# BODELWYDDAN CASTLE ENTERPRISES LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

MASNZKHRUM 0560
COMPANIES HOUSE 20/01/03

#### **COMPANY INFORMATION**

**Directors** P Eyton-Jones

K S Mason

R W Hughes MBE

K Davies
C K Drake
A E Robarts DL
L A Waller
P Heesom

Secretary K S Mason

Company number 2976509

Registered office Bodelwyddan Castle

Bodelwyddan Denbighshire LL18 5YA

Auditors Royce Peeling Green

Irish Square

Upper Denbigh Road

St Asaph Denbighshire LL17 0RN

Business address Bodelwyddan Castle

Bodelwyddan Denbighshire LL18 5YA

Bankers NatWest Bank plc

5 Queen Street

Rhyl

Denbighshire LL18 1RR

## **CONTENTS**

•	Page
Directors' report	1 - 2
Independent auditors' report	3
Profit and loss account	4
Balance sheet	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 10

## DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2002.

#### **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of managing and operating the trading activities of Bodelwyddan Castle Trust.

#### Review of the year

Bodelwyddan Castle Enterprises Limited was incorporated on 7 October 1994 to manage the Bodelwyddan Castle Trust's trading outlets and promote the charitable objects of the Trust. The company employs no staff, but pays to the Trust the apportionment of costs for the trading operation. The main trading activities undertaken by the company involve providing a service to Trust customers within the Castle Gift Shop. In addition, the company has continued to act on behalf of the Trust in the refurbishment and letting of St Asaph Lodge. Additional trading activities include the letting of the Castle events field to event organisers, and the provision of space for civil marriage ceremonies within the terms of a licence granted to the Trust.

The results for the year indicate an apparent reduction in the level of covenant to the Trust compared with last year. This baseline figure does not reflect the improvement in trading that occured during the year however. The reduction in trading profit can be explained simply by reference to the operating costs, which this year have been calculated at a more realistic level than previously. A comparison of turnover indicates just how successful the work of the Enterprises has been during the year.

The Enterprise Company wishes to ensure an optimum level of covenant to support the Trust's work. This year's results suggest that the strategies adopted by the company will achieve the desired result and future analysis of operating costs can be used to determine future strategies for optimum income generation.

#### **Directors**

The following directors have held office since 1 April 2001:

P Eyton-Jones

K S Mason

R W Hughes MBE

K Davies

C K Drake

A E Robarts DL

L A Waller

P Heesom

The directors met on two occassions during the period.

Bodelwyddan Castle Enterprises Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary, of Bodelwyddan Castle Trust, a Registered Charity, and a company having no share capital, but being limited by guarantee.

#### **Auditors**

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that Royce Peeling Green be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

# DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

#### Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

On behalf of the board

K S Mason

Director,

# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF BODELWYDDAN CASTLE ENTERPRISES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Bodelwyddan Castle Enterprises Limited on pages 4 to 10 for the year ended 31 March 2002. These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out therein.

#### Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

As described in the statement of directors' responsibilities on page 2 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions with the company is not disclosed.

We read the directors' report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

#### Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

#### Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2002 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Royce Peeling Green

Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

Irish Square
Upper Denbigh Road
St Asaph
Denbighshire
LL17 0RN

Mr. Nortuler 2002

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

	Notes	2002 £	2001 £
Turnover		127,481	75,361
Cost of sales		(57,399)	(35,012)
Gross profit		70,082	40,349
Administrative expenses		(58,085)	(19,343)
Other operating income		4,094	4,200
Operating profit	2	16,091	25,206
Other interest receivable and similar income		943	1,781
Interest payable and similar charges		(875)	(875)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		16,159	26,112
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3	-	-
Profit on ordinary activities after taxation		16,159	26,112
Covenant paid		(16,541)	(26,495)
Retained loss for the year	9	(382)	(383)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

### BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2002

		2002		200	1
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		17,318		17,699
Current assets					
Stocks		14,452		18,206	
Debtors	5	3,705		14,161	
Cash at bank and in hand		97,845		42,570	
		116,002		74,937	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(134,683)		(84,942)	
Net current liabilities			(18,681)		(10,005)
Total assets less current liabilities			(1,363)		7,694
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		-		(8,675)
			(1,363)		(981)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		20		20
Profit and loss account	9		(1,383)		(1,001
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	10		(1,363)		(981

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

L A Waller

Director

Director

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### 1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

#### 1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services net of VAT and trade discounts.

#### 1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Property improvements

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

20% straight line basis

No depreciation is provided in respect of property improvements.

#### 1.4 Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.5 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### 1.6 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

2	Operating profit	2002	2001
		£	£
)	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	605	560
	Operating lease rentals	2,200	1,100
	Auditors' remuneration	800	800

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

3	Taxation		
	Current tax charge		
	Factors affecting the tax charge for the year		
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	16,159	26,112
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation multiplied by standard rate of UK corporation tax of 10.00% (2001 : 10.00%)	1,616	2,611
	Effects of:		
	Depreciation	60	- 56
	Capital allowances	(22)	(18)
	Other tax adjustments	(1,654)	(2,649)
		(1,616)	(2,611
	Current tax charge	-	
4	Tangible fixed assets  Property improvemen ts	Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Total
	£	£	£
	Cost	_	-
	At 1 April 2001 17,300	2,799	20,099
	Additions	224	224
	At 31 March 2002 17,300	3,023	20,323
	Depreciation		
	At 1 April 2001 -	2,400	2,400
	Charge for the year -	605	605
	At 31 March 2002 -	3,005	3,005
	Net book value	_ <del>_</del>	
	At 31 March 2002 17,300	18	17,318

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

5	Debtors	2002 £	2001 £
	Trade debtors	3,146	3,426
	Other debtors	559	10,402
	Prepayments and accrued income	-	333
		3,705	14,161
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2002 £	2001 £
		•	
	Bank loans and overdrafts		455
	Trade creditors	4,585	14,127
	Amounts owed to parent and fellow subsidiary undertakings	126,647	62,560
	Corporation tax		6,276
	Accruals and deferred income	3,451	1,524
		134,683	84,942
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2002	2001
		£	£
	Other loans	-	8,675 ———
	Analysis of loans		
	Wholly repayable within five years		8,675
		-	8,675
	Loan maturity analysis		
	In more than two years but not more than five years	-	11,550
8	Share capital	2002 £	200 <sup>-</sup>
	Authorised	r.	
	1,000 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 20 Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	20	20

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

9	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
			Profit and loss account £
	Balance at 1 April 2001 Retained loss for the year		(1,001) (382)
	Balance at 31 March 2002		(1,383)
10	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2002 £	2001 £
,	Profit for the financial year Dividends	16,159 (16,541)	26,112 (26,495)
	Net depletion in shareholders' funds Opening shareholders' funds	(382) (981)	(383) (598)
	Closing shareholders' funds	(1,363)	(981)

#### 11 Financial commitments

At 31 March 2002 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land a	Land and buildings	
	2002	2001	
	£	£	
Expiry date:			
In over five years	2,200	1,100	
	<del></del>		

#### 12 Control

The ultimate parent company is Bodelwyddan Castle Trust, a company registered in England and Wales, and a Registered Charity.

Bodelwyddan Castle Trust prepares group financial statements and copies can be obtained from Bodelwyddan Castle Trust, Bodelwyddan Castle, Bodelwyddan, Denbighshire, LL18 5YA.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

#### 13 Related party transactions

As described elsewhere, Bodelwyddan Castle Enterprises Limited is a wholly owned subsidiary of Bodelwyddan Castle Trust.

Bodelwyddan Castle Enterprises Limited manages and operates the trading activities on behalf of the Trust, in the form of a gift shop, tea room and event management. Under a deed of covenant, Bodelwyddan Castle Enterprises Limited, gifts it's profit to the Trust on an annual basis.

The Trust also recharges an element of administrative expenses to the Enterprise company in respect of salaries, rent and telephone costs incurred by the Trust on the Enterprise company's behalf. The amounts included within these financial statements in respect of these items are as follows: Wages and salaries £50,000 (2001 - £14,025), rent £2,200 (2001 - £1,100) and telephone expenses £850 (2001 - £250).

# BODELWYDDAN CASTLE ENTERPRISES LIMITED MANAGEMENT INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

# DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

		2002		2001
	£	£	£	£
Turnover				
Gift shop		59,664		44,503
Tea room		44,644		17,096
Events		23,173		13,762
		127,481		75,361
Cost of sales				
Opening stock of finished goods	18,206		20,227	
Events expenditure	409			
Shop purchases	32,049		22,934	
Tea room purchases	19,583		9,949	
Consumables	1,604		108	
	71,851		53,218	
Closing stock of finished goods	(14,452)		(18,206)	
	<del></del> _	(57,399)	<del></del>	(35,012)
Gross profit	54.97%	70,082	53.54%	40,349
Administrative expenses		(58,085)		(19,343)
		11,997		21,006
Other operating income				
Rent receivable		4,094		4,200
Operating profit		16,091		25,206
Other interest receivable and similar income				
Bank interest - received		943		1,781
Interest payable				
Non bank interest on loans <5yrs - paid		(875)		(875
Profit before taxation	12.68%	16,159	34.65%	26,112

# SCHEDULE OF ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2002

	2002	2001
	£	£
Administrative expenses		
Wages and salaries (excl. N.l.)	50,000	14,025
Rent re operating leases	2,200	1,100
Light and heat	-	111
Repairs and maintenance	425	•
Cleaning	181	175
Printing, postage and stationery	189	413
Advertising	695	-
Telephone	850	250
Accountancy	900	800
Audit fees	800	800
Bank charges	618	603
Credit card charges	306	-
Sundry expenses - allowable	156	506
Subscriptions - allowable	160	-
Depreciation on fixed assets	605	560
	58,085	19,343