of all the Directors present at each meeting of the Directors and of any committee of the Directors;
- (iii) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the Company and of Directors and of committees of Directors.

- (B) All such minutes as aforesaid, if purporting to be signed by the chairman of the meeting at which such appointments were made, or such Directors were present, or such resolutions were passed or proceedings held (as the case may be), or by the chairman of the next succeeding meeting of the Company, or class of members of the Company, or Directors or committee (as the case may be), shall be sufficient evidence without any further proof of the facts therein stated.
- (C) It shall not be necessary for Directors present at any meeting of the Directors or committee of Directors to sign their names in the minute book or other book kept for recording attendance.

THE SEAL

131. (A) The Directors shall provide for the safe custody of the Seal and any Securities Seal and neither shall be used without the authority of the Directors or of a committee authorised by the Directors in that behalf.
- (B) Every instrument to which the Seal shall be affixed shall be signed autographically by one Director and the Secretary or by two Directors save that as regards any certificates for shares or debentures or other securities of the Company the Directors may by resolution determine that such signatures or either of them shall be dispensed with or affixed by some method or system of mechanical signature.
- (C) The Securities Seal shall be used only for sealing securities issued by the Company and documents creating or evidencing securities so issued. Any such securities or documents sealed with the Securities Seal shall not be required to be signed.

132. The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having an official seal for use abroad and such powers shall be vested in the Directors.

AUTHENTICATION OF DOCUMENTS

133. Any Director or the Secretary or any person appointed by the Directors for the purpose shall have power to authenticate any documents affecting the constitution of the Company and any resolution passed by the Company or the Directors or any committee, and any books, records, documents and accounts relating to the business of the Company, and to certify copies thereof or extracts therefrom as true copies or extracts; and where any books, records, documents or accounts are elsewhere than at the Office of the local manager or other officer of the Company having the custody thereof shall be deemed to be a person appointed by the Directors as aforesaid. A document purporting to be a copy of a resolution, or an extract from the minutes of a meeting, of the Company or of the Directors or any committee which is certified as aforesaid shall be conclusive evidence in favour of all persons dealing with the Company upon the faith thereof that such resolution has been duly passed or, as the case may be, that any minute so extracted is a true and accurate record of proceedings at a

day constituted meeting.

DIVIDENDS

134. The profits of the Company available for dividend and resolved to be distributed shall be applied in the payment of dividends to the Members in accordance with their respective rights and priorities. The Company in General Meeting may declare dividends accordingly. No dividend or interim dividend shall be paid otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of Part VIII of the Act which apply to the Company.

135. No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits of the Company (including profits set aside to any reserve fund in terms of Article 147 hereof), or in excess of the amount recommended by the Directors.

136. All dividends shall be declared and paid according to the amounts paid on the shares in respect whereof the dividend is paid, but (for the purposes of this Article only) no amount paid on a share in advance of calls shall be treated as paid on the share. All dividends shall be apportioned and paid pro rata according to the amounts paid on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid, but if any share is issued on terms providing that it shall rank for dividend as from a particular date, such share shall rank for dividend accordingly.

137. The Directors shall transfer to share premium account as required by the Statutes sums equal to the amount or value of any premiums at which any shares of the Company shall be issued.

138. The Directors may if they think fit from time to time pay to the Members such interim dividends as appear to the Directors to be justified by the profits of the Company. If at any time the capital of the Company is divided into different classes of shares the Directors may pay such interim dividends in respect of those shares in the capital of the Company which confer on the holders thereof deferred or non-preferred rights as well as in respect of those shares which confer on the holders thereof preferential or special rights with regard to dividends and provided that the Directors act bona fide they shall not incur any responsibility to the holders of any shares for any damage that they may suffer by reason of the payment of an interim dividend on any shares. The Directors may also pay half yearly or at other suitable intervals to be settled by them any dividend which may be payable at a fixed rate if they are of the opinion that the profits justify the payment.

139. Any general meeting declaring a dividend or bonus may direct payment of such dividend or bonus wholly or partly by the distribution of specific assets and in particular of paid up shares, debentures or debenture stock of any other company or in any one or more of such ways, and the Directors shall give effect to such resolution, and where any difficulty arises in regard to such distribution, the Directors may settle the same as they think expedient, and in particular may issue certificates in respect of fractions and fix the value for distribution of such specific assets or any part thereof and may determine that cash payments shall be made to any Members upon the footing of the value so fixed in order to adjust the rights of all parties, and may vest any such specific assets in trustees as may seem expedient to the Directors.

140. Any resolution of the Company or of the Directors declaring a dividend may specify any date as the record date for such dividend, whether or not prior to the date on which the resolution is passed.

141. The Directors may deduct from any dividend or bonus payable to any Member all sums of money (if any) presently payable by him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise in respect of shares of the Company.

142. The Directors may retain any dividends and bonuses payable on shares on which the Company has a lien permitted by the Statutes and may apply the same in or towards satisfaction of the debts, liabilities or engagements in respect of which the lien exists. No unpaid dividend, bonus or interest shall bear interest as against the Company.

143. The Directors may retain the dividends and bonuses payable upon shares in respect of which any person is, under the provisions as to the transmission of shares hereinbefore contained, entitled to become a Member, or which any person under those provisions is entitled to transfer, until such person shall become a Member in respect of such shares or shall duly transfer the same.

144. Any dividend may be paid by cheque or warrant sent through the post to the registered address of the Member or person entitled thereto, or by direct bank transfer to such bank account as such Member or person entitled thereto may direct, and in case of joint holders to any one of such joint holders or to such person and such address or such bank account as the holder or joint holders may direct. Every such cheque shall be made payable to the order of the person to whom it is sent or to such persons as the holder or joint holders may direct and payment of the cheque or warrant shall be a good discharge to the Company. Every such cheque or warrant shall be sent at the risk of the person entitled to the money represented thereby.

145. If several persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of them may give effectual receipts for any dividend or other moneys payable or in respect of the share.

146. All unclaimed dividends may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed and all dividends unclaimed for 12 years after having been declared shall, unless the Directors otherwise resolve, be forfeited and revert to the Company.

RESERVES

147. The Directors may from time to time set aside out of the profits of the Company and carry to reserve such sums as they think proper which, at the discretion of the Directors, shall be applicable for any purpose to which the profits of the Company may properly be applied and pending such application may either be employed in the business of the Company or be invested. The Directors may divide the reserve into such special funds as they think fit and may consolidate into one fund any special funds or any parts of any special funds into which the reserve may have been divided. The Directors may also without placing the same to reserve carry forward any profits. In carrying sums to reserve and in applying the same the

Directors shall comply with the provisions of the Act.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS AND RESERVES

148. The Directors may, with the sanction of an ordinary resolution of the Company, capitalise any sum standing to the credit of any of the Company's reserve accounts (including any share premium account, capital redemption reserve or other undistributable reserve) or any sum standing to the credit of profit and loss account by appropriating such sum to the holders of ordinary shares on the Register at the close of business on the date of the resolution (or such other date as may be specified therein or determined as therein provided) in proportion to their then holdings of ordinary shares and applying such sum on their behalf in paying up in full unissued ordinary shares (or, subject to any special rights previously conferred on any shares or class of shares for the time being issued, unissued shares of any other class not being redeemable shares) or debentures for allotment and distribution credited as fully paid up to and amongst them as bonus shares or debentures respectively provided that any share premium account and capital redemption reserve may only for the purposes of this Article be applied in the paying up of unissued shares to be allotted to Members as fully paid shares in the proportion aforesaid. The Directors may do all acts and things considered necessary or expedient to give effect to any such capitalisation, with full power to the Directors to make such provisions as they think fit for any fractional entitlements which would arise on the basis aforesaid (including provisions whereby fractional entitlements are disregarded or the benefit thereof accrues to the Company rather than to the Members concerned). The Directors may authorise any person to enter on behalf of all the Members interested into an agreement with the Company providing for any such capitalisation and matters incidental thereto and any agreement made under such authority shall be effective and binding on all concerned.

ACCOUNTS

149. Accounting records sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and otherwise complying with the Statutes shall be kept at the Office, or at such other place as the Directors think fit, and shall always be open to inspection by the officers of the Company. Subject as aforesaid no Member or other person shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the Company except as conferred by statute or ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction or authorised by the Directors.

150. The Directors shall from time to time in accordance with the Act cause to be prepared and to be laid before the Company in General Meeting such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts (if any) and reports as are referred to in those Sections.

151. A copy of every balance sheet and profit and loss account which is to be laid before a General Meeting of the Company (including every document required by law to be comprised therein or attached or annexed thereto) or to the extent permitted by Section 251 of the Act, a summary financial statement in the form required by the Companies (Summary Financial Statement) Regulations 1992 shall not less than twenty-one days before the date of the meeting be sent to every Member and every holder of debentures of the Company and to every other person who is entitled to receive notices of meetings from the Company under the provisions of the Statutes or of these Articles. Provided that this Article shall not require a

copy of these documents to be sent to any person to whom, by virtue of Section 240(3) of the Act, the Company is not required to send the same, but any Member or holder of debentures to whom a copy of these documents has not been sent shall be entitled to receive a copy free of charge on application at the Office. If all or any of the shares or debentures of the Company shall for the time being be listed or dealt in on The Stock Exchange, there shall be forwarded to the appropriate officer of The Stock Exchange such number of copies of such documents as may for the time being be required under its regulations or practice.

AUDITORS

152. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in the manner provided by the provisions of the Statutes. Subject to the provisions of the Statutes all acts done by any person acting as an Auditor shall, as regards all persons dealing in good faith with the Company, be valid notwithstanding that there was some defect in his appointment or that he was at the time of his appointment not qualified for appointment or subsequently became disqualified.

153. An Auditor shall be entitled to attend any General Meeting and to receive all notices of and other communications relating to any General Meeting which any Member is entitled to receive and to be heard at any General Meeting or any part of the business of the meeting.

NOTICES

154. Any notice or document (including a share certificate) may be served on or delivered to any Member by the Company either personally or by sending it through the post in a prepaid cover addressed to such Member at his registered address as appearing in the Register. A Member shall be entitled to receive notices from the Company notwithstanding that his registered address as appearing in the Register is outside the United Kingdom. Where a notice or other document is served or sent by post, service or delivery shall be deemed to be effected at the expiration of twenty-four hours (or, where second class mail is employed, forty-eight hours) after the time when the cover containing the same is posted and in proving such service or delivery it shall be sufficient to prove that such cover was properly addressed, stamped and posted.

155. Any notice given to that one of the joint holders of a share whose name stands first in the Register in respect of the share shall be sufficient notice to all the joint holders in their capacity as such.

156. A person entitled to a share in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of a Member upon supplying to the Company such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show his title to the share, and shall be entitled to have served upon or delivered to him to such address any notice or document to which the Member but for his death or bankruptcy would have been entitled and such service or delivery shall for all purposes be deemed a sufficient service or delivery of such notice or document on all persons interested (whether jointly with or as claiming through or under him) in the share. Save as aforesaid any notice or document delivered or sent by post to or left at the address of any Member in pursuance of these Articles shall, notwithstanding that such Member be then dead or bankrupt or in liquidation, and whether or not the Company have notice of his death or bankruptcy or

liquidation, be deemed to have been duly served or delivered in respect of any share registered in the name of such Member as sole or first-named joint holder.

157. Any notice required to be given by the Company to Members and not expressly provided for by these Articles shall be sufficiently given if given by advertisement. Any notice required to be or which may be given by advertisement shall be advertised once in one national daily newspaper and shall be taken as given on the day on which such advertisement appears. If at any time by reason of the suspension or curtailment of postal services within the United Kingdom the Company is unable effectively to convene a general meeting by notice sent through the post, a general meeting may be convened by notice advertised in at least two leading daily newspapers with appropriate circulation one of which shall be a leading London daily newspaper; such notice shall be deemed to have been duly served on all Members entitled thereto at noon on the day when the advertisement appears. In any such case the Company shall send confirmatory copies of the notice by post if at least 48 hours prior to the meeting the posting of notices to addresses within the United Kingdom again becomes practicable.

158. Every person who by operation of law, transfer or other means shall become entitled to any share shall be bound by every notice in respect of such share which, previously to his name and address being entered in the Register, shall have been duly given to the person from whom he derives his title to such share other than a notice given under Article 79 hereof or under the provisions of section 212 of the Act.

159. Subject to these Articles and to such restrictions affecting the right to receive notice as are for the time being applicable to the holders of any class of shares, notice of every General Meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to:-

- (i) every Member except Members who (having no registered address within the United Kingdom) have not supplied to the Company an address within the United Kingdom for the giving of notices to them; and
- (ii) the Auditor; and
- (iii) the Directors and (if any) alternate Directors.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of General Meetings.

160. Nothing in any of the preceding Articles shall affect any requirement of the Statutes that any particular offer, notice or other document be served in any particular manner.

RECORD DATE FOR SERVICE

161. A notice or other document may be served or delivered by the Company by reference to the Register as it stands at any time not more than fifteen days before the date of posting (where the notice or other document is posted) or otherwise not more than fifteen days before the date of service. A change in the Register after that time shall not invalidate that service or delivery. Where a notice or other document is served on or delivered to a person in respect of a share in accordance with these Articles, no person deriving any title or interest in the share

shall be entitled to any further service or delivery of the notice or document.

WINDING UP

162. If the Company shall be wound up (whether the liquidation is voluntary, under supervision, or by the Court) the Liquidator may, with the authority of an Extraordinary Resolution, divide among the Members in specie or kind the whole or any part of the assets of the Company remaining after payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company and the costs of liquidation and whether or not the assets shall consist of property of one kind or shall consist of properties of different kinds, and may for such purpose set such value as he deems fair upon any one or more class or classes of property and may determine how such division shall be carried out as between the Members or different classes of Members. The Liquidator may, with the like authority, vest any part of the assets in trustees upon such trusts for the benefit of Members as the Liquidator with the like authority shall think fit, and the liquidation of the Company may be closed and the Company dissolved, but so that no contributory shall be compelled to accept any shares or other property in respect of which there is a liability.

INDEMNITY

163. Save and except so far as the provisions of this Article shall be avoided by any provisions of the Statutes, the Directors, Auditors, Secretary and other officers for the time being of the Company and the trustees (if any) for the time being acting in relation to any of the affairs of the Company, and their respective executors or administrators, shall to such extent as may for the time being be permitted by the Statutes be indemnified and secured harmless out of the assets of the Company from and against all actions, costs, charges, losses, damages and expenses which they or any of them, their or any of their executors or administrators, shall or may incur or sustain by reason of any act done, concurred in or omitted in or about the execution of their duty or supposed duty in their respective offices or trusts, except such (if any) as they shall incur or sustain through their own wilful neglect or default respectively, and none of them shall be answerable for the acts, receipts, neglects or defaults of any other of them, or for joining in any receipt for the sake of conformity, or for any bankers or other persons with whom any moneys or effects of the Company shall be lodged or deposited for safe custody, or for the insufficiency or deficiency or any security upon which any moneys of the Company shall be placed out or invested, or for any other loss, misfortune or damage which may happen in the execution of their respective offices or trusts, or in relation thereto, except as the same shall happen by or through their own wilful neglect or default respectively.

WE, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of these Articles of Association.

NAME, ADDRESSES & DESCRIPTIONS
OF SUBSCRIBERS

Mark M. B. J. Tasker
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Mark Tasker

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Trainee Solicitor

Melanie Jones

Dated this *10th* day of *November* 1994

WITNESS to the above Signatures:-

Lesley A. James
30 Onslow Avenue
Richmond
TW10 6QB
Legal Secretary

Lesley A. James