COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 2990765

J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited Financial Statements 31 December 2019



COMPANIES HOUSE

HURSHENS LIMITED

Chartered accountants & statutory auditor
Unit 2, 32-34 Station Close
Potters Bar
Herts
EN6 1TL

Financial Statements

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Strategic Report

Year ended 31 December 2019

The Directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2019. The directors are satisfied with the group's financial position.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The Directors are pleased to report that turnover was in region of around £55m. The group has managed to maintain its gross profit margin at 25%. The group's balance sheet also discloses a very healthy and satisfactory net asset position of around £3.6m.

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

The group is still trying to improve the results of some of it's local subsidiary outlets. Also, the directors expect pressure on margins in the coming year or so, particularly with the unknown consequences of Brexit from next year 2021. However, the directors are confident the supply chain and margins will be maintained from this date.

GOING CONCERN

Since 31 December 2019, the consequences of the COVID-19 outspread have materially and adversely affected the demand for the company's products and therefore its operating results have been negatively impacted. The group will be relying upon inter company support from other group companies and a recovery of demand is expected as unlocking of the economy progresses. These factors are however materially uncertain and may cast doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern, but the management are of the opinion that the company will trade into the foreseeable future.

FINANCIAL RISK AND MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Market Risk

As noted above, the market place is becoming ever more competitive. In order to improve margins across the group, focus will be placed upon achieving this through lower wastage and improved control of stock. Furthermore, building good working relationships with overseas growers will also continue to improve margins.

Foreign exchange risk

The group enters foreign exchange in order to hedge against any anticipated currency fluctuations.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 23 July 2020 and signed on behalf of the board

by:

J Newham Director

Registered office: Knapdale Nursery Cattlegate Road Enfield Middx

EN2 9ED

Director's Report

Year ended 31 December 2019

The director presents her report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 31 December 2019.

Director

The director who served the company during the year was as follows:

J Newham

Dividends

Particulars of recommended dividends are detailed in note 11 to the financial statements.

Employment of disabled persons

Policy for disabled staff during the year

(a) for giving full and fair consideration to applications for employment by the company made by disabled persons, having regard to their particular aptitudes and abilities. (b) for continuing the employment of, and for arranging appropriate training for, employees of the company who have become disabled persons during the period when they were employed by the company, (c) otherwise for the training, career development and promotion of disabled persons employed by the company to be indentical to that of other employees.

Employee involvement

The company's policy is to try and achieve a common awareness on the part of all employees of the financial and economic factors affecting the performance of the company.

Disclosure of information in the strategic report

This has been included on Page 1.

Director's responsibilities statement

The director is responsible for preparing the strategic report, director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless she is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and the profit or loss of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

Director's Report (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. She is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Auditor

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group and the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group and the company's auditor is
 aware of that information.

The auditor is deemed to have been re-appointed in accordance with section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 23 July 2020 and signed on behalf of the board

by:

J Newham Director

Registered office: Knapdale Nursery Cattlegate Road Enfield Middx EN2 9ED

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited

Year ended 31 December 2019

Qualified opinion

We have audited the financial statements of J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited (the 'parent company') and its subsidiaries (the 'group') for the year ended 31 December 2019 which comprise the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, company statement of changes in equity, company statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the basis for qualified opinion section of our report, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for qualified opinion

The group accounts include the results of J Van Vliet New York LLC, a company incorporated in New York, in the United States of America. This subsidiary does not require a statutory audit. The results for this subsidiary for the year show a profit of £52,507 (2018:£184,676), together with aggregate profits of £673,775 (2018:£630,656). The were no other satisfactory audit procedures that we could adopt with respect to auditing the results of this subsidiary included in these consolidated accounts.

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Material uncertainty related to going concern

We draw attention to Note 3 in the financial statements which indicates that a material uncertainty exists due to Coved-19, that may cast significant doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The director is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the strategic report and the director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the strategic report and the director's report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the group and the parent company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the strategic report or the director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

Responsibilities of the director

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the group's and the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the group or the parent company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (UK), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error,
 as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override
 of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the director.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the group's or the parent company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the group or the parent company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the
 disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

 Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Mr Sheriol Moustafa, FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Hurshens Limited Chartered accountants & statutory auditor

Unit 2, 32-34 Station Close Potters Bar Herts EN6 1TL

23 July 2020

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year ended 31 December 2019

	Note	2019	2018 £
Turnover	4	£ 55,170,736	57,813,161
Cost of sales		40,819,128	43,503,903
Gross profit		14,351,608	14,309,258
Administrative expenses		12,928,737	13,343,631
Operating profit	5	1,422,871	965,627
Other interest receivable and similar income	9	10,181	5,667
Profit before taxation		1,433,052	971,294
Tax on profit	10	224,111	217,075
Profit for the financial year		1,208,941	754,219
Foreign currency retranslation		(9,388)	(10,109)
Total comprehensive income for the year		1,199,553	744,110

All the activities of the group are from continuing operations.

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2019

	Note		2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets	13		1,484,686	2,540,557
Current assets Stock Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	15 16	2,583,932 3,587,484 3,284,687 9,456,103		2,629,691 4,337,635 2,064,942 9,032,268
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	7,305,939		8,210,787
Net current assets			2,150,164	821,481
Total assets less current liabilities			3,634,850	3,362,038
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Net assets	18		19,174 3,615,676	215,663 3,146,375
Capital and reserves Called up share capital Revaluation reserve Profit and loss account	20 21 21		51,000 147,882 3,416,794	51,000 147,882 2,947,493
Shareholders funds			3,615,676	3,146,375

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 July 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J Newham Director

Company registration number: 2990765

Company Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2019

Produce to	Note		2019 £	2018 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments	13 14		128,919 351,704	187,543 601,704
			480,623	789,247
Current assets				
Stock	15	455,017		371,112
Debtors	16	827,979		1,143,827
Cash at bank and in hand		505,036		238,605
		1,788,032		1,753,544
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	17	743,971		1,012,421
Net current assets			1,044,061	741,123
Total assets less current liabilities			1,524,684	1,530,370
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than				
one year	18		19,174	120,174
Net assets			1,505,510	1,410,196
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	20		51,000	51,000
Revaluation reserve	21		147,882	147,882
Profit and loss account	21		1,306,628	1,211,314
Shareholders funds			1,505,510	1,410,196

The profit for the financial year of the parent company was £825,564 (2018: £540,756).

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 July 2020, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

J Newham Director

Company registration number: 2990765

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

	Called up share capital	Revaluation reserve I	Profit and oss account	Total
	Ė	£	£	£
At 1 January 2018	51,000	147,882	2,203,383	2,402,265
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:			754,219	754,219
Foreign currency retranslation	_		(10,109)	(10,109)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	_	744,110	744,110
At 31 December 2018	51,000	147,882	2,947,491	3,146,373
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income for the year:			1,208,941	1,208,941
Foreign currency retranslation			(9,388)	(9,388)
Total comprehensive income for the year			1,199,553	1,199,553
Dividends paid and payable	11	_	(730,250)	(730,250)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	_	_	(730,250)	(730,250)
At 31 December 2019	51,000	147,882	3,416,794	3,615,676

Company Statement of Changes in Equity

	Called up	Revaluation	Profit and	
	share capital		oss account	Total
	£	£	£	£
At 1 January 2018	51,000	147,882	670,558	869,440
Profit for the year			540,756	540,756
Total comprehensive income for the year			540,756	540,756
At 31 December 2018	51,000	147,882	1,211,314	1,410,196
Profit for the year			825,564	825,564
Total comprehensive income for the year		_	825,564	825,564
Dividends paid and payable	11		(730,250)	(730,250)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	_	_	(730,250)	(730,250)
At 31 December 2019	51,000	147,882	1,306,628	1,505,510

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

	2019 £	2018 £
Cash flows from operating activities Profit for the financial year	1,208,941	754,219
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible assets Amortisation of intangible assets Other interest receivable and similar income Gains on disposal of tangible assets Tax on profit Accrued income	712,943 - (10,181) (279,178) 224,111 (63,887)	886,500 20,000 (5,667) (62,137) 217,075 (18,327)
Changes in: Stock Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors	45,759 750,151 (810,228)	27,710 (537,546) (664,307)
Cash generated from operations Interest received Tax paid	1,778,431 10,181 (192,991)	617,520 5,667 (192,204)
Net cash from operating activities	1,595,621	430,983
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of tangible assets Net cash from/(used in) investing activities	(513,102) 1,135,206 622,104	(809,520) 154,726 (654,794)
Cash flows from financing activities Proceeds from borrowings Dividends paid Net cash used in financing activities	(258,342) (730,250) (988,592)	(157,671) — (1 <u>57,671</u>)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,229,133 2,064,942	(381,482) 2,446,424
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3,294,075	2,064,942

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2019

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Knapdale Nursery, Cattlegate Road, Enfield, Middx, EN2 9ED.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Going concern

Since 31 December 2019, the consequences of the COVID-19 outspread have materially and adversely affected the demand for the company's products and therefore its operating results have been negatively impacted. The group will be relying upon inter company support from other group companies and a recovery of demand is expected as unlocking of the economy progresses. These factors are however materially uncertain and may cast doubt on the group's ability to continue as a going concern, but the management are of the opinion that the company will trade into the foreseeable future.

Disclosure exemptions

The parent company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following reduced disclosures available under FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- (d) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

Consolidation

The financial statements consolidate the financial statements of J. Van Vliet London Cash & Carry Limited and all of its subsidiary undertakings.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the year are included from or to the date that control passes.

The parent company has applied the exemption contained in section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and has not presented its individual profit and loss account.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

Stock provisions- The group sells flowers, plants and related sundry products. When considering stock provisions and write downs,management have to review market conditions and recoverability of stock held at the year end. See Note 15 for the net carrying amount of the stock.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, stated net of discounts and of Value Added Tax.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred taxation is provided using the liability method on all timing differences, which are expected to reverse in the future without being replaced, calculated at the rate at which it is anticipated the timing differences will reverse. Deferred tax is only provided where it is considered to be material. Deferred taxation provisions are only made on the potential sale of freehold buildings where there is a binding agreement for the sale of such assets at the year end. There were no such binding agreements at the year end.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Goodwill

This policy fairly reflects the carrying value of goodwill over its useful live and takes account the future cash flows as a result of the use of goodwill.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10 years straight line

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Amortisation (continued)

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold building - 2% straight line
Plant and machinery - 25% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 25% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Financial instruments

The company has applied the provisions of Section 11 "Basic Financial Instruments" and Section 12 "Other financial Instruments Issues" of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments. Bank loans are initially recognised at transaction price. This debt instrument is subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest method. Forward foreign currrency contracts are recorded at fair value at the year end, where any movements are taken to profit and loss. Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided.

4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2019 £	2018 £
Sale of goods and services Commissions	54,919,582 251,155	57,566,073 247,073
	55,170,737	57,813,146

The director considers it to be seriously prejudicial to the interests of the company to disclose information regarding turnover.

5. Operating profit

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging/crediting:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Amortisation of intangible assets	_	20,000
Depreciation of tangible assets	712,941	937,601
Gains on disposal of tangible assets	(279,178)	(62,137)
Impairment of trade debtors	65,548	40,790
Foreign exchange differences	(2,065)	(9,823)
Cost of stocks recognised as an expense	40,819,609	43,503,902
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6. Auditor's remuneration

	2019	2018
	£	£
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	42,505	43,205

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

7. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the group during the year, including the director, amounted to:

	2019	2018
	No.	No.
Distribution staff	262	274
Administrative staff	17	17
Management staff	_10	10
	289	301
The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating to the	above, were:	
	2019	2018
	£	£
Wages and salaries	6,985,051	6,934,525
Social security costs	490,996	507,469
Other pension costs	113,768	83,195
	7,589,815	7,525,189

8. Director's remuneration

The director's aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services was:

	2019	2018
	£	£
Remuneration	_	31,360

Apart from one director in the holding company, none of the other directors or key management are remunerated by the this company. It is not considered practicable to split their emoluments between these companies.

9. Other interest receivable and similar income

	2019	2018
	£	£
Interest on loans and receivables	8,016	4,903
Interest on cash and cash equivalents	2,165	764
	10,181	5,667

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

10. Tax on profit

Major components of tax expense

	2019	2018
Current tax:	£	£
UK current tax expense	165,395	178,119
Adjustments in respect of prior periods		<u>(4,183)</u>
Total UK current tax	165,395	173,936
Foreign current tax income	54,746	43,139
Adjustments in respect of prior periods		
Total foreign tax	58,716	43,139
Total current tax	224,111	217,075
Tax on profit	224,111	217,075

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2018: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2018: 19%).

Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2019 £ 1,433,052	2018 £ 971,294
Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Effect of capital allowances and depreciation Unused tax losses Other tax adjustment	272,280 30,820 16,655 (95,644)	184,546 47,802 (39,666) 24,393
Tax on profit	224,111	217,075

11. Dividends

Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year):

	2019	2018
	£	£
Equity dividends on ordinary shares	730,250	_

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

12. Intangible assets

Group	Goodwill £
Cost At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019	281,200
Amortisation At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019	281,200
Carrying amount At 1 January 2019 and 31 December 2019	
At 31 December 2018	

The company has no intangible assets.

13. Tangible assets

Group			Fixtures,		
•	Land and	Plant and	fittings and	Motor	
	buildings	machinery	equipment	vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£	3
Cost					
At 1 January 2019	1,774,337	3,791,807	2,453,473	1,485,621	9,505,238
Additions	_	100,497	114,016	298,58 9	513,102
Disposals	(1,039,780)	(171,409)	(13,150)	(286,087)	(<u>1,510,426</u>)
At 31 December 2019	734,557	3,720,895	2,554,339	1,498,123	8,507,914
Depreciation	 -				
At 1 January 2019	948,389	3,134,699	2,063,137	818,458	6,964,683
Charge for the year	17,886	237,236	198,661	259,160	712,943
Disposals	(308,983)	(134,603)	(15,982)	(194,830)	(654,398)
At 31 December 2019	657,292	3,237,332	2,245,816	882,788	7,023,228
Carrying amount					
At 31 December 2019	77,265	483,563	308,523	615,335	1,484,686
At 31 December 2018	825,948	657,108	390,336	667,163	2,540,555
					

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

13. Tangible assets (continued)

Company	Long leasehold property £	Plant and Fi machinery £	ixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Equipment £	Total £
Cost At 1 Jan 2019	301,537	813,921	715,255	136,650	170,878	2 120 241
Additions Disposals	301,337 		(8,035)	25,019 (18,100)	260	2,138,241 25,279 (26,135)
At 31 Dec 2019	301,537	813,921	707,220	143,569	171,138	2,137,385
Depreciation						
At 1 Jan 2019 Charge for the	297,789	790,018	685,933	98,221	78,737	1,950,698
year Disposals	1,108 -	12,436 -	12,337 (2,407)	16,554 (18,100)	35,840 -	78,275 (20,507)
At 31 Dec 2019	298,897	802,454	695,863	96,675	114,577	2,008,466
Carrying amount						
At 31 Dec 2019	2,640	<u>11,467</u>	<u>11,357</u>	46,894	56,561	128,919
At 31 Dec 2018	3,748	23,903	29,322	38,429	92,141	187,543

14. Investments

The group has no investments.

Shares in group undertakings £
201 701
601,704
-
250,000
250,000
3 <u>51,704</u>
601,704

The company did not open or close any subsidiary companies.

All companies deal in the wholesale of flowers, plants and related products.

The company has dominant influence and control (where it has direct influence over operations and financing) over the following subsidiary companies, for which the results for each have been included in these consolidated accounts.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

14. Investments (continued)

15.

16.

Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

Details of the investments in which the parent company has an interest of 20% or more are as follows:

TOHOWS.			F	Percentage of
		Cla	ass of share	shares held
Subsidiary undertakings				
J Van Vliet (Northampton) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Glasgow) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Zwetsloot) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Heathrow) Ltd		Ordinar	y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Derby) Ltd		Ordinar	y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Edinburgh) Ltd		Ordinar	y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Manchester) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Inverness) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Aberdeen) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Birmingham) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Southampton) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Ashton) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Gateshead) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Stoke on Trent) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet (Nottingham) Ltd			y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet C&C Facilities Ltd		Ordinar	y £1 shares	100
J Van Vliet New York			LLC	100
Stock				
	Grou	ın	Comp	oanv
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Stock for resale	2,583,932	2,629,691	455,017	371,112
0.00.1.10.7.000				
Debtors				
	Grou	ıρ	Comp	oany
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	2,486,912	2,776,416	161,087	130,443
Amounts owed by group undertakings	617,593	323,452	617,593	323,452
Prepayments and accrued income	467,966	580,438	46,503	50,864
Corporation tax repayable	_	_	2,796	25,114
Other debtors	15,013	657,329		613,954
	3,587,484	4,337,635	827,979	1,143,827

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

16. Debtors (continued)

The debtors above include the following amounts falling due after more than one year:

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings	617,593	323,452	617,593	323,452
Other debtors	14,863	14,833		
	632,456	338,285	617,593	323,452

Other Debtors of £14,833 (2018:£14,833) relates to various rent deposits.

17. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2019 2018		2019	2018
	3	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	100,992	162,845	100,992	100,992
Trade creditors	4,246,393	5,036,465	319,065	610,054
Accruals and deferred income	963,719	1,027,606	99,085	93,950
Corporation tax	73,971	42,851	_	_
Social security and other taxes	1,920,864	1,941,020	224,829	207,425
	7,305,939	8,210,787	743,971	1,012,421

Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the company, together with cross guarantees between all companies within the group.

18. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	19,174	215,663	19,174	120,174

The bank loan is charged at Barclay's Bank base rate plus 2.25%. Payments of £8,416 per month are payable and the loan is due for repayment in August 2021.

19. Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The amount recognised in profit or loss as an expense in relation to defined contribution plans was £113,768 (2018: £83,195).

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

20. Called up share capital

Authorised share capital

	2019		2018	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No. 51,000	£ 51,000	No. 51,000	£ 51,000
Issued, called up and fully paid				
	2019		2018	
Ordinary shares of £1 each	No. 51,000	£ 51,000	No. 51,000	£ 51,000

21. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

22. Analysis of changes in net debt

			At
	At 1 Jan 2019	Cash flows	31 Dec 2019
	£	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	2,064,942	1,219,745	3,284,687
Debt due within one year	(162,845)	61,853	(100,992)
Debt due after one year	(215,663)	196,489	(19,174)
	1,686,434	1,478,087	3,164,521

23. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2019	2018	2019	2018
	£	£	£	£
Later than 1 year and not later than 5				
years	177,638	175,578	62,500	62,500
Later than 5 years	242,479	242,559		_
	420,117	418,137	62,500	62,500
years	242,479	242,559	<u> </u>	

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

24. Related party transactions

Company

The company and group are under the control of it's ultimate parent company Esmeralda Limited, which is incoporated in Malta.

The company is exempt from disclosing related party transactions with its 100% owned subsidiary companies.

However, the following group transactions occurred with related companies where the company has no ownership or control:-

During the year the group purchased goods in the normal course of business from J van Vliet Bloemenexport B.V. for £20,809,838 (2018:£22,504,493). The price charged was the normal market price in the case of each individual purchase. At the balance sheet date the amount due to this company amounted to £1,070,887 (2018:£1,312,293).

During the year the group purchased goods in the normal course of business from J van Vliet Potplants B.V. for £3,913,738 (2018:£3,782,134). The price charged was the normal market price in the case of each individual purchase. At the balance sheet date the amount due to this company amounted to £212,717 (2018:£186,438).

During the year the group purchased goods in the normal course of business from J van Vliet Transport B.V. for £113,572 (2018:£23,676). The price charged was the normal market price in the case of each individual purchase. At the balance sheet date the amount due to this company amounted to £4,463 (2018:£4,463).

During the year the group purchased goods in the normal course of business from J van Vliet S. A. Limited for £2,270,343 (2018:£2,505,324). The price charged was the normal market price in the case of each individual purchase. At the balance sheet date the amount due to this company amounted to £326,305 (2018:£605,282).

These following companies are related by virtue of control by the ultimate holding company Esmeralda Limited, with the following transactions taking place:-

During the year, the group paid Mastermind Trading (UK) Ltd rent of £193,650 (2018:£193,650). This company also purchased a freehold property from a group company at market value of £1,000,000.

During the year, the group paid Mr J van Vliet consultancy fees of £723,133 (2018:£745,116).

Included within 2018 Debtors due within one year is an amount due of £- (2018:£613,954) from Mr J van Vliet. This was repaid to the group during 2019.

Included within Debtors due after one year of £617,593 (2018:£323,452) are loans due from J van Vliet Turkey of £13,452 (2018:£42,515)and J van Vliet Athens of £310,000 (2018:£310,000) and J van Vliet Riga of £294,141. All loans carry an average rate of 1% p.a. and are repayable on demand, with £8,016 (2018:£4,904) received during the year on these loans.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 December 2019

25. Controlling party

The company's ultimate parent undertaking is Esmeralda Limited. It has included the company in its group accounts, copies of which are available from its registered office: BDO Malta, Trig it-Torri, Msida, MSD 1824, Malta.