COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 02915896

AON FISCAL REPRESENTATIVES LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 31 DECEMBER 2012

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

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AON FISCAL REPRESENTATIVES LIMITED COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

D Crofts K M Mannix C S L Winter

Company secretary

CoSec 2000 Limited

Registered office

8 Devonshire Square London EC2M 4PL

Auditor

Ernst & Young LLP 1 More London Place London SE1 2AF

DIRECTORS' REPORT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

The directors present their annual report together with the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2012

BUSINESS ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company is that of acting as a representative for offshore insurers in respect of Insurance Premium Tax. It is not anticipated that there will be any change in activity of the company in the foreseeable future.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The results for the year and the company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements

The directors have not recommended a dividend (2011 £nil)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND GOING CONCERN

As the company's assets and liabilities are dominated by balances due to and from other group companies, its principal risk relates to the recoverability of those amounts. After making relevant enquiries the directors are satisfied that obligations under those balances will be met in full Accordingly, the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year and up to the date of this report are listed on page 1

The following changes have occurred during the year

R J Moloney D Crofts resigned 29 June 2012 appointed 29 June 2012

DIRECTORS INDEMNITIES

The Company has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its directors which were made during the year and remain in force at the date of this report

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law) Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit and loss for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES (continued)

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO THE AUDITOR

So far as each person who was a director at the date of approving this report is aware, there is no relevant audit information, being information required in connection with the auditor's report, of which the auditor is unaware. Each director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditor is aware of that information

AUDITOR

Ernst & Young LLP are deemed to be reappointed in accordance with an elective resolution made under section 386 of the Companies Act 1985 which continues in force under the Companies Act 2006

For and on behalf of the board

For and on behalf of CoSec 2000 Limited

Company Secretary

Date 27 June 2013

Registered Number 02915896

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AON FISCAL REPRESENTATIVES LIMITED

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

We have audited the financial statements of Aon Fiscal Representatives Limited for the year ended 31 December 2012, which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes 1 to 11 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

RESPECTIVE RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITOR

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on pages 2 and 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

SCOPE OF THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

OPINION ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2012 and of its profit for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF AON FISCAL REPRESENTATIVES LIMITED (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

OPINION ON OTHER MATTER PRESCRIBED BY THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

MATTERS ON WHICH WE ARE REQUIRED TO REPORT BY EXCEPTION

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Michael Purrington (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Enor Etape LL

London

Date 250LY 2013

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	£	£
TURNOVER	2	81,700	86,450
Administrative expenses		(1,075)	(3,545)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	80,625	82,905
Interest receivable and similar income	5	1,542	1,812
PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATIO	N	82,167	84,717
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	6	(20,931)	(22,789)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		61,236	61,928

All of the activities of the company are classed as continuing

Statement of total recognised gains and losses

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year Accordingly, a separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has not been presented

BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2012

		2012	2011
	Note	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	179,432	241,613
Cash at bank and in hand		104,546	23,657
		283,978	265,270
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year	8	(21,547)	(64,075)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		262,431	201,195
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		262,431	201,195
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called-up share capital	9	2	2
Profit and loss account	10	262,429	201,193
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	10	262,431	201,195
			,

These financial statements of Aon Fiscal Representatives Limited (registered number 02915896) were approved by the Board of Directors on 27 June 2013.

Signed on behalf of the Board

C S L Winter Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have considered the appropriateness of the going concern basis in the directors' report on page 2.

The significant accounting policies adopted are described below

Cash flow statement

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption within Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised) not to produce a cash flow statement as its results are included in the consolidated financial statements of Aon plc which are publicly available

Related party transactions

The Company has taken advantage of the disclosure exemptions allowed by Financial Reporting Standard No 8, Related Party Disclosures from disclosing transactions with other wholly owned subsidiaries within the Aon plc group

Turnover

Turnover is earned on a fixed fee basis. Turnover relating to services provided under fixed fee contracts is recognised as the contract activity progresses to reflect the Company's partial performance of its contractual obligations. Turnover reflects the accrual of the right to consideration as contract activity progresses by reference to the proportion of the work performed and represents amounts receivable for services net of value added tax

Interest receivable

Interest receivable is recognised in the profit and loss account on an accruals basis

Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date

In accordance with FRS 19 deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax. Timing differences are differences between the Company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax returns in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax balances are not discounted

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the monthly average rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in other currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. All differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

2. TURNOVER

The turnover and profit on ordinary activities before taxation are attributable to the sole principal activity of the company Turnover is derived from activities in the United Kingdom and is analysed below by the location of the client from whom the business is derived

	2012 £	2011 £
United Kingdom	17,200	19,450
North America	5,500	6,500
Europe	47,500	47,500
Other	11,500	13,000
	81,700	86,450

No allocation of net assets is shown as the directors are of the opinion that the net assets cannot be allocated to the individual market segments on a meaningful basis

Profits before taxation have not been disclosed under the above geographical segments as current management information systems do not report on this basis

3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after crediting / charging	2012 £	2011 £
Net gain / (loss) on foreign currency translation	25	(6)

Auditor's remuneration has been borne by another group company. The auditors' remuneration for the statutory audit and other services pursuant to legislation, including the audit of the regulatory return are analysed as follows

	2012	2011
	£	£
Fees payable to the company's auditor for the audit of the		
company's annual accounts	15,000	16,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

3. OPERATING PROFIT (continued)

The directors' remuneration for this year and the prior year was paid by a fellow subsidiary company. The directors do not believe that it is practicable to apportion this amount between their services as directors of the company and their services as directors or employees of other group companies.

4. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The company had no employees (2011 nil)

5. INTEREST RECEIVABLE AND SIMILAR INCOME

	Bank interest receivable Interest from group undertakings	2012 £ 9 1,533 ———————————————————————————————————	2011 £ 2 1,810 ————————————————————————————————————
6.	TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	(a) Tax on profit on ordinary activities	***	2011
	The tax charge is made up as follows	2012 £	2011 £
	CURRENT TAX		
	On current year's profit at 24 5% (2011 26 5%) Tax under provided in previous years	20,667 264	22,789 -
	Total current tax (note 6(b))	20,931	22,789
	DEFERRED TAX		
	Origination and reversal of timing differences	-	-
	Tax on profit on ordinary activities	20,931	22,789

(b) Factors affecting the current tax charge

The tax assessed on the profit/(loss) on ordinary activities for the period is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 26 5%)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

6. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (continued)

The differences are reconciled below		
	2012	2011
	£	£
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before tax	82,167	84,717
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 24 5% (2011 26 5%)	20,131	22,450
Effect of Transfer pricing adjustments	536	339
Tax under/(over) provided in previous years	264	-
Total current tax (note 6(a))	20,931	22,789

(c) Factors affecting current and future tax charges

A gradual reduction in the UK tax rate from 28% to 24% was announced in June 2010. A further 1% reduction was announced in the 2011 Budget with the effect that the corporation tax rate would decrease to 26% from 1 April 2011 and to 25% from 1 April 2012. These changes were included in the Finance Act 2011 which received Royal Assent on 19 July 2011, so were therefore enacted at 31 December 2011 and have been reflected in the amounts recognised as at that date, shown as comparatives for the year ended 31 December 2011.

Further rate changes were announced in the 2012 Budget with the effect that the corporation tax rate would decrease to 24% from 1 April 2012 and then by 1% each year down to 22% in April 2014. The corporation tax rate decreases to 24% (applicable from 1 April 2012) and to 23% (applicable from 1 April 2013) were included in the Finance Act 2012 which received Royal Assent on 17 July 2012 These changes were therefore enacted at 31 December 2012 and have been reflected in the amounts recognised as at that date

The proposed decrease in the corporation tax rate to 22% was not included in the Finance Act 2012 On 5 December 2012, a further 1% reduction was announced with the effect that the corporation tax rate will decrease to 21% from 1 April 2014 In addition, in the 2013 Budget on 20 March 2013 a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 20% commencing on 1 April 2015 was announced Neither of these changes were substantively enacted at 31 December 2012 and have therefore not been reflected in the amounts recognised as at that date

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

7. DEBTORS

		2012	2011
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	2,000
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	179,432	239,613
		179,432	241,613
8.	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	880	38,526
	Group relief payable	20,667	22,789
	Trade creditors	, <u>-</u>	2,760
		21,547	64,075
9.	SHARE CAPITAL		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
		2012	2011
		£	£
	2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

10. RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS AND MOVEMENT ON RESERVES

			Total
		Profit and loss	shareholders'
	Share capital	account	funds
	£	£	£
Balance as at 1 January 2011	2	139,265	139,267
Profit for the year		61,928	61,928
Balance as at 31 December 2011		201,193	201,195
Profit for the year	-	61,236	61,236
Balance as at 31 December 2012	2	262,429	262,431

11. PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND CONTROLLING PARTY

The immediate parent undertaking is Aon 2007 Limited, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales

On 2 April 2012, a reorganisation of the corporate structure of the group of companies controlled by Aon Corporation was completed, pursuant to which an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Aon Plc merged with Aon Corporation and Aon Plc became the group's publicly held parent company.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2012

11. PARENT UNDERTAKINGS AND CONTROLLING PARTY (continued)

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Aon Plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales

The parent undertaking of the group which contains the company, and for which group financial statements are prepared, is Aon plc, a company incorporated in the United Kingdom and registered in England and Wales

Copies of the group financial statements of Aon plc are available from the Securities and Exchange Commission, Division of Corporation Finance, $100\ F$ Street NE, Washington DC 20549, United States of America