Beechfield Brands Limited

Registered number: 02953704

Abbreviated accounts

For the year ended 31 December 2013

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

R McHugh

P McHugh

Company secretary

R McHugh

Registered number

02953704

Registered office

Unit 3 Warth Industrial Park

Radcliffe Road

Bury Lancashire BL9 9NB

Independent auditors

Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

14th Floor, The Plaza 100 Old Hall Street

Liverpool L3 9QJ

Bankers

HSBC Plc

96-101 Lord Street

Liverpool L2 6PG

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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company during the year continued to be the wholesale distribution of headwear and associated goods.

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £2,076,164 (2012 - £1,133,837).

Dividends totalling £299,880 were paid during the year (2012: £Nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year were:

R McHugh P McHugh

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's operations expose it to certain financial risks that include credit risk and liquidity risk. The company has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the company by monitoring customer debts levels, and preparing regular cash flow forecasts.

Given the size of the company the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The company's finance department implements the policies set by the board of directors.

Credit risk

The company has implemented policies that require strict credit checks on potential customers before sales are made. The company also utilises a credit insurance policy with all debts (where cover is available) insured to the maximum possible under the policy. Senior board approval is required for any significant trading that cannot be covered by sufficient credit insurance. The board regularly assesses the amount of exposure to any individual counterparty.

Liquidity risk

The Board reviews the company's ongoing liquidity risks annually as part of the planning process and on an ad hoc basis. The company utilises its cash resources and where necessary maintains a mixture of long and short-term debt finance that is designed to ensure the company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions. At 31 December 2013 the Company had no bank borrowings but has access to committed bank facilities if required.

Interest rate cash flow risk

At the present time the company earns little or no interest from its cash balances. The company has a policy of when necessary securing debt at fixed rates to provide certainty of future interest cash flows. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations change in size or nature.

Financial instruments

The company does not apply hedge accounting in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts held to manage the cash flow exposures of forecast transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Forward foreign exchange contracts are held to manage the fair value exposures of purchases denominated in foreign currencies.

Environmental matters

The company will seek to minimise adverse impacts on the environment from its activities, whilst continuing to address health, safety and economic issues. The company has complied with all applicable legislation and regulations.

Disclosure of information to auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Auditors

The auditors, Mazars LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

R McHygh

Director_

Date:

Unit 3 Warth Industrial Park

Radcliffe Road

Bury

Lancashire

BL9 9NB

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

Business review

As reported in the company's profit and loss account, revenue has seen an increase of 28% and gross profit margin has increased 5%. This is due in the main to a general upturn in business in line with the recovery in the economy, and changes to the supply network.

The balance sheet shows that the company's net assets at the year end have increased by £1,776k. This is due to the increased sales volume, net profits and cash at bank.

Principal risks and uncertainties

Management continually monitor the key risks facing the business such as: economic recovery, competitor pressure, reliance on key suppliers, loss of key personnel, reliance on key customers.

Economic recovery – the company acknowledges the importance of maintaining close relationships with its key customers in order to be able to identify the early signs of potential financial difficulties. Sales trends in its major markets are constantly reviewed to enable early action to be taken in the event of sales declining.

Competitor pressure – the market in which the company operates is competitive. The company differentiates itself by offering a comprehensive range of quality products and maintains strong relationships with its key customers.

Reliance on key suppliers – the company's purchasing activities could expose it to over reliance on certain suppliers. The company manages this risk by ensuring there is enough breadth in its supplier base and by constantly seeking to find potential alternative suppliers that maybe used.

Loss of key personnel – this would present significant operational difficulties for the company. Management seek to ensure that key personnel are appropriately remunerated to ensure that good performance is recognised.

Financial key performance indicators

Management use a range of performance measures to monitor and manage the business. Key financial and non financial indicators are:

Profit ratios - gross profit percentage finished 5% up on the previous year and net profit percentage was 5.4% up on the previous year for the reasons noted in the business review.

Activity ratios - Debtor days of 27 days was consistent with 2012, whilst creditor days at 19 days was a slight reduction on the previous year. Stock holding days in 2013 were 173 days which rose slightly on 2012 in order to meet increased demand.

This report was approved by the board and signed on its behalf.

R McHugh Director

Date:



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO BEECHFIELD BRANDS LIMITED UNDER SECTION 449 OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 6 to 15 together with the financial statements of Beechfield Brands Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 prepared under section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 445 of the Companies Act 2006.

It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you. This report, including our opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts are properly prepared.

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report does not include examining events occurring after the date of our Auditors' Report on the full financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with section 445(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section.

DD. Lolls

David Nicholls (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Mazars LLP

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

14th Floor, The Plaza 100 Old Hall Street Liverpool L3 9QJ

9 December 2014

ABBREVIATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	1	14,555,482	11,370,898
Gross profit		4,846,765	3,218,975
Distribution costs		(153,436)	(123,509)
Administrative expenses		(2,092,657)	(1,566,928)
Operating profit	2	2,600,672	1,528,538
Interest receivable and similar income		108,302	233
Interest payable and similar charges	5		(28,819)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		2,708,974	1,499,952
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(632,810)	(366,115)
Profit for the financial year	12	2,076,164	1,133,837

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

There were no recognised gains and losses for 2013 or 2012 other than those included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

Registered number: 02953704

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2013

Note	٤	2013 £	£	2012 £
7		157,445		117,093
			•	
	4,624,141		3,834,979	
8	1,392,249		1,107,072	
	2,139,687		1,117,750	
	8,156,077		6,059,801	
9	(1,546,821)		(1,189,303)	
		6,609,256		4,870,498
		6,766,701		4,987,591
10		(17,918)		(15,092)
		6,748,783		4,972,499
11		200		200
12		6,748,583		4,972,299
13		6,748,783		4,972,499
	7 8 9 10	7 4,624,141 8 1,392,249 2,139,687 8,156,077 9 (1,546,821) 10 11 12	Note £ £ 7	Note £ £ £ 7 157,445 8 1,392,249 1,107,072 2,139,687 1,117,750 8,156,077 6,059,801 9 (1,546,821) (1,189,303) 6,609,256 6,766,701 10 (17,918) 6,748,783

The abbreviated accounts, which have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of section 445(3) of the Companies Act 2006 relating to medium-sized companies, were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

R McHugh

Director

Date: 5/2/

The notes on pages 8 to 15 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. Accounting Policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The full financial statements, from which these abbreviated accounts have been extracted, have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.2 Cash flow

The company, being a subsidiary undertaking where 90% or more of the voting rights are controlled within the group whose consolidated financial statements are publicly available, is exempt from the requirement to draw up a cash flow statement in accordance with FRS 1.

1.3 Turnover

The turnover in the financial statements represents the amounts derived from the provision of goods accounted for on an accruals basis and exclusive of value added tax.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & machinery - 20% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line
Fixtures & fittings - 20% straight line
Computers & equipment - 20% straight line

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks.

The majority of the company's stock is imported from overseas and subject to lengthy periods of transportation. It is the policy of the company to include, as stock, all goods ordered from and shipped by suppliers, regardless of its location, at the balance sheet date.

1.6 Operating leases

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

1.7 Provisions for liabilities and charges

Provisions are set up only where it is probable that a present obligation exists as a result of an event prior to the balance sheet date and that a payment will be required in settlement that can be estimated reliably.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

1. Accounting Policies (continued)

1.8 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.9 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account.

1.10 Pensions

The company contributes to the personal pension plans of the directors at the discretion of the owners.

1.11 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

1.12 Hedge accounting

The company does not apply hedge accounting in respect of forward foreign exchange contracts held to manage the cash flow exposures of forecast transactions denominated in foreign currencies. Forward foreign exchange contracts are held to manage the fair value exposures of purchases denominated in foreign currencies.

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
	2013 £	2012 £
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
		43,411
		13,500
	3,675	1,700
	14 958	16,500
		116,325
		(66,609)
Staff costs		
Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:		
	2013	2012
	£	£
Wages and salaries	801,692	704,088
		79,119
Other pension costs	100,000	-
	1,039,966	783,207
The average monthly number of employees, including the direc	ctors, during the year was as	follows:
	2013	2012
	No.	No.
Varehouse and distribution	8	6
Administration	14	12
	22	18
	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:	Depreciation of tangible fixed assets: - owned by the company Auditors' remuneration Auditors' remuneration - non-audit Operating lease rentals: - plant and machinery - other operating leases Foreign currency losses / (gains) Staff costs Staff costs Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows: 2013

ļ.	Directors' remuneration		
		2013	2012
	Remuneration	£ 229,641	263,959
	Company pension contributions to defined contribution pension schemes	100,000	-
	During the year retirement benefits were accruing to 1 director contribution pension schemes.	(2012 - NIL) in resp	pect of define
	The highest paid director received remuneration of £163,058 (2012 -	£203,939).	
	The value of the company's contributions paid to a defined contribut highest paid director amounted to £100,000 (2012 - £NIL).	ion pension scheme i	n respect of th
	Interest payable		
		2013	2012
	On bank loans and overdrafts	£	£ 28,759
	Other interest payable	-	60
		` -	28,819
	Taxation		
		2013 £	2012 £
	Analysis of tax charge in the year	_	_
	Current tax (see note below)		
	UK corporation tax charge on profit for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	629,956 28	367,071 (4,200
	Total current tax	629,984	362,871
	Deferred tax (see note 10)		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	2,826	3,244
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	632,810	366,115
	•		

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

6. Taxation (continued)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is higher than (2012 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%). The differences are explained below:

2013 £	2012 £
2,708,974	1,499,952
629,836	367,488
2,845	1,782
(2,240)	(2,316)
28	(4,200)
(485)	117
629,984	362,871
	£ 2,708,974 629,836 2,845 (2,240) 28 (485)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

7. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant & machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Computers and equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 January 2013 Additions	191,547	34,279 38,000	118,456 18,981	212,027	556,309 98,689
At 31 December 2013	191,547	72,279	137,437	253,735	654,998
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2013 Charge for the year	186,491 190	18,679 13,263	90,330 14,661	143,716 30,223	439,216 58,337
At 31 December 2013	186,681	31,942	104,991	173,939	497,553
Net book value					
At 31 December 2013	4,866	40,337	32,446	79,796	157,445
At 31 December 2012	5,056	15,600	28,126	68,311	117,093

	Debtors		
		2013	2012
	Too do debáses	£	700 400
	Trade debtors Other debtors	1,079,467	796,432
		106,544 206,238	116,969 193,671
	Prepayments and accrued income	200,236	193,071
		1,392,249	1,107,072
9.	Creditors:		
Э.	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2013	2012
		£	£
	Trade creditors	745,214	736,793
	Corporation tax	629,956	367,071
	Other taxation and social security	59,788	33,505
	Other creditors	24,480	· -
	Accruals and deferred income	87,383	51,934
		1,546,821	1,189,303
	Bank facilities are secured by way of a fixed and floating charge ov company.		
10.			
10.	company.		
10.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year	2013 £ 15,092	2012 £ 11,848
10.	Deferred taxation	rer all present and future and fu	ure assets of the
10.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year	2013 £ 15,092	2012 £ 11,848
10.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year Charge for year (P&L)	2013 £ 15,092 2,826	2012 £ 11,848 3,244
10.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year Charge for year (P&L) At end of year	2013 £ 15,092 2,826	2012 £ 11,848 3,244
10.	Deferred taxation At beginning of year Charge for year (P&L) At end of year	2013 £ 15,092 2,826 ————————————————————————————————————	2012 £ 11,848 3,244 15,092

March Marc	11.	Share capital		
Allotted, called up and fully paid 200 Ordinary shares of £1 each 200 200 12. Reserves Profit and loss account £ At 1 January 2013 4,972,299 Profit for the financial year 2,076,164 Dividends: Equity capital (299,880) At 31 December 2013 6,748,583				
12. Reserves Profit and loss account £		Allotted, called up and fully paid	2	_
At 1 January 2013		200 Ordinary shares of £1 each	200	200
At 1 January 2013				
At 1 January 2013	12.	Reserves		
Profit for the financial year Dividends: Equity capital At 31 December 2013 13. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds 2013 2012 £ £ £ Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 14) Closing shareholders' funds Closing shareholders' funds Closing shareholders' funds 14. Dividends 2,076,164 1,133,837				loss account
Dividends: Equity capital (299,880) At 31 December 2013 6,748,583 13. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds 2013 2012 £ £ Opening shareholders' funds 4,972,499 3,838,662 Profit for the financial year 2,076,164 1,133,837 Dividends (Note 14) (299,880) Closing shareholders' funds 6,748,783 4,972,499 14. Dividends 2013 2012 £ £				4,972,299
13. Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds 2013 2012 £ £ Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 14) Closing shareholders' funds 6,748,783 4,972,499 14. Dividends 2013 2012 £ £				
2013 2012 £ £ Opening shareholders' funds		At 31 December 2013		6,748,583
Copening shareholders' funds 4,972,499 3,838,662 Profit for the financial year 2,076,164 1,133,837 Dividends (Note 14) (299,880) - Closing shareholders' funds 6,748,783 4,972,499 14. Dividends 2013 2012 £ £ £	13.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 14) Closing shareholders' funds 2,076,164 (299,880) - 6,748,783 4,972,499 14. Dividends 2013 £ £				
Dividends (Note 14) (299,880) - Closing shareholders' funds 6,748,783 4,972,499 14. Dividends 2013 2012 £				
14. Dividends 2013 2012 £ £				1,133,037
2013 2012 £ £		Closing shareholders' funds	6,748,783	4,972,499
2013 2012 £ £				
£	14.	Dividends		
Dividends paid on equity capital 299,880 -				
		Dividends paid on equity capital	299,880	-

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2013

15. Operating lease commitments

At 31 December 2013 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	Land and buildings			Other	
	2013	2012	2013	2012	
	£	£	£	£	
Expiry date:					
Within 1 year	-	-	721	-	
Between 2 and 5 years	141,632	141,632	7,016	10,983	

Total aggregate commitments held under non-cancellable operating leases at 31 December 2012 were £182,105 (2012: £325,473). The rental agreement for the property has a break clause which can be exercised on 8 March 2015 that carries a £30,000 charge.

16. Related party transactions

No further transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8.

17. Ultimate parent undertaking

The ultimate parent company is Beechfield Brands Holdings Limited which is a company registered in the United Kingdom.

Copies of the accounts of Beechfield Brands Holdings Limited can be obtained from Registrar of Companies.

The ultimate controlling party of Beechfield Brands Holdings Limited group is R McHugh.