THE COMPANIES ACT 1985

A PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

NEW ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

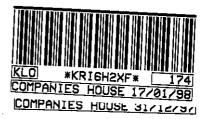
OF

SOUTHERN EAST ANGLIA CABLE LIMITED

(adopted by special resolution passed on 15th Sept 1994)

PRELIMINARY

- Except as otherwise provided in these articles, Table A shall apply to the Company. For the purposes of these articles, Table A means Table A in the Schedule to the Companies (Tables A to F) Regulations 1985, as amended by the Companies (Tables A to F) (Amendment) Regulations 1985.
- 2 (1) In these articles, unless the contrary intention appears
 - (a) "business day" means a day on which banks are open for the transaction of general banking business in the City of London, New York and Singapore.
 - (b) "seal" means any common seal of the Company or any official seal or securities seal which the Company may have or be permitted to have under the Statutes.
 - (c) the "Statutes" means the Act and every other statute, statutory instrument, regulation or order for the time being in force concerning companies registered under the Act; and
 - (d) words importing the singular number include the plural number and vice versa, words importing one gender include all genders and words importing persons include bodies corporate and unincorporated associations.
 - (2) Headings to these Articles are inserted for convenience and shall not affect construction.



SHARE CAPITAL

- The directors are generally and unconditionally authorised, in accordance with section 80 of the Act, to exercise all the powers of the Company to allot relevant securities up to a maximum nominal amount of £998.
 - (2) The authority contained in paragraph (1) shall expire on the day five years after the date of the adoption of these articles but the Company may, before the authority expires, make an offer or agreement which would or might require relevant securities to be allotted after it expires.
 - (3) Section 89(1) of the Act (which regulates the power to allot equity securities, as defined in section 94 of the Act) is excluded.

SHAREHOLDERS' RESOLUTIONS

- A resolution in writing signed or approved by letter, facsimile, telegram or telex by or on behalf of all the members of the Company who would be entitled to vote on it if it had been proposed at a general meeting or at a meeting of any class of members of the Company shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a general meeting or at such class meeting (as the case may be) duly convened and held. The resolution may be contained in one document or in several documents in like form each stating the terms of the resolution accurately and signed by or on behalf of one or more of the members. This article is in addition to, and not limited by, the provisions of sections 381A, 381B and 381C of the Act. Regulation 53 of Table A shall not apply.
- A general meeting of any class of members of the Company may consist of a conference between members some or all of whom are in different places provided that each member who participates is able:
 - (a) to hear each of the other participating members addressing the meeting; and
 - (b) if he so wishes, to address all of the other participating members simultaneously,

whether directly, by conference telephone or by any other form of communications equipment (whether in use when these articles are adopted or not) or by a combination of those methods.

- (2) A quorum is deemed to be present if those conditions are satisfied in respect of at least the number of members required to form a quorum.
- (3) A meeting held in this way is deemed to take place where the largest group of participating members is assembled, or if no such group is readily identifiable, at the place from where the chairman of the meeting participates.
- (4) A resolution put to the vote of a meeting held in this way shall

be decided by each member indicating to the chairman (in such manner as the chairman may direct) whether the member votes in favour of or against the resolution or abstains. Regulation 46 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.

References in this article to members shall include their duly appointed proxies and, in the case of corporate members, their duly authorised representatives.

PROCEEDINGS AT GENERAL MEETINGS

- The quorum for the transaction of business of the directors may be fixed by the directors and unless so fixed at any other number shall be two. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointee is not present, be counted in quorum.
 - (2) In the case of equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded shall not have a second or casting vote. Regulation 50 of Table A shall not apply.

VOTES OF MEMBERS

- A proxy appointed by a member of the Company under section 372 of the Act may vote on a show of hands as well as on a poll, but no person present shall be entitled to more than one vote on a show of hands. Regulation 54 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.
 - The instrument appointing a proxy and any authority under which it is executed (or such copy of the instrument or the authority or both as the directors may approve) may be deposited at the place where the meeting or adjourned meeting is to be held at any time before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote. This provision is in addition and without prejudice to the provisions of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of regulation 62 and the last provision of regulation 62 shall be modified accordingly.

DIRECTORS

The holder of a majority of the ordinary shares in the Company in issue may appoint any person as a director of the Company and may remove any director; on such appointment or subsequent thereto, it may designate any such person as a CC Director or a STI Director. Any appointment or removal shall be made in writing signed by the holders of the majority of the ordinary shares in the Company in issue and, in the case of a body corporate holding any of those shares, the signature of any officer or other duly appointed representative shall suffice. Any appointment or removal shall take effect when it is lodged at the office or produced at any meeting of the directors.

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- (2) In addition to the circumstances set out in regulation 81 of Table A the office of a director shall be vacated if he is removed from that office in accordance with this article.
- (3) The directors may appoint any person who is willing to act to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director.
- (4) The directors shall not be subject to retirement by rotation and regulations 73 to 80 (inclusive) and the last sentence of regulation 84 of Table A shall not apply.
- 9 (1) No director shall vacate his office or be ineligible for re-appointment as a director, nor shall any person be ineligible for appointment as a director, by reason only of his having attained a particular age.
 - (2) No special notice is required of any resolution appointing or approving the appointment of such a director nor is any notice required to state the age of the person to whom the resolution relates.

ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- In addition to the persons mentioned in regulation 65 of Table A, any director may appoint a director of any holding company of the Company or of any other subsidiary of that holding company or any person approved by a majority of the other directors to act as an alternate director.
 - (2) An alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his appointor is a member, to attend and to vote at any meeting at which the director appointing him is not personally present and at that meeting to exercise and discharge all the functions, powers and duties of his appointor as a director

in his absence and for the purposes of the proceedings at that meeting the provisions of these articles shall apply as if he was a director. An alternate director shall not be entitled to receive any remuneration from the Company for his service as an alternate director save such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to his appointor as he may be paid by the Company as his appointor may, by notice in writing to the Company, from time to time direct. Regulation 66 of Table A shall not apply.

- Every person acting as alternate director shall have one vote for each director for whom he acts as alternate, in addition to his own vote if he is also a director, but he shall count as only one for the purpose of determining whether a quorum is present. The last sentence of each of regulation 88 and 89 of Table A shall not apply.
- (4) Any person appointed as an alternate director shall vacate his office as an alternate director if the director by whom he has

been appointed ceases to be a director or removes him or on the happening of any event which, if he is or were a director, causes or would cause him to vacate that office. Regulation 67 of Table A shall not apply.

(5) An alternate director shall alone be responsible to the Company for his own acts and defaults and shall not be deemed to be the agent of the director appointing him. Regulation 69 of Table A shall not apply.

POWERS OF DIRECTORS

- The powers of the directors mentioned in regulation 87 of Table A shall be exercisable as if the words "executive" (which appears before the word "office") were deleted.
 - Without prejudice to any other of their powers, the directors may exercise any of the powers conferred by the Statutes to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the Company or any of its subsidiaries in connection with the cessation or the transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the Company or any of its subsidiaries.

PROCEEDINGS OF DIRECTORS

- The quorum for the transaction of the business of the directors shall throughout the meeting be two directors, one of whom must be a CC Director and one a STI Director. A person who holds office only as an alternate director shall, if his appointee is not present, be counted in the quorum. Regulation 89 shall not apply.
 - (2) All decisions of the board shall, subject as mentioned below, be by a majority vote of the directors. A majority vote shall be effective only if at least one CC Director and one STI Director vote in favour of it. The chairman shall not have a second or casting vote. Regulation 88 shall be amended accordingly.
 - (3) The board may delegate to any committee of the directors any matter with which the directors are competent to deal. All decisions of any such committee shall require a unanimous vote in favour thereof and in default of such unanimous vote, the matter shall be referred for a decision to the directors. Regulation 72 shall be amended accordingly.
 - (4) The directors may appoint a chairman and determine the period for which he is to hold office. If no such chairman is appointed or, if any any meeting the chairman is not present within five minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may appoint one of their number to be chairman of the meeting. Regulation 91 of Table A shall not apply. The chairman shall not have a casting vote.
- Provided that he has disclosed to the directors the nature and extent of any material interest of his, a director may vote as a director on a

resolution concerning any matter in which he has, directly or indirectly, an interest or duty and, if he votes, his vote shall be counted and he shall be counted in the quorum when that resolution or matter is under consideration. Regulations 94 to 96 (inclusive) of Table A shall not apply.

- Notices of meetings of the directors shall be given to all directors and to any alternate directors appointed by them. Regulation 88 of Table A shall be amended accordingly.
- Regulation 93 of Table A (written resolutions of directors) shall apply as if the word "signed" included "approved by letter, facsimile, telegram or telex".
- 16 (1) A meeting of the directors may consist of a conference between directors some or all of whom are in different places provided that each director who participates is able:
 - (a) to hear each of the other participating directors addressing the meeting; and
 - (b) if he so wishes, to address all of the other participating directors simultaneously, whether directly, by conference telephone or by any other form of communications equipment (whether in use when these articles are adopted or not) or by a combination of those methods.
 - (2) A quorum is deemed to be present if those conditions are satisfied in respect of at least the number of directors required to form a quorum, subject to the provisions of article 13.
 - (3) A meeting held in this way is deemed to take place at the place where the largest group of participating directors is assembled or, if no such group is readily identifiable, at the place from where the chairman of the meeting participates.

SEAL

- 17 (1) The Company may exercise the powers conferred by the Statutes with regard to having official seals and those powers shall be vested in the directors.
 - (2) The directors shall provide for the safe custody of every seal which the Company may have.
 - (3) A seal shall be used only by the authority of the directors or a duly authorised committee but that authority may consist of an instruction or approval given by letter, facsimile, telegram, telex or telephone by a majority of the directors or of the members of a duly authorised committee.
 - (4) The directors may determine who shall sign any instrument to which a seal is applied, either generally or in relation to a particular instrument or type of instrument, and may also determine, either generally or in any particular case, that such signatures shall be dispensed with or affixed by some mechanical

means.

- Unless otherwise decided by the directors every instrument to which a seal is applied shall be signed by a CC Director and a STI Director.
- Regulation 6 of Table A shall be amended accordingly. Regulation 101 of Table A shall not apply.

NOTICES

- Regulation 112 of Table A shall apply as if the last sentence were deleted and Regulation 116 shall apply as if the words "within the United Kingdom" did not appear.
- 19 (I) Proof that:
 - (a) an envelope containing a notice was properly addressed, prepaid and posted (in the case of an addressee outside the United Kingdom by airmail or by first class post, where available); or
 - (b) a telex or facsimile transmission setting out the terms of a notice was properly despatched

shall be conclusive evidence that the notice was given.

- (2) A notice shall be deemed to be given:
- (a) if delivered at the time of delivery;
- (b) at 10.00 am (at the time of place of receipt) on the tenth business day after the envelope containing it was posted; or
- (c) in the case of telex or facsimile transmission, at 9.00 am (at the time of the place of receipt) on the business day following the date of despatch. Regulation 115 of Table A shall not apply.

INDEMNITY

- Subject to the provisions of and to the extent permitted by the Statutes, every director, other officer or auditor of the Company shall be indemnified out of the assets of the Company against any liability incurred by him in the actual or purported execution or discharge of his duties or the exercise or purported exercise of his powers or otherwise in relation to or in connection with his duties, powers or office, but:
 - (a) this indemnity shall not apply to the extent that it is recovered from any other person; and
 - (b) the indemnity is subject to such officer or auditor taking all reasonable steps to effect such recovery, so that the indemnity shall not apply to the extent that an alternative right of recovery is capable of being enforced.

Regulation 118 of Table A shall not apply.