

Annual report and financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2012

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UCB Ireland DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

Directors' report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2012

Principal activities and review of business

The principal activity of the Company, registered number 02929127, is that of lending to various group companies

Due to the legal formation of the Company, the Company name does not include the word limited

The Company made a loss for the financial year of €4,528 (2011 €9,249)

The performance of the Company during and at the end of the year was considered to be satisfactory by the directors

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

A global risk management policy, applicable for the whole UCB Group and its affiliates worldwide, describes the UCB Group's commitment to provide an effective risk management system across the Group in order to minimise its exposure to risks that could threaten the UCB Group's corporate objectives

The Board of Directors is responsible for approving the UCB Group's strategy, goals and objectives and overseeing the establishment, implementation and review of the Group's risk management system. The Board of Directors is assisted by the Audit Committee in its responsibility for the appreciation of risk and risk management. The Audit Committee examines on a regular basis the areas where risk could significantly affect the Group's financial situation and reputation and monitors the overall risk management process of the Group.

The Corporate Risk Management Committee, consisting of Executive Committee members and senior management representatives of all business functions and reporting to the Executive Committee, provides strategic leadership that endorses the corporate risk assessment and prioritisation process that drives the establishment of risk mitigation plans within all business functions and operations, supported by a global risks management system to effective and efficiently asset report, mitigate and manage actual or potential risk or exposures

UCB treland is part of the UK Group of UCB Companies and as such is included within the global risk management policy

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The company is exposed to various financial risks arising from its operations and Group corporate finance activities. The Group manages, on behalf of the subsidiaries, these financial risks. These financial risks are market risk (including currency risk, interest risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's profit and loss. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures. The Group enters into derivative financial instruments and also incurs financial liabilities in order to manage market risk.

Foreign exchange risk

The Company as part of the UCB Group operates across the world and is exposed to movements in foreign currencies affecting its net income and financial position, as expressed in sterling. The Group actively monitors its currency exposures, and when appropriate enters into transactions with the aim of preserving the value of assets and anticipated transactions. The Group uses forward contracts, foreign exchange options and cross currency swaps to hedge certain committed and anticipated foreign exchange flows and financing transactions.

Interest rate risk

Changes in interest rates may cause variations in interest income and expenses resulting from interest bearing assets and liabilities. The Group uses interest rate derivatives to manage its interest rate risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counterparty to a transaction may be unable or unwilling to meet its obligations causing a financial loss to the Company. Trade receivables are subject to a policy of active risk management, which focuses on the assessment of country risk, credit availability, ongoing credit evaluation and account monitoring procedures.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's liquidity risk is managed by the Group. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due under normal circumstances without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group reputation. The Group maintains sufficient reserves of cash and readily realisable marketable securities to meet its liquidity requirements at all times. In addition the Group has certain unutilised revolving committed facilities at its disposal.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS (KPI'S)

Given the straightforward nature of the business and the fact that the company is not engaged in any trading activities, the Company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using KPIs is not necessary for an understanding of the development performance or position of the business

FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS

As part of a worldwide group simplification project, the group has a process in place for its plans to restructure the UK entities in the forthcoming year. The valuation of assets and liabilities are not impacted by the project plans. Until the finalisation of the process, the Company will continue to provide lending services to other group companies.

DIVIDEND

No dividends were paid during the year (2011 €nil) The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend for the year (2011 €nil)

DIRECTORS

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements are listed below:

(appointed 06 January 2012)

Andriaan van der Toorn

B Iversen
P Newton

(appointed 04 April 2011, resigned 06 January 2012)

Kenneth McCauley

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITIES

As permitted by the Articles of Association, the Directors have the benefit of an indemnity which is a qualifying third party indemnity provision as defined by Section 234 of the Companies Act 2006. The indemnity was in force throughout the last financial year and is currently in force. The Company also purchased and maintained throughout the financial year Directors' and Officers, liability insurance in respect of itself and its Directors.

STATEMENT OF DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The directors who held office at the date of approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

Independent Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, have indicated their willingness to continue in office and a resolution that they be reappointed will be put forward to the members

On behalf of the board

Lee ho Sule

K McCauley Director

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements,
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF UCB IRELAND

We have audited the financial statements of UCB Ireland for the year ended 31 December 2012 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 3 the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and international Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the Annual report and financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements in addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Annual report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its loss for the
 year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- · the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Other matters

The Company has passed a resolution in accordance with Section 506 of the Companies Act 2006 that the senior statutory auditor's name should not be stated

am Taylor (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

Reading

Date 17 September 2013

UCB Ireland PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

	Notes	2012 €	2011 €
Administrative expenses		(7,766)	(12,528)
Operating loss		(7,766)	(12,528)
Interest receivable and similar income	3	4,318	4,372
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	2	(3,448)	(8,156)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities	4	(1,080)	(1,093)
Loss for the financial year	8	(4,528)	(9,249)

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form an integral part of these financial statements

All results derive from continuing operations

The Company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented

There is no difference between the results disclosed in the profit and loss account and the results on an unmodified historical cost basis

	Notes		2012		2011	
		€	€	€	€	
Current assets						
Debtors	5	286,676		292,357		
Cash at bank and in hand	_	2,670		2,092		
		289,346		294,449		
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	6 _	(8,415)		(8,990)		
Net current assets			280,931		285,459	
Net assets			280,931		285,459	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	7		314,100		314,100	
Profit and loss account	8		(33,169)		(28,641)	
Total shareholders' funds	9		280,931		285,459	

The notes on pages 7 to 10 form part of these financial statements

The financial statements were approved on behalf of the board on $13~{\rm Hogs}$ + 201 signed on its behalf by

Ken Wo Guley
K McCauley
Director

Company registered number 02929127

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with all items in relation to the financial statements

ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom

GOING CONCERN

The directors consider that the Company has adequate resources to continue in business in the foreseeable future and that it is therefore appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary company of a group headed by UCB S.A., and is included in the consolidated financial statements of that company, which are publicly available. Consequently, the Company has taken advantage of the exemption within FRS 1 (revised 1996) 'Cash flow statements' from preparing a cash flow statement.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is exempt, under FRS 8, from the requirement to disclose related party transactions on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking. This exemption covers transactions with other Group undertakings. There were no other related party transactions in the year.

FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

A functional currency is determined for each of the reporting companies in the Group. The functional currency is that used in the primary economic environment in which the reporting company operates.

INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

Interest receivable and payable are recognised on an accruals basis

DIVIDENDS

Dividends receivable are recognised at the date on which their payment becomes irrevocable. Dividend distributions to the Company shareholders are recognised in the period when they are paid or become an irrevocable committed obligation.

FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rate of exchange ruling on the balance sheet date and the gains or losses arising on translation are dealt with through the profit and loss account.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred taxation is provided on timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A net deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis

TRADE AND OTHER DEBTORS

Trade and other debtors are carried at the lower of their original invoiced value and recoverable amount. Provision is made when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to recover balances in full, with the charge being recognised in the profit and loss account. Balances are written off when the probability of recovery is assessed as being remote.

TRADE AND OTHER CREDITORS

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost

UCB Ireland NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

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Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		
	2012 €	2011 €
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after charging	ng	
Auditors' remuneration	1,200	1,200

The Company has no employees (2011 nil) and no staff costs (2011 €nil)

None of the directors received nor were due remuneration from the Company during the year (2011 €nil)

The emoluments of the directors were paid by the parent company. The directors' services to this company and to the parent company are of a non-executive nature and their emoluments are deemed to be wholly attributable to their services to the parent company. Accordingly, the Profit and Loss account includes no emoluments in respect of the directors.

3	Interest receivable and similar income	2012 €	2011 €
	Interest receivable from group undertakings	4,318	4,372
4	Tax on loss on ordinary activities	2012 €	2011 €
	Current tax Irish corporation taxation on losses of the year	1,080	1,093
	Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	1,080	1,093
	The tax assessed for the year is higher (2011 higher) than the standard effec 25%, (2011 25%) The differences are explained below,	tive rate of corpora	tion tax in Ireland
		2012 €	2011 €
	Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Loss on ordinary activities multiplied by the standard rate in Ireland at 25% (2011 25%)	(3,448)	(8,156)
		(862)	(2,039)
	Effects of, Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	1,942	3,132
	Current tax for the year	1,080	1,093

The company (UCB Ireland) is incorporated in the U K and pays Irish Corporation Tax at the rate of 25% due to the main trading activities of the company being undertaken in Ireland

UCB Ireland NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

5	Debtors	2012	2011
		€	€
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	286,676	292,357
	All debtors are due within one year		
	The amounts owed by group undertakings are unsecured, have no fixed date demand €472 (2011 €1,787) is interest free and €286,204 (2011 €290,570 1 5% (2011 0 95%)	e of repayment and a) bears interest at a	are repayable on n annual rate of
6	Creditors amounts falling due within one year	2012 €	2011 €
	Amounts owed to group undertakings Accruals and deferred income	100 8,315 8,415	493 8,497 8,990
	The amounts payable to group undertakings are unsecured, interest free (2011	nil %) and are repay	able on demand
7	Called up share capital	2012 €	2011 €
	Authorised		
	1,000 (2011 1,000) ordinary shares of €1	1,000	1,000
	40,000,000 (2011 40,000,000) 'A' Redeemable shares of €100	4,000,000,000	4,000,000,000
	Allotted and fully paid 1,000 (2011 1,000) ordinary shares of €1	1,000	1,000
	Allotted and partly paid	212 100	313,100
	31,310,000 (2011 31,310,000) A' Redeemable shares of €100	313,100 314,100	314,100
	'A' redeemable shares rank pan passu as regards a return of capital in the even shares are repayable at the option of the company on giving thirty days' notice 'A' redeemable shares of €100 have been partly paid at the rate of €0 01 per sharpayment of the outstanding nominal amounts for the shares		
8	Profit and loss account	Profit and Loss Account	Total
		€	€ (00,041)
	At 1 January 2012 Loss for the financial year	(28,641) (4,528)	(28,641) (4,528)
	At 31 December 2012	(33,169)	(33,169)
Ş	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Loss for the financial year	2012 € (4,528)	2011 € (9,249)
	Net additions to shareholders' funds	(4,528)	(9,249)
	Opening shareholders' funds	285,459	294,708
	Closing shareholders' funds	280,931	285,459

UCB Ireland NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

10 Related party transactions

The Company is exempt, under FRS 8, from the requirement to disclose related party transactions on the grounds that it is a wholly owned subsidiary undertaking. This exemption covers transactions with other group undertakings

There were no other related party transactions in the year

11 Ultimate Parent Company

The immediate parent company is UCB Lux S A , a company incorporated in Luxembourg

The ultimate parent company and controlling party at 31 December 2012 and the smallest and largest group in which the Company's results are consolidated was UCB S A , a company incorporated in Belgium

Copies of the respective financial statements for each of these companies can be obtained from the Group Central Office at Allee de la Recherche 60, 1070 Brussels, Belgium