FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

ASTON HOTELS LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 02946395

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets Current assets	4		2,664,834		2,733,975
Stocks		6,175		7,643	
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	484,214		443,954	
Cash at bank and in hand		243,608		-	
		733,997	•	451,597	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(5,899,526)		(5,302,551)	
Net current liabilities			(5,165,529)		(4,850,954)
Total assets less current liabilities			(2,500,695)		 (2,116,979)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(20,000)		(30,000)
Net liabilities			(2,520,695)		(2,146,979)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1,500,000		1,500,000
Profit and loss account			(4,020,695)		(3,646,979)
			(2,520,695)		(2,146,979)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 7 December 2023.

S K Singh T Rungkwansiriroj
Director Director

The notes on pages 2 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. General information

Aston Hotels Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. The address of its principal place of business is Newton Park, Coatham Mundeville, Darlington, DL1 3NL.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The company's functional and presentational currency is GBP, rounded to the nearest £1.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The company shows net at the balance sheet date of £2,520,659 (2021: £2,146,979). The company has received formal confirmation from its immediate parent, The Hotelier Group Limited, that the company will receive the financial support it requires to enable it to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

After reviewing the company's existing funding facilities, forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

In making their assessment of going concern, the directors have considered information for a period of at least twelve months from the date the financial statements were authorised for issue.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Revenue (continued)

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Revenue within the company comprises the following:

Income from rooms

Revenue consists of charges made for occupancy of hotel rooms and is recognised when rooms are occupied and services have been rendered.

Income from bars and restaurants

Revenue comprises sales of food and drink at the hotel and is recognised as income at the point of sale.

Income from hires

Revenues from hiring of meeting rooms, conference facilities and provision of catering services for events are recognised at the point of event date.

2.4 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

During the year the company received employee based government grants and benefited from the business rates holiday applicable to hospitality businesses.

2.5 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Statement of Financial Position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Land is not depreciated. Depreciation on other assets is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Buildings - 2% straight line
Plant and machinery - 10% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 10% straight line
Computer equipment - 33% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

2.8 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.9 Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.10 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours.

2.11 Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.12 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from and loans to related parties.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 35 (2021 - 29).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 January 2022	3,176,178	81,643	1,725,516	122,153	5,105,490
Additions	21,199	5,882	13,625	-	40,706
At 31 December 2022	3,197,377	87,525	1,739,141	122,153	5,146,196
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2022	637,721	41,344	1,571,075	121,375	2,371,515
Charge for the year on owned assets	51,018	8,459	49,981	389	109,847
At 31 December 2022	688,739	49,803	1,621,056	121,764	2,481,362
Net book value					
At 31 December 2022	2,508,638	37,722	118,085	389	2,664,834
At 31 December 2021	2,538,457	40,299	154,441	778	2,733,975

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Debtors		
	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	169,690	143,289
Amounts owed by group undertakings	166,679	166,679
Other debtors	143,853	109,521
Prepayments	3,992	24,465
	484,214	443,954
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	2022 £	2021 £
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year Bank overdrafts		
		£
Bank overdrafts	£	£ 11,142
Bank overdrafts Trade creditors	£ - 217,113	£ 11,142 55,853
Bank overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	£ - 217,113 4,521,376	£ 11,142 55,853 4,385,876
Bank overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Other taxation and social security	£ - 217,113 4,521,376 219,451	£ 11,142 55,853 4,385,876 185,119

Secured liabilities

Included in amounts owed to group undertakings are loans of £4,103,855 (2021: £4,103,855) which are secured over the assets of the company and bears an interest rate of 7.25% (2021: 7.25%) per annum.

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Deferred income	20,000	30,000
	20,000	30,000

8. Pension commitments

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. Contributions totalling £3,488 (2021: £1,380) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

9. Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to disclose transactions with group companies on the grounds that the company is a wholly owned subsidiary.

The immediate parent company is The Hotelier Group Limited. Consolidated financial statements are prepared by the ultimate parent company FS JV License Limited, whose registered office is 40 Oxford Road, High Wycombe, Buckinghamshire, HP11 2EE.

10. Auditors' information

The auditors' report on the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022 was unqualified.

The audit report was signed on 7 December 2023 by Richard Paul (Senior Statutory Auditor) on behalf of Nyman Libson Paul LLP.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.