Director's report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2012

Registered number 2967287

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Director's report and financial statements

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Director and other information

Director Klaus Taraschka (German)
John Taylor (British)

Registered office 9 New Square Lincoln's Inn

Lincoln's Inn London WC2A 3QN

United Kingdom

Secretary Stephen Morrall

Auditor KPMG

Chartered Accountants

Odeon House Eyre Square Galway Ireland

Bankers Barclays Bank Plc

Ashton House

497 Silbury Boulevard Central Milton Keynes

MK9 2LD United Kingdom

Directors' report

The directors present their Directors' Report together with the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities, results for the year and future developments

The company has not traded during the year All of the activities of the company are classified as discontinued as the directors have plans in place to wind down the company

The results for the year are set out on page 6 The financial statements have not been prepared on a going concern basis as the company will not continue in business Provisions have been made for all liabilities that are expected to be incurred

Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant post balance sheet events affecting the company since the year end

Directors, secretary and their interests

The director and secretary who held office at 31 December 2012 had no interests in the share capital of the company or group companies at the beginning and end of the financial year

On 11 June 2013, Andrew Jackson resigned as a director On 30 August 2013, John Taylor was appointed as a director in his place

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no political or charitable donations or incurred any political expenditure during the year

Disclosure of information to auditor

The director who held office at the date of approval of this Director's Report confirms that, so far as he is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware, and the director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information

Post balance sheet events

There are no significant post balance sheet events which affect the financial statements of the company

Auditor

Pursuant to section 487 of the Company Act 2006, the auditor will be deemed to be reappointed and KPMG, Chartered Accountants will therefore continue in office

On object of the boar

Yaurs Taraschka

John Taylor
Director

23 September 2013

Statement of directors' responsibilities in respect of the directors' report and the financial statements

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business As explained in the basis of preparation note on page 8, the directors do not believe that it is appropriate to prepare these financial statements on a going concern basis

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act, 2006 They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

On behalf of the board

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John Taylor

Director



KPMG
Chartered Accountants
Odeon House

Eyre Square Galway Ireland

Independent auditor's report to the members of Jenoptik Infab Limited

We have audited the financial statements of Jenoptik Infab Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of the company's profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006



KPMG Chartered Accountants

Odeon House Eyre Square Galway Ireland

Independent auditor's report to the members of Jenoptik Infab Limited (continued)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Aubrey Mulveen

for and on behalf of

KPMG

Chartered Accountants, Statutory Audit Firm

Odeon House, Eyre Square, Galway

23 September 2013

Profit and loss account

for the year ended 31 December 2012

	Note	2012 STG£	2011 STG£
Net operating profit		21,974	27,678
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	2	21,974	27,678
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	3		-
Profit for the financial year	7	21,974	27,678

The company had no recognised gains or losses in the financial year or the preceding financial year other than those dealt with in the profit and loss account

All of the activities of the company are classed as discontinued as the directors have plans in place to wind down the company

On behalf of the board

John Taylor

Director

Balance sheet

at 31 December 2012

		20	12	201	1
	Note	STG£	STG£	STG£	STG£
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		2,176		1,888	
Debtors	4	2,170		340	
		2,176		2,228	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(1,444,931)		(1,466,957)	
Net current liabilities			(1,442,755)		(1,464,729)
Net liabilities			(1,422,755)		(1,464,729)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		32,025		32,025
Profit and loss account	7		(1,474,780)		(1,496,754)
Shareholders' deficit	8		(1,442,755)		(1,464,729)

On behalf of the board

Klaus Taraschka Oirector

John Taylor Director

Notes

forming part of the financial statements

1 Accounting polices

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements

Basis of preparation

The assets of the company were transferred as part of a non-cancellable licensing agreement with a third party during the year ended 31 December 1999 and, on this basis, the financial statements have not been prepared on the going concern basis in accordance with the applicable accounting standards. In the financial statements

- (a) all assets are recognised and measured on the basis that the entity expects to recover the recorded amounts in full, and
- (b) liabilities are recognised and measured on the basis that they will be discharged

Foreign currency

Trading activities denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in pounds sterling at actual exchange rates as of the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported at the rates of exchange prevailing at the year-end. Any gain or loss arising from a change in exchange rates subsequent to the date of the transaction is reported as an exchange gain or loss in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Current tax, including United Kingdom corporation tax, is provided on the company's taxable profits, at amounts expected to be paid using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date. Provision is made at the rates expected to apply when the timing differences reverse. Timing differences are differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in taxable profits in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

A net deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Cash flow statement

The company is exempt from the provisions of Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) - "Cash Flow Statements" and as such a cash flow statement has not been prepared

Notes (continued)

2	Statutory and other information		
		2012	2011 STG£
	Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	STG£	SIGE
	has been arrived at after charging/(crediting)		
	Auditor's remuneration	2,570	2,570
	Gain on foreign currency translation	(29,112)	(33,460)
	Directors' remuneration	<u>-</u>	_
3	Tax on profit on ordinary activities		
	No charge to corporation tax arises in the current year of	due to the availability of	tax losses
4	Debtors	2012	2011
		2012	2011
		STG£	STG£
	VAT recoverable	-	340
5	Creditors amounts falling due within one year		
	,	2012	2011
		STG£	STG£
	Accruals	10,464	4,018
	Amounts due to group undertakings	1,434,467	1,462,939
		1,444,931	1,466,957
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Notes (continued)

6	Called up share capital	2012 STG£	2011 STG£
	Authorised		
	1,000 deferred ordinary shares of STG£1 each	1,000	1,000
	60,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	US\$60,000	US\$60,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid 150 deferred ordinary shares of STG£1 each 51,000 ordinary shares of US\$1 each	150 31,875	150 31,875
		32,025	32,025
7	Profit and loss account		
		2012	2011
		STG£	STG£
	Opening balance	(1,496,754)	(1,524,432)
	Profit for financial year	21,974	27,678
	Closing balance	(1,474,780)	(1,496,754)
8	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' deficit	2012	2011
		STG£	
		8162	STG£
	Total recognised gains during the year	21,974	27,678
	Opening shareholders' deficit	(1,464,729)	(1,492,407)
	Closing shareholders' deficit	(1,442,755)	(1,464,729)

9 Controlling parties and related party transactions

The company is a subsidiary of M+W Equipment GmbH, a company incorporated and operating in Germany The ultimate parent undertaking is M+W Group GmbH, a company incorporated and operating in Germany which prepares consolidated financial statements which are available at Lotterbergstrasse 30, D-70499 Stuttgart, Germany

The company has availed of the exemption available in Financial Reporting Standard No 8 - "Related party disclosures" from disclosing transactions with the group undertakings



Notes (continued)

10 Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved by the board on 23 September 2013