Roxburgh Foxhills Limited

Company number: 2967549

Report & Accounts

30 September 1997



## Roxburgh Foxhills Limited DIRECTORS' REPORT

The directors present their report together with the audited accounts for the year ended 30 September 1997.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Company is that of rental of its freehold property to an associated Group company.

### **RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS**

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £ 51,412. The directors do not recommend a dividend.

### **DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS**

The directors at 30 September 1997 were as follows:

C.J. Sawyer

R.E. Tozer

None of the directors has any interest in the shares of the Company. C.J. Sawyer and R.E. Tozer are directors of the ultimate holding company, Deltron Electronics plc. Their interests are shown in the accounts of that company.

### POLITICAL AND CHARITABLE DONATIONS

During the year the company made no political or charitable donations.

Go Janger

### CREDITOR PAYMENT POLICY

The Company has no trade creditors and therfore has no policy on their payment.

### **AUDITORS**

The Company's auditors, Morgan, Brown & Spofforth have signified their willingness to act as auditors and a resolution for their reappointment will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

On Behalf of the Board

C.J. Sawyer

Director

16th January 1998

### Roxburgh Foxhills Limited

### STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The following statement which should be read in conjunction with the report of the auditors on page 3, is made with a view to distinguishing for shareholders the respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors in relation to the accounts.

Company law requires the directors to prepare accounts for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for the year. In preparing those accounts, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the accounts; and
- prepare the accounts on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume the Company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and to enable them to ensure that the accounts comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Roxburgh Foxhills Limited AUDITORS' REPORT

Report of the auditors to the members of Roxburgh Foxhills Limited

We have audited the accounts set out on pages 4 to 10 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 7.

## Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 2 the Company's directors are responsible for the preparation of the accounts. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those accounts and to report our opinion to you.

### Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the accounts. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the accounts, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the accounts are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of the information in the accounts.

## Opinion

In our opinion the accounts give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 30 September 1997 and of the profit of the Company for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

Morgan, Brown & Spofforth
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

82 St John Street London EC1M 4JN 16th January 1998

# Roxburgh Foxhills Limited PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

for the year ended 30 September 1997

	Notes	<u>1997</u> £	<u>1996</u> £
TURNOVER	2	50,000	50,000
Cost of sales		-	-
GROSS PROFIT		50,000	50,000
Administrative expenses		(15,690)	(17,879)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	34,310	32,121
Interest	5	257	(52,627)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		34,567	(20,506)
Taxation	6	16,845	
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	13	51,412	(20,506)

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these accounts

### Roxburgh Foxhills Limited

for the year ended 30 September 1997

### STATEMENT OF RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

No statement of recognised gains and losses is required as there are no recognised gains or losses in the period other than the profit for the period.

### NOTES OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

There is no difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the retained profit for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalent.

### RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>
	£	£
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	51,412	(20,506)
Dividends and appropriations	-	-
	51,412	(20,506)
Share capital issued	-	-
Opening shareholders' funds	(9,198)	11,308
Closing shareholders' funds	42,214	(9,198)

## Roxburgh Foxhills Limited BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 September 1997

	Notes	<u>199</u>	<u>7</u>	<u>199</u>	<u>6</u>
		£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	7		810,396		825,054
CURRENT ASSETS					,
Debtors	8	35,121		96,614	
Cash at bank and in hand		52,972		-	
	_	88,093		96,614	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	9_	(14,851)	_	(152,244)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		_	73,242	_	(55,630)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			883,638		769,424
CREDITORS			,		
Amounts falling due after more than one year	10		(841,424)		(778,622)
		_	£42,214	_	£ (9,198)
		_		_	
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	12		2		2
Profit and loss account	13		42,212	_	(9,200)
Shareholders' funds : equity			£42,214	_	£ (9,198)
		-		=	

The accounts were approved by the Board of Directors on 16th January 1998 and were signed on its behalf by:

R.E. TOZER

C.J. SAWYER

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these accounts

#### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of accounting

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention.

The company has taken advantage of its exemption under Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 not to prepare a cash flow statement. The consolidated accounts of its parent undertaking include a cash flow statement dealing with cashflows of the group. The Company has also taken advantage of its exemption under Financial Reporting Standard No. 8 not to disclose details of transactions with Group undertakings.

The accounts are prepared in accordance with all relevant United Kingdom Statements of Standard Accounting Practice and Financial Reporting Standards.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings

2% on cost

### Interest

Interest was capitalised on the freehold building up until the point the building was completed.

### Deferred taxation

When appropriate the Company provides for deferred taxation using the liability method and current tax rates, to account for differences in timing between the recognition of income and expenditure for accounting and taxation purposes.

#### 2. TURNOVER

Turnover comprises the invoiced value of goods and services supplied in the United Kingdom exclusive of Value Added Tax. It is all attributable to the principal activity.

### 3. OPERATING PROFIT

<u>1997</u>	<u> 1996</u>
£	£
14,658	14,188
1,000	1,200
	£ 14,658

#### 4. DIRECTORS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees during the period other than the two directors.

The remuneration of the directors is dealt with in the accounts of the holding company.

### 5. INTEREST

Interest receivable		<u>1997</u> £ 582	1996 £
Interest payable			
Bank loans and overdrafts		(325)	_
Loan not wholly repayable in more than five years		-	(52,627)
	-	257	(52,627)
6. TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES			
		<u> 1997</u>	1996
		£	£
UK Corporation tax at 33/31% (1996 33%)		1,635	-
Corporation tax in respect of prior years	<u>-</u>	(18,480)	
	=	(15,690)	-
7. FIXED ASSETS			
	m 1 11	D 1 11	
	Freehold	Freehold	Total
	building	land £	£
COST OR VALUATION	₹.	*	*
At 1 October 1996 and 30 September 1997	732,927	113,796	846,723
The Focusion 1990 and 50 deptember 1997			010,723
DEPRECIATION			
At 1 October 1996	21,669	-	21,669
Charge for the year	14,658	_	14,658
At 30 September 1997	36,327	<u> </u>	36,327
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 30 September 1997	696,600	113,796	810,396
At 1 October 1996	711,258	113,796	825,054
8. DEBTORS			
		<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>
		£	£
Amounts due from group undertakings		14,688	14,688
Corporation tax		20,433	-
Other debtors		-	81,926
		35,121	96,614

## 9 CREDITORS : amounts falling due within one year

	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>
	£	£
Other bank loans and overdrafts	<u></u>	33,904
Tax and social security	2,179	5,163
Amounts due to group companies	11,872	19,175
Other creditors	-	92,802
Accruals and deferred income	800	1,200
	14,851	152,244
10. CREDITORS : amounts falling due after more than one year		
	1007	1007
	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>
Amounts due to group undeutalings	£	£
Amounts due to group undertakings	841,424	778,622
11. PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES AND CHARGES		
The amounts of deferred taxation not provided in the accounts are as follow	s:	
	<u> 1997</u>	<u> 1996</u>
	£	£
Capital allowances in advance of depreciation	33,529	26,411
12. SHARE CAPITAL	<del></del>	
	<u>1997</u>	<u>1996</u>
	£	£
Authorised		
100 ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
2 ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2
13. RESERVES		
		Profit
		and loss
		account
At 1 October 1996		£
		(9,200)
Retained profit for the year		51,412
At 30 September 1997		42,212

### 14. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Midland Bank plc and its subsidiaries hold a fixed and floating charge over all the assets of the Group, including a first legal charge over the Company's freehold property. An unlimited multilateral guarantee exists between all Group companies for bank borrowing and other facilities.

Subject to the foregoing, the Company had no material contingent liabilities at the year end.

### 15. ULTIMATE HOLDING COMPANY

The Company's ultimate holding company is Deltron Electronics plc, a company registered in England and Wales. It has included the Company in its Group accounts, copies of which are available from The Secretary, Deltron Electronics plc, Suffolk House, Fordham Road, Newmarket, Suffolk, CB8 7AA.