Company Registration No. 02913621 (England and Wales)

DUNEPOWER LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO DUNEPOWER LIMITED UNDER SECTION 247B OF THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5, together with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2004 prepared under section 226 of the Companies Act 1985.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with section 246 of the Companies Act 1985. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Act to the Registrar of Companies and whether the accounts to be delivered are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 247B of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Basis of audit opinion

We have carried out the procedures we considered necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with sections 246(5) and (6) of the Companies Act 1985, and the abbreviated accounts on pages 2 to 5 are properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Saffeny Champness

Hery Champien

28 October 2005

Chartered Accountants Registered Auditors

Lion House Red Lion Street London WC1R 4GB

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2004

		2	004	2 as res	003 stated
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	2		3,835,000		3,035,000
Current assets					
Cash at bank and in hand		1		1	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(1,673,853)		(1,803,977)	
within one year		(1,073,833)		(1,603,977)	
Net current liabilities			(1,673,852)		(1,803,976)
Total assets less current liabilities			2,161,148		1,231,024
Provisions for liabilities and charges			(1,748)		(7,953)
			2,159,400		1,223,071
			2,137,400		=====
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	3		2		2
Revaluation reserve	4		1,808,213		1,008,213
Profit and loss account	4		351,185		214,856
Shareholders' funds			2,159,400		1,223,071

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 28 October 2005

J R Drax Director

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of investment properties and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective June 2002).

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents rental income derived from lettings and is stated net of Value Added Tax. It arises entirely from the company's continuing activities and wholly within the United Kingdom.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets include investment properties professionally valued by Chartered Surveyors on an existing use open market value basis.

No depreciation is provided on investment properties as the directors consider that, although this represents a departure from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985, this policy results in the accounts giving a true and fair view.

1.4 Deferred taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and results as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of gains and losses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is not recognised when fixed assets are revalued unless by the balance sheet date there is a binding agreement to sell the revalued assets and the gain or loss expected to arise on sale has been recognised in the financial statements. Neither is deferred tax recognised when fixed assets are sold and it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over, being charged to tax only if and when the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax is measured on a non-discounted basis at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

2	Fixed assets		
			Tangible assets
			assets £
	Cost or valuation		
	At 1 January 2004		3,035,000
	Revaluation		800,000
	At 1 January 2004 & at 31 December 2004		3,835,000
	At 31 December 2003		3,035,000
3	Share capital	2004	2003
		£	£
	Authorised	1 000	1.000
	1,000 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	1,000	1,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	2 Ordinary Shares of £1 each	2	2
			 _
4	Statement of movements on reserves		
		Revaluation	Profit and
			loss account
		£	£
	Balance at 1 January 2004 as previously reported	886,317	336,752
	Prior year adjustment	121,896	(121,896)
	Balance at 1 January 2004 as restated	1,008,213	214,856
	Retained profit for the year	-	136,329
	Revaluation during the year	800,000	
	Balance at 31 December 2004	1,808,213	351,185
			·

A prior year adjustment has been made to correct the accounting treatment of the corporation tax paid on the appropriation of properties from trading stock in 1998 which had previously been written off in the revaluation reserve.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2004

5 Ultimate parent company

The company is a 100% subsidiary of Parham Holdings Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales. The ultimate controlling party is Mr J R Drax (director) by virtue of his 100% ownership of Beaulieu Property Management Limited, which in turn owns a controlling share in Parham Holdings Limited. Group accounts are prepared by Parham Holdings Limited.