

**Marander Limited**  
**(Registered Number 2988630)**

**Directors' Report and Financial Statements**

**For the year ended 31 December 2009**

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**Report of the Directors  
For the year ended 31 December 2009**

The directors present their Directors' Report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009

**1. Principal activity**

The principal activity of the company was the leasing of hospital properties

**2. Review of the business**

The company did not trade during the current year and the previous year. The directors do not expect the company to trade in the coming year.

**3. Results and dividends**

The loss for the year, after taxation, amounted to £840 (2008 profit £69). The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend in respect of the year ended 31 December 2009 (2008 £nil).

**4. Directors**

The directors who served during the year and subsequently were as follows

N T Beazley  
F D Gregory  
M A Merchant

**5. Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004**

As at the date of this report, indemnities are in force under which the company has agreed to indemnify the directors, to the extent permitted by law and the company's articles of association, in respect of all losses arising out of, or in connection with, the execution of their powers, duties and responsibilities, as directors of the company.

**6. Political and charitable contributions**

The company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year.

**7. Financial Reporting Standards**

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

**8. Small company provision**

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, in relation to companies subject to the small company regime.

**9. Disclosure of information to auditors**

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

**Report of the Directors  
For the year ended 31 December 2009**

**10. Auditors**

Pursuant to Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006, the auditors will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG Audit Plc will therefore continue in office

Registered Office

Bupa House  
15-19 Bloomsbury Way  
London  
WC1A 2BA

9 April 2010

By Order of the Board



J P Sanders

Secretary

**Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements**

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

**Independent auditors' report to the members of Marander Limited**

We have audited the financial statements of Marander Limited for the year ended 31 December 2009 set out on pages 5 to 11. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

**Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

**Scope of the audit of the financial statements**

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the APB's website at [www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/UKNP](http://www.frc.org.uk/apb/scope/UKNP).

**Opinion on financial statements**

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2009 and of its loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

**Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006**

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

**Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

  
**Simon Pashby (Senior Statutory Auditor)**

for and on behalf of KPMG Audit Plc, Statutory Auditor

Chartered Accountants

8 Salisbury Square

London

EC4Y 8BB

9 April 2010

**Profit and Loss Account**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2009**

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
Administrative expenses		(800)	(1,002)
<b>Operating loss</b>		<b>(800)</b>	<b>(1,002)</b>
Interest receivable and similar income	3	40	1,151
Interest payable and similar charges	4	(80)	(80)
<b>(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities before taxation</b>		<b>(840)</b>	<b>69</b>
Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities	6	-	-
<b>(Loss)/profit on ordinary activities after taxation</b>		<b>(840)</b>	<b>69</b>

The operating loss is all derived from discontinued operations

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the financial year of £840 (2008 profit £69)

The accounting policies and notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of the Financial Statements

## Balance Sheet

As at 31 December 2009

	Note	2009 £	2008 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
<b>Debtors:</b> amounts falling due within one year	7	32,247	32,247
Cash at Bank		<u>37,519</u>	<u>37,479</u>
		69,766	69,726
<b>Current liabilities</b>			
<b>Creditors</b> amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(25,711)</u>	<u>(24,831)</u>
<b>Net current assets</b>		44,055	44,895
<b>Non current liabilities</b>			
<b>Creditors</b> amounts falling due after more than one year	9	<u>(799)</u>	<u>(799)</u>
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>43,256</u>	<u>44,096</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital	10	851	851
Profit and loss account	11	<u>42,405</u>	<u>43,245</u>
<b>Equity shareholders' funds</b>		<u>43,256</u>	<u>44,096</u>

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 9 April 2010 and were signed on its behalf by



F D Gregory  
Director

The accounting policies and notes on pages 8 to 11 form part of the Financial Statements

**Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds  
For the year ended 31 December 2009**

	2009 £	2008 £
<b>(Loss) / profit for the financial year</b>	(840)	69
<b>Net (decrease) / increase in shareholders' funds</b>	<u>(840)</u>	<u>69</u>
Opening shareholders' funds	44,096	44,027
<b>Closing shareholders' funds</b>	<u>43,256</u>	<u>44,096</u>



**Notes to the financial statements  
For the year ended 31 December 2009**

**1. Accounting Policies**

**Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, in accordance with applicable accounting standards, under the historical cost accounting convention

As at the 31 December 2009 the Company owes £805 to its ultimate parent company, The Private Healthcare Trust, being the preference dividend on the 10% preference shares. The Company also owed £24,906 to The British United Provident Association Limited and its subsidiaries which are related parties by virtue of the directors of the Company being directors of companies in the Bupa Group. There are no other balances with related parties nor were there any transactions with related parties during the year.

**Cash flow statement**

Under Financial Reporting Standard No 1 Cash flow statements (revised 1996) (FRS 1) the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement, on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking of The Private Healthcare Trust, an entity which is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement as it is a small entity, as defined by the Companies Act 2006.

**Accounting conventions**

A summary of the more significant accounting policies, which have been applied consistently except as noted above, is set out below.

**Taxation**

The charge for taxation is based on the result for the period and takes into account taxation deferred due to timing differences between the treatment of certain items for taxation and accounting purposes. Provision is made for deferred taxation only to the extent that it is probable that a liability will crystallise.

**Classification of financial instruments issued by the company (FRS 25 Financial Presentation)**

Following the adoption of FRS 25, financial instruments issued by the company are treated as equity (i.e. forming part of shareholders' funds) only to the extent that they meet the following two conditions:

- a) They include no contractual obligations upon the company to deliver cash or other financial assets or to exchange financial assets or financial liabilities with another party under conditions that are potentially unfavourable to the company; and
- b) Where the instrument will or may be settled in the company's own equity instruments, it is either a non-derivative that includes no obligation to deliver a variable number of the company's own equity instruments or is a derivative that will be settled by the company exchanging a fixed amount of cash or other financial assets for a fixed number of its own equity instruments.

To the extent that this definition is not met, the proceeds of issue are classified as a financial liability. Where the instrument so classified takes the form of the company's own shares, the amounts presented in these financial statements for called up share capital and share premium account exclude amounts in relation to those shares.

**Notes to the financial statements**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2009**

**1. Accounting Policies - continued**

**Classification of financial instruments (continued)**

Where a financial instrument that contains both equity and financial liability components exists these components are separated and accounted for individually under the above policy. The finance cost on the financial liability is correspondingly higher over the life of the instrument.

Finance payments associated with financial liabilities are dealt with as part of interest payable and similar charges. Finance payments associated with financial instruments that are classified as part of shareholders' funds (see dividends policy), are dealt with as appropriations in the reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds.

**2. Immediate and Ultimate Parent Undertakings**

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of The Private Healthcare Trust.

<b>3. Interest receivable and similar income</b>	2009	2008
	£	£
Bank interest received	<u>40</u>	<u>1,151</u>

<b>4. Interest payable and similar charges</b>	2009	2008
	£	£
Finance costs on shares classified as liabilities	<u>80</u>	<u>80</u>

**5. Auditors remuneration**

	2009	2008
	£	£
Fees for the audit of the company	<u>800</u>	<u>1,000</u>

Fees for the audit of the company represent the amount receivable by the company's auditors. The amount may not be borne by the company.

**6. Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities**

**(i) Analysis of charge**

	2009	2008
	£	£
Current Tax		
Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

## Notes to the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2009

## 6. Tax on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities - continued

(11) Factors affecting the tax charge

The tax assessed for the period is lower (2008 lower) than the 2009 rate of corporation tax in the UK of 28% (2008 28.5%). The differences are explained below

	2009 £	2008 £
(Loss) / profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>(840)</u>	<u>69</u>
Tax (credit) / charge on (loss) / profit on ordinary activities at 28% (2008 28.5%)	(235)	20
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	23	22
Movement on deferred tax asset not recognised	212	(42)
Total current tax charge for period	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

## 7. Debtors - amounts falling due within one year:

	2009 £	2008 £
Other debtors	<u>32,247</u>	<u>32,247</u>

## 8. Creditors - amounts falling due within one year:

	2009 £	2008 £
Other creditors	3,054	3,054
Accruals	21,852	21,052
Preference dividend	805	725
	<u>25,711</u>	<u>24,831</u>

## 9. Creditors - amounts falling due after more than one year:

	2009 £	2008 £
Shares classified as liabilities	<u>799</u>	<u>799</u>

The preference shares, which were issued at par, carry a dividend of 10% per annum payable annually in arrears on 30 April. The dividend rights are cumulative. In the event that there are insufficient funds to enable the preference dividend to be paid in full, then any amount due is paid when there are sufficient profits.

On a winding up of the company the preference shareholders have a right to receive, in priority to the other shareholders, the nominal value of £1 each plus any accrued dividend.

The preference shares carry no right to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company.

**Notes to the financial statements**  
**For the year ended 31 December 2009**

**10. Share Capital**

	2009	2008
	£	£
<b>Authorised</b>		
799 10% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	799	799
751 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	751	751
1000 ordinary shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	<u>2,550</u>	<u>2,550</u>
 <b>Allotted, called-up and fully paid</b>		
799 10% cumulative preference shares of £1 each	799	799
751 'A' ordinary shares of £1 each	751	751
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	<u>1,650</u>	<u>1,650</u>
 Shares classified as liabilities	799	799
Shares classified in shareholders' funds	851	851
	<u>1,650</u>	<u>1,650</u>

The 'A' ordinary shares, which were issued at par, carry a dividend of 1p for every complete £1,000 paid by way of cash dividend in respect of the same financial year to the holders of the ordinary shares

On a winding up of the company the 'A' ordinary shareholders have a right to receive, out of the surplus assets of the company, the repayment of any nominal amount paid up. The 'A' ordinary shares do not carry any other right of participation in the assets of the company

The 'A' ordinary shares carry no right to attend or vote at any general meeting of the company

**11. Reserves**

	Profit and loss account £
At 1 January 2009	43,245
Loss for the year	<u>(840)</u>
At 31 December 2009	<u>42,405</u>