Company Registration No. 02915886 (England and Wales)

PEARMAN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED ANNUAL REPORT AND UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

105696-A-2022



COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors

Uwe Nee

Diana Zepter

Company number

02915886

Registered office

Suite 121 Viglen House Alperton Lane Wembley London

United Kingdom HA0 1HD

Accountants

Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited

PO Box 227 Peveril Buildings Peveril Square Douglas Isle of Man IM99 1RZ

CONTENTS

	Page
Directors' report	1
Accountants' report	2
Profit and loss account	3
Balance sheet	4
Statement of changes in equity	5
Notes to the financial statements	6 - 8

DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their annual report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2022.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is that of an Investment company and the provision of administrative services relating to trade in household goods. The company has not traded during the year and is pursuing the collection of it's debts.

Directors

The directors who held office during the year and up to the date of signature of the financial statements were as follows:

Uwe Nee

Diana Zepter

Post reporting date events

It is the directors' intention to liquidate the company in the near future.

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- · select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Small companies exemption

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

On behalf of the board

Uwe Nee Director

07/09/23

Date:



ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF PEARMAN INTERNATIONAL LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the relevant Companies Act, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Pearman International Limited for the year ended 31 December 2022 set out on pages 3 to 8 from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW) Practice Assurance Scheme, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at https://www.icaew.com/regulation

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Pearman International Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Pearman International Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Pearman International Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Pearman International Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Pearman International Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Pearman International Limited. You consider that Pearman International Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Pearman International Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited

Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited

07/09/23

Suntera Accounting & Tax Limited, a company registered in the (sile of Man (001316V)

at Peveril Buildings, Peveril Square, Douglas, Isle of Man, IM99 1RZ is a member of the ICAEW Practice Assurance Scheme and a member of Russell

Bedford International - a global network of independent professional services firms. A member of the Suntera Global group of companies.

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022	2021
•	£	£
Administrative expenses	(2,750)	(2,750)
	 .	
Loss before taxation	(2,750)	(2,750)
Tax on loss	•	-
		
Loss for the financial year	(2,750)	(2,750)
		

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2022)22		21
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Current assets					
Debtors	4	5,234,588		6,854,295	
Cash at bank and in hand		230,714		232,105	
		5,465,302		7,086,400	
Creditors: amounts falling due within					
one year	5	(3,822,501)		(5,440,849)	
Net current assets			1,642,801		1,645,551
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	6		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss reserves			1,592,801		1,595,551
Total equity			1,642,801		1,645,551

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime!

Uwe Nee Director

Company Registration No. 02915886

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Share capital £	Profit and loss reserves £	Total £
Balance at 1 January 2021	50,000	1,598,301	1,648,301
Year ended 31 December 2021:			
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	(2,750)	(2,750)
Balance at 31 December 2021	50,000	1,595,551	1,645,551
Year ended 31 December 2022:			
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year	-	(2,750)	(2,750)
Balance at 31 December 2022	50,000	1,592,801	1,642,801
			====

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Pearman International Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Suite 121, Viglen House, Alperton Lane, Wembley, London, United Kingdom, HA0 1HD.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in \mathfrak{L} , which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \mathfrak{L} .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.3 Financial instruments

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.4 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.5 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than $\mathfrak L$ are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company under an employment contract during the year was:

		2022	2021
		Number	Number
	Total		-
		===	
4	Debtors		
		2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Trade debtors	5,234,588	6,854,295
5	Conditional amounts fulling due within any uses		
9	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2024
		-	2021
		£	£
	Other creditors	3,822,501	5,440,849

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

6	Called up share capital				
	•	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000

The ordinary shares have a par value of £1 each.

7 Events after the reporting date

It is the directors' intention to liquidate the company in the near future.

DETAILED TRADING AND PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	2	022	2021
	£	£ £	£
Administrative expenses			
Accountancy	1,880	1,900	
Administration fees	870	850	
	(2,	750)	(2,750)
•			
Operating loss	(2,	750)	(2,750)