RMT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT LIMITED DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors A A Josephs

K Walker

Secretary R A Blackett

Company number 2895559

Registered office 3 Portland Terrace

NEWCASTLE UPON TYNE

NE2 1QQ

Auditors PCLG, Chartered Accountants

Equinox House Clifton Park Avenue

Clifton Park YORK YO30 5PA

Bankers Barclays Bank plc

Barclays Business Centre

PO Box 22 Gateshead TYNE & WEAR

NE8 1BX

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

The directors present their report and financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2000.

Principal activities and review of the business

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of investment advisors.

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors.

Results and dividends

The results for the year are set out on page 5.

Directors

The following directors have held office since 1 June 1999:

A A Josephs K Walker

Directors' interests

The directors' beneficial interests in the shares of the o	company were as stated below:	
	A Ordinary sh	nares of £ 1 each
	31 May 2000	1 June 1999
A A Josephs	-	_
K Walker	1,250	1,250
	B Ordinary st	nares of £ 1 each
	31 May 2000	1 June 1999
A A Josephs	-	-
K Walker	-	-
	C Ordinary sh	ares of 10p each
	31 May 2000	1 June 1999
A A Josephs	<u>-</u>	_
K Walker	10,000	10.000

1,000 "A" Ordinary shares and 4,500 "B" Ordinary shares are issued in the name of A A Josephs. These are held by A A Josephs as a trustee for RMT Accountants and Business Advisors. A A Josephs and others are partners of RMT Accountants and Business Advisors.

Taxation status

The company was a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988 and this position has not changed since the end of the financial year.

In accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution proposing that PCLG, Chartered Accountants be reappointed as auditors of the company will be put to the Annual General Meeting.

DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

Directors' responsibilities

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

A A Josephs

Director

7 February 2001

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF RMT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 16 which have been prepared under the historical cost convention and the accounting policies set out on page 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3 the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 May 2000 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PCLG, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
REGISTERED AUDITOR

YORK

7 FEBRUARY 2001

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

Notes	2000 £	1999 £
2	322,620	231,145
	(17,508)	(18,729)
	305,112	212,416
	(207,266)	(152,905)
3	97,846	59,511
4	(2,628)	(804)
	95,218	58,707
5	(18,683)	(756)
	76,535	57,951
6	(50,000)	-
14	26,535	57,951
	2 3 4 5	Notes £ 2 322,620 (17,508) 305,112 (207,266) 97,846 4 (2,628) 95,218 (18,683) 5 (18,683) 76,535 (50,000)

The profit and loss account has been prepared on the basis that all operations are continuing operations.

There are no recognised gains and losses other than those passing through the profit and loss account.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MAY 2000

		200	2000		1999	
	Notes	£	£	£	£	
Fixed assets						
Tangible assets	7		35,278		57,952	
Current assets						
Stocks	8	150		150		
Debtors	9	45,900		45,215		
Cash at bank and in hand		50,607		27,072		
		96,657		72,437		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(89,311)		(35,835)		
Net current assets		<u> </u>	7,346		36,602	
Total assets less current liabilities			42,624		94,554	
Creditors: amounts falling due after						
more than one year	11		(11,250)		(89,715)	
			31,374		4,839	
Capital and reserves						
Called up share capital	13		10,000		10,000	
Profit and loss account	14		21,374		(5,161)	
Shareholders' funds - equity interests	15		31,374		4,839	

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 7 February 2001

A A Josephs

Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

		2000 £		1999 £
Net cash inflow from operating activities		132,802		43,077
Returns on investments and servicing of finance				
Interest paid	(2,628)		(804)	
Net cash outflow for returns on investments and servicing of finance		(2,628)		(804)
Taxation		(755)		-
Capital expenditure Payments to acquire tangible assets Receipts from sales of tangible assets	(3,107) 11,355		(12,751) -	
Net cash inflow/(outflow) for capital expenditure		8,248		(12,751)
Equity dividends paid		(30,000)		-
Net cash inflow before management of liquid resources and financing		100,667		29,522
Financing			47.005	
Other new long term loans Repayment of other long term loans	- (68,048)		17,085 (50,000)	
Capital element of hire purchase contracts	(16,084)		(4,000)	
Net cash outflow from financing		(84,132)		(36,915)
Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year		23,535		(7,393)

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

1	Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from operating activities				1999
	activities			£	£
	Operating profit			97,846	59,511
	Depreciation of tangible assets			11,570	5,262
	Loss on disposal of tangible assets Increase in debtors			2,856 (685)	- (25,108)
	Increase in creditors within one year			21,215	3,412
	Net cash inflow from operating activities			132,802	43,077
2	Analysis of net funds/(debt)	1 June 1999	Cash flow	Other non- cash changes	31 M ay 2000
		£	£	£	£
	Net cash:				
	Cash at bank and in hand	27,072 ————	23,535		50,607 ————
	Debt:				
	Finance leases	(38,167)	16,084	-	(22,083)
	Debts falling due after one year	(68,048)	68,048		
	Net (debt)/funds	(79,143)	107,667		28,524
3	Reconciliation of net cash flow to moveme	nt in net funds/(debt)	2000 £	1999 £
	Increase/(decrease) in cash in the year			23,535	(7,393)
	Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease	financing		84,132	36,916
	Change in net debt resulting from cash flows			107,667	29,523
	New finance lease			-	(32,500)
	Movement in net funds/(debt) in the year			107,667	(2,977)
	Opening net debt			(79,143)	(76,166)
	Closing net funds/(debt)			28,524	(79,143)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

1 Accounting policies

1.1 Accounting convention

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Compliance with accounting standards

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for services provided and proposals submitted net of VAT.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings & equipment

20% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% reducing balance

1.5 Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.6 Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Pensions

The pension costs charged in the financial statements represent the contributions payable by the company during the year in accordance with SSAP 24.

1.8 Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is provided at appropriate rates on all timing differences using the liability method only to the extent that, in the opinion of the directors, there is a reasonable probability that a liability or asset will crystallise in the foreseeable future.

2 Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

3	Operating profit	2000	1999
		£	£
	Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	Depreciation of tangible assets	11,570	5,262
	Operating lease rentals	15,000	13,551
	Auditors' remuneration	1,157 	1,625
Į.	Interest payable	2000	1999
		£	£
	On bank loans and overdrafts	565	218
	Hire purchase interest	2,063 ———	586
		2,628 ———	804
5	Taxation	2000	1999
		£	
	U.K. current year taxation	_	
	U.K. corporation tax at 20% (1999 - 20%)	19,439	75
	Prior years		
	U.K. corporation tax	(756)	
		18,683	756
6	Dividends and appropriations	2000	199
	•• •	£	;
	Dividends on equity shares:		
	Ordinary A interim paid 22 December 1999	4,500	
	Ordinary B interim paid 22 December 1999	4,500	
	Ordinary C interim paid 22 December 1999	1,000	
	Ordinary A interim paid 25 May 2000	9,000	
	Ordinary B interim paid 25 May 2000	9,000	
	Ordinary C interim paid 25 May 2000	2,000	
	Ordinary A proposed payable 5 September 2000	9,000	
	Ordinary B proposed payable 5 September 2000	9,000	
	Ordinary C proposed payable 5 September 2000	2,000	
	•	50,000	

7	Tangible fixed assets			
		Fixtures, fittings & equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£
	Cost			
	At 1 June 1999	2,959	68,459	71,418
	Additions	3,107	-	3,107
	Disposals	<u>-</u>	(26,459)	(26,459)
	At 31 May 2000	6,066	42,000	48,066
	Depreciation		 _	
	At 1 June 1999	600	12,866	13,466
	On disposals	-	(12,248)	(12,248)
	Charge for the year	996	10,574	11,570
	At 31 May 2000	1,596	11,192	12,788
	Net book value			
	At 31 May 2000	4,470	30,808	35,278
	At 31 May 1999	2,359	55,593	57,952
				Motor vehicles £
	Net book values At 31 May 2000			30,808
	At 31 May 1999			43,382
	Depreciation charge for the year			
	31 May 2000			10,269
	31 May 1999			923
8	Stocks		2000 £	1999 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale		150	150
	3 3			

9	Debtors	2000 £	1999 £
	Trade debtors	42,176	45,068
	Other debtors	1,544	-
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,180	147
		45,900	45,215
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2000 £	1999 £
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts	10,833	16,500
	Trade creditors	27,999	6,695
	Corporation tax	18,684	756
	Other taxes and social security costs	3,793	2,804
	Accruals and deferred income	8,002	9,080
	Proposed dividend	20,000	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2000 £	1999 £
	Other loans	-	68,048
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts	11,250	21,667
		11,250	89,715
	Analysis of loans		
	Wholly repayable within five years	-	68,048
			68,048
	Loan maturity analysis		
	Between two and five years	-	68,048
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts		
	Repayable within one year	12,896	18,231
	Repayable between one and five years	13,313	24,404
	•	26,209	42,635
	Finance charges and interest allocated to future accounting periods	(4,126)	(4,468)
		22,083	38,167
	Included in liabilities falling due within one year	(10,833)	(16,500)
		11,250	21,667

12 Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund and amounted to £6,139 (1999 - £5,844).

13	Share capital	2000 £	1999 £
	Authorised		
	9,000 A Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	9,000	9,000
	9,000 B Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	9,000	9,000
	20,000 C Ordinary shares of 10p each	2,000	2,000
		20,000	20,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	4,500 A Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	4,500	4,500
	4,500 B Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	4,500	4,500
	10,000 C Ordinary shares of 10p each	1,000	1,000
		10,000	10,000
			
14	Statement of movements on profit and loss account		
		lo	Profit and ss account
	Balance at 1 June 1999	lo	ss account £
	Balance at 1 June 1999 ` Retained profit for the year	lo	ss account
		ło	£ (5,161)
15	Retained profit for the year	2000	(5,161) 26,535 21,374
15	Retained profit for the year Balance at 31 May 2000		(5,161) 26,535 21,374
15	Retained profit for the year Balance at 31 May 2000 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds	2000 £	(5,161) 26,535 21,374 ————————————————————————————————————
15	Retained profit for the year Balance at 31 May 2000	2000	(5,161) 26,535 21,374
15	Retained profit for the year Balance at 31 May 2000 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends	2000 £ 76,535 (50,000)	(5,161) 26,535 21,374 1999 £
15	Retained profit for the year Balance at 31 May 2000 Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year	2000 € 76,535	(5,161) 26,535 21,374 ————————————————————————————————————

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

16	Financiai	commitments

At 31 May 2000 the company had annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

	follows:				
	i	Land and	d buildings 1999	2000	Other 1999
		£	£	£	£
	Expiry date:	-		_	_
	Within one year	15,000	12,000	-	-
	Between two and five years	· -	-	-	1,151
		15,000	12,000	-	1,151
17	Directors' emoluments			2000	1999
				£	£
	Emoluments for qualifying services			46,551	41,593
	Company pension contributions to money pu	rchase schemes		4,375 ————	4,375
				50,926	45,968 ———
18	Employees				
	Number of employees The average monthly number of employees (year was:	(including directors)	during the		
	your was.			2000 Number	1999 Number
	Directors			2	2
	Consultants			1	1
	Administration			2	2
				5	5
	Employment costs				
				£	£
	Wages and salaries			123,634	100,499
	Social security costs			11,800	9,238
	Other pension costs			6,139 ————	5,844 —
				141,573	115,581

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2000

19 Related party transactions

A A Josephs is a partner of RMT Accountants and Business Advisors and is a director of RMT Financial Management Limited.

Included within other loans are loans from RMT Accountants and Business Advisors as detailed below:

 2000
 1999

 £
 £

 RMT Accountants and Business Advisors
 68,048

The company occupies property owned by RMT Accountants and Business Advisors, and pays rent of £15,000 per annum.