Registration number: 02903119

Advanced Machining Techniques Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021



Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

Contents

Company Information	<u>1</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>10</u>

Company Information

Directors Mr Stuart Matthew Kaczmarek

Mr Sean Thomas Plummer

Registered office Ground Floor

19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

Accountants Lucraft Hodgson & Dawes LLP

Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF

(Registration number: 02903119)
Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	13,989	16,682
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	3,797	3,675
Debtors	<u>5</u> 6	66,635	62,731
Cash at bank and in hand		17,967	3,563
		88,399	69,969
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(41,757)	(40,816)
Net current assets		46,642	29,153
Total assets less current liabilities		60,631	45,835
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(40,000)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(2,408)	(2,885)
Net assets		18,223	42,950
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		220	220
Profit and loss account		18,003	42,730
Total equity		18,223	42,950

For the financial year ending 28 February 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 29 November 2021 and signed on its behalf by:

Advanced Machining Techniques Limited (Registration number: 02903119) Balance Sheet as at 28 February 2021 Mr Sean Thomas Plummer Director

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Ground Floor 19 New Road Brighton East Sussex BN1 1UF United Kingdom

The principal place of business is: 8 Riverside Business Centre Brighton Road Shoreham-by-Sea West Sussex BN43 6RE

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 29 November 2021.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in Sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Long leasehold Plant and machinery Fixtures and fittings Computer equipment

Depreciation method and rate

10% on cost 20% on reducing balance 20% on reducing balance 15% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

Other departments 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	The average number of persons employed by the compa was as follows:	iny (including directors) during the year	, analysed by catego
Other departments 4			
	Other departments		
			4 5

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

	Land and buildings £	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other property, plant and equipment £		otal £
Cost or valuation					
At 1 March 2020	11,015	107,846	39,462		158,323
Additions		436	-		436
At 28 February 2021	11,015	108,282	39,462		158,759
Depreciation					
At 1 March 2020	11,015	100,241	30,385		141,641
Charge for the year	<u> </u>	1,313	1,816		3,129
At 28 February 2021	11,015	101,554	32,201		144,770
Carrying amount					
At 28 February 2021		6,728	7,261		13,989
At 29 February 2020	-	7,605	9,077		16,682
5 Stocks					
			202 1 £	2	2020 £
Work in progress			3,797		3,675
6 Debtors					
				2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors				66,634	57,331
Other debtors				1	5,400

66,635

62,731

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

7 Creditors				
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
		2021		020
	Note	£		£
Due within one year				
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	3		2,173
Trade creditors		26,384		25,494
Social security and other taxes		13,165		10,932
Other payables		-		(2)
Accrued expenses		1,399		2,219
Corporation tax liability		806		-
		41,757		40,816
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	40,000		_
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	=	12,022		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Note	2021 £	2020 £
Due after one year				
Loans and borrowings		<u>8</u>	40,000	-
8 Loans and borrowings				
			20	021 £
Non-current loans and borrowings				-
Bank borrowings				40,000
		2021		
		£		£
Current loans and borrowings				
Other borrowings		3		2,173

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2021

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £37,817 (2020 - £22,850). At the balance sheet date the company has operating lease commitments in the above amount which are payable over the total remaining term of the leases.

10 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

Loans from related parties

2021		£
At start of period		2,173
Repaid		(2,170)
At end of period		3
2020	Key management £	Total £
At start of period	13,303	13,303
Repaid	(11,130)	(11,130

Key management

2,173

2,173

Terms of loans from related parties

At end of period

During the year the directors made funds available to the company to assist with the provision of working capital. The loans were interest free, unsecured and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.