

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 JUNE 2006

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# For the year ended 30 JUNE 2006

Company registration number

2982014

Registered office

41 Chalton Street

LONDON NWI 1JD

Directors

G Proietti

Secretary

CR Secretaries Limited

Bankers

Barclays Bank PLC

Knightsbridge London

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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### DIRECTORS REPORT For the year ended 30 JUNE 2006

The director presents his report together with the financial statements for the year ended 30 JUNE 2006

### Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of an Investment Property Company

#### **Business review**

There was a loss for the year after taxation amounting to €8,511 (2005 - €12,644) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend

#### Directors

The directors who served during the year are set out below

#### G Projetti

#### **Directors interests**

There are no directors interests requiring disclosure under the Companies Act 1985

### Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

United Kingdom company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to

select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently

27 April 2007

- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities

#### Auditors

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from audit conferred by Section 249 A(1) of the Companies Act 1985

SIGNED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

G Projetti - Drector |

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### **ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards and under the historical cost convention

The accounting policies of the company are set out below

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in Financial reporting standard No1 from the requirement to produce a cash flow statement on the grounds that it is a small company

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts

#### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for improvement. Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets by equal annual instalments over their expected useful economic lives as follows.

Investment Properties are included in the balance sheet at their open market value. Depreciation is provided only on those investment properties which are leasehold and where the unexpired lease term is less than 20 years

Although this accounting policy is in accordance with the applicable accounting standard, SSAP 19, Accounting for investment properties, it is a departure from the general requirement of the Companies Act 1985 for all tangible assets to be depreciated. In the opinion of the directors compliance with the standard is necessary for the financial statements to give a True and fair view. Depreciation or amortisation is only one of many factors reflected in the annual valuation and the amount of this which might otherwise have been charged cannot be separately identified or qualified.

### FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS

The company's accounting records are maintained in Euros

Transactions in other currencies are converted at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Current assets and liabilities are converted at the rate of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Any material gains or losses resulting from the conversion are taken to the profit and loss account.

### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is recognised on all timing differences where the transactions or events that give the group an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised when it is more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax is measured using rates of tax that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

# For the year ended 30 JUNE 2006

	Note	2006 €	2005 €
Turnover	1	21,691	21,691
Cost of sales		<u> </u>	(930)
Gross profit		21,691	20,761
Administrative expenses		(23,867)	(33,405)
Operating loss		(2,176)	(12,644)
Loan Interest payable		5,583	
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(7,759)	(12,644)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	3	752	-
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	8	(8,511)	(12,644)

All transactions arise from continuing operations

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the loss for the financial year

# **BALANCE SHEET AT 30 JUNE 2006**

	Note	200	6	2005
		€	$\epsilon$	€
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	4		410,578	425,908
•			410,578	425,908
Current assets				
Debtors	5	2,427		17,001
Cash at bank and in hand		77,727		49,262
		80,154		66,263
Creditors. Amounts falling due within one year	6	(80,674)		(73,602)
Net current habilities			(520)	(7,339)
Total assets less current habilities			410,068	418,569
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital	7		476,266	476,266
Profit and loss account	8		(66,208)	(57,697)
Shareholders' funds - Equity interest	8		410,068	418,569

In preparing these financial statements

- a) the directors are of the opinion that the company is entitled to the exemption from audit conferred by Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985,
- b) No notice has been deposited under Section 249B(2) of the Companies Act 1985, and
- c) The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for
  - Ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 221 of the Companies Act 1985, and
  - 11) Preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial period and of its profit and loss for the financial period in accordance with the requirements of Section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of this Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 2) April 2007

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 JUNE 2006

# 1 TURNOVER

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity

### 2 OPERATING PROFIT

	The profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after	2006 €	2005 €
	Depreciation Tangible fixed assets	15,329	15,434
3	TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	The tax charge is based on the result for the period and represents	2006 €	2005 €
	Current Year Taxation United Kingdom Corporation Tax	-	-
	Italian taxation at a rate of 37%	752 752	<u> </u>

No provision has been made for UK corporation tax as the profits arise in Italy The tax charge represents Italian taxes payable by the company's Italian branch

# 4 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Investment Properties €
Cost At 1 July 2005 Less Depreciation	425,908 15,330
At 30 JUNE 2006	410,578

The investment represents an investment property in Roma, Italy and is stated at its market value

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5	DEBTORS		
		2006 €	2005 €
	Trade Debtors Prepayments and Accrued Income	2,427	17,001
		2,427	17,001
6	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2006 €	2005 €
	Amounts owed to fellow subsidiary undertakings Corporation Tax	7,072	•
	Other Creditors Accruals and Deferred Income	72,427 1,175 80,674	72,427 1,175 73,602
7	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2006 €	2005 €
	Authorised 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 475,000 Ordinary shares of €1 each	1,266 475,000 476,266	1,266 475,000 476,266
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each 475,000 Ordinary shares of €1 each	1,266 475,000 476,266	1,266 475,000 476,266
	The ordinary £1 shares rank pari passu in all respects with the ordinary €1 shares		. —

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 JUNE 2006

# 8 STATEMENT OF MOVEMENTS ON RESERVES

	Profit and loss account €
Balance at 1 July 2005	(57,697)
Loss for the year Balance at 30 June 2006	(8,511) (66,208)

### 9 RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	2006	2005
	€	€
Loss for the financial period	(8,511)	(12,644)
Net decrease in shareholders' funds	(8,511)	(12,644)
Opening Shareholders' funds	418,569	431,213
Closing Shareholders' funds	410,058	418,569

# 10 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no capital commitments at 30 JUNE 2006

# 11 CONTINGENT ASSETS/LIABILITIES

There were no contingent liabilities at 30 JUNE 2006

# 12 CONTROL

The ultimate parent company is Camelford Properties Limited Limited, a company registered in Isle of Man

# DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

Turnover Goods and services	2006 £	2006 £ 21,691	2005 £	<b>2005</b> £ 21,691
Cost of sales				
Raw materials	-		930	
Direct costs - royalties	-	<del>-</del>	930	930
Gross profit		21,691		20,761
Administrative expenses		23,867		33,405
Operating profit		(2,176)		(12,644)
Interest payable Loan interest		5,583		-
Profit before taxation		(7,759)		(12,644)

# DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	2006 £	2005 £
Administrative expenses		
Depreciation of tangibles fixed assets	15,330	15,434
Other operating charges	8,537	17,971
Other extraordinary charges	-	-
Interest payable	•	-
Accounting services	-	-
	23,867	33,405