REGISTERED NUMBER: 02895779 (England and Wales)

KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited

Unaudited Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 28 February 2023

KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited (Registered number: 02895779)

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Chartered Accountants' Report to the Director on the Unaudited Financial Statements of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited

The following reproduces the text of the report prepared for the director in respect of the company's annual unaudited financial statements. In accordance with the Companies Act 2006, the company is only required to file a Statement of financial position. Readers are cautioned that the Income statement and certain other primary statements and the Director's report are not required to be filed with the Registrar of Companies.

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited for the year ended 28 February 2023 which comprise the Statement of income and retained earnings, Statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed within the ICAEW's regulations and guidance at http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the director of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 18 November 2019. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited. You consider that KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Moore Thompson 7 Swan Court Forder Way, Cygnet Park Hampton Peterborough Cambs PE7 8GX

30 June 2023

KDS Blastcleaning and Protective

Coatings Limited (Registered number: 02895779)

Statement of Financial Position 28 February 2023

		2023		202	2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	5		1,094,713		925,406	
Current assets						
Debtors	6	225,960		212,056		
Cash at bank		260,884	_	353,121		
		486,844	-	565,177		
Creditors						
Amounts falling due within one year	7	107,073		220,259		
Net current assets			379,771		344,918	
Total assets less current liabilities			1,474,484		1,270,324	
Provisions for liabilities			157,306		121,648	
Net assets			1,317,178		1,148,676	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital			4		4	
Retained earnings	8		1,317,174		1,148,672	
	_		1,317,178		1,148,676	
			,,		, ,,,,,,,,,	

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 28 February 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 28 February 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

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KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited (Registered number: 02895779)

Statement of Financial Position - continued 28 February 2023

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 30 June 2023 and were signed by:

K B Deboo - Director

KDS Blastcleaning and Protective

Coatings Limited (Registered number: 02895779)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the Year Ended 28 February 2023

1. Statutory information

KDS Blastcleaning and Protective Coatings Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address are as below:

Registered number: 02895779

Registered office: Canters Doles Farm

81a Crease Bank, Whittlesey

Peterborough England PE7 2LN

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparing the financial statements

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration receivable for services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

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Coatings Limited (Registered number: 02895779)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2023

3. Accounting policies - continued

Tangible assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% on a straight line basis
Plant and machinery - 20% on a straight line basis
Motor vehicles - 25% on reducing balance

Tangible assets are initially recognised at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amount are recorded at their fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated dedication and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increases accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of the asset, the excess shall be recognised through profit or loss.

Financial instruments

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where the investment is non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value which changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment of an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are measured at fair value, with any changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial Assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairments are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2023

3. Accounting policies - continued Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the statement of financial position date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Defined contribution plans.

Contributions to defined contributions plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where carrying amount exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that include the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2023

3. Accounting policies - continued

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, and it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement; and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision is an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of an asset. When the provision is measured at the present value of the amount to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

4. Employees and directors

The average number of employees during the year was 10 (2022 - 8).

5. Tangible fixed assets

Э.	Tangible fixed assets				
	-	Freehold	Plant and	Motor	
		property	machinery	vehicles	Totals
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 March 2022	493,838	1,097,352	104,617	1,695,807
	Additions	36,797	228,554	29,099	294,450
	Disposals	-	(23,597)	(23,935)	(47,532)
	At 28 February 2023	530,635	1,302,309	109,781	1,942,725
	Depreciation				
	At 1 March 2022	56,935	640,306	73,160	770,401
	Charge for year	10,004	95,208	6,564	111,776
	Eliminated on disposal	<u>-</u>	(15,910)	(18,255)	(34,165)
	At 28 February 2023	66,939	719,604	61,469	848,012
	Net book value				
	At 28 February 2023	463,696	582,705	48,312	1,094,713
	At 28 February 2022	436,903	457,046	31,457	925,406
6.	Debtors: amounts falling due within one year				
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				£	£
	Trade debtors			225,960	212,056
	and the second s				

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 28 February 2023

7.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2023	2022
		£	£
	Trade creditors	49,758	19,892
	Taxation and social security	48,522	122,201
	Other creditors	8,793	78,166
		107,073	220,259
8.	Reserves		
			Retained
			earnings
			£
	At 1 March 2022		1,148,672
	Profit for the year		212,502
	Dividends	_	(44,000)
	At 28 February 2023	-	1,317,174

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.