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Cyclotech Limited

Report and Financial Statements

Year Ended

31 December 2013

Company Number 2887371

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Report and financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

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Directors

I Jack

J Andrews

R Bjoroy

Secretary and registered office

P Droy, Victory House Manor Royal, Crawley, West Sussex, RH10 9LD

Company number

2887371

Auditors

BDO LLP, Kings Wharf, 20-30 Kings Road, Reading, Berkshire, RG1 3EX

Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of providers of hydrocarbon separation technology and services to the oil and gas industry. There have been no changes to the company's activities in the year under review.

Review of the business and future developments

Revenue increased sharply in 2013 as forecasted with the start-up of new projects for Russia and progress on some major contracts carried from last year. Activity remained very high however gross margins depleted due to project mix and significant cost overruns on some high value projects carried from 2012. Cost overruns were mainly for supplier driven delays and issues.

Looking forward to 2014, the revenue is expected to drop with completion of a high value project for Russia. However, the gross margin is expected to improve with closure of loss making projects.

Key performance indicators

The board considers Turnover, Gross margins, Cash flow and performance of contract backlog to be the key indicators of business performance.

Turnover increased by 71% (2012 - decreased by 9.5%) from £19,436k in 2012 to £33,196k in 2013. Export turnover represented 91% (2012 - 67%), increase mainly driven by the new Russia project.

Gross margins decreased from 11% in 2012 to 8.1% in 2013 resulting in gross profit of £2,697k (2012 - £2,123k). The company showed an operating loss of £1,999k (2012 - loss of £1,869k) principally due to drop in gross margins, as a result of the loss making projects referred to above. The increase in administrative expenses related to legal case with a supplier in the UK contributed to increase in losses.

Cash balances decreased to £234k (2012 - £2,972k) due to payment of intercompany loans at year end.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company mitigates the risk attached to foreign currency exposure by the use of the group inter-company treasury department. The company manages cashflow and liquidity risk by keeping tight control and forecasting of cashflow by maintaining good working relationships with its customers and suppliers, and maintaining substantial credit facilities with its parent company.

Approval

This strategic report was approved on behalf of the Board on 26 November 2014

Director

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013.

Results and dividends

The profit and loss account is set out on page 6 and shows the result for the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company's principle risks and uncertainties have been detailed within the strategic report.

Research and development

It is the policy of the company to constantly research and develop new initiatives and new technologies, to further enhance the company's reputation as market leading technologists. This is done through both self funded in house work, as well as sourcing external funding in "Joint Venture Agreements" with other operators in the oil and gas sector. Development costs incurred on specific projects are capitalised when recoverability can be assessed with reasonable certainty and written off when production commences. All other development costs are written off in the year of expenditure.

Directors

The directors of the company during the year were:

I Jack J Andrews R Bjoroy

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Report of the directors for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Auditors

All of the current directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any information needed by the company's auditors for the purposes of their audit and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information. The directors are not aware of any relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware.

BDO LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office and offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with Section 485 of the Companies Act 2006. A resolution to reappoint them will be proposed at the next Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board

R Bjoroy

Director

Date

26 Nov 2014

Independent auditor's report

TO THE MEMBERS OF CYCLOTECH LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Cyclotech Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the statement of directors' responsibilities, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
 and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditor's report (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Christopher Pooles (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of BDO LLP, statutory auditor Reading
United Kingdom

Date 27 November 2014

BDO LLP is a limited liability partnership registered in England and Wales (with registered number OC305127).

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £	2012 £
Turnover	2	33,195,684	19,436,352
Cost of sales		(30,498,688)	(17,312,906)
Gross profit		2,696,996	2,123,446
Administrative expenses		(4,695,641)	(3,993,137)
Operating loss	5	(1,998,645)	(1,869,691)
Interest payable and similar charges		(543)	-
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation		(1,999,188)	(1,869,691)
Taxation on loss from ordinary activities	6	484,187	518,817
Loss on ordinary activities after taxation	14	(1,515,001)	(1,350,874)

All amounts relate to continuing activities.
All recognised gains and losses for the current and prior period are included in the profit and loss account.

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Balance sheet at 31 December 2013

Company number 2887371	Note	2013 £	2013 £	2012 £	2012 £
Fixed assets	_				:
Tangible assets	7		353,572		639,774
Current assets					
Stocks	8	427,829		687,317	
Debtors	9	32,315,455		10,298,214	
Cash at bank and in hand		234,379		2,972,166	
		32,977,663		13,957,697	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(31,356,222)		(11,133,693)	
within one year	10	(51,550,222) —————		(11,105,095) ————	
Net current assets			1,621,441		2,824,004
Total assets less current liabilities			1,975,013		3,463,778
			1,973,013		3,403,770
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(1,105,448)		(1,105,448)	
Provisions for liabilities and charges	12	(80,602)		(54,366)	
citalyes	12	(00,002)		(54,500)	
			(1,186,050)		(1,159,814)
Net assets			788,963		2,303,964
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	13		130		130
Share premium account	14		44,495		44,495
Profit and loss account	. 14		744,338		2,259,339
Shareholder's funds	15		788,963		2,303,964

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 26 November 2014

R Bjoroy **Director**

The notes on pages 8 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

1 Accounting policies

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and are in accordance with applicable accounting standards. The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

Cash flow statement

The company has taken advantage of the exemption conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1 "Cash Flow Statements (revised 1996)" not to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that at least 90% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within the group headed by Schlumberger Limited, a company incorporated in the Curacao and the company is included in its consolidated financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

Profit on long-term contracts is taken as the work is carried out if the final outcome can be assessed with reasonable certainty. The profit included is calculated on a prudent basis to reflect the proportion of the work carried out at the year end, by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses. Turnover is calculated as that proportion of total contract value which costs incurred to date bear to total expected costs for that contract. Revenues derived from variations on contracts are recognised only when they have been accepted by the customer. Full provision is made for losses on all contracts in the year in which they are first foreseen.

Turnover on sales not accounted for as long term contracts is recognised when the goods are accepted by the customer, and in accordance with the terms of the contract.

Long term contracts

Amounts recoverable on long term contracts, which are included in debtors, are stated at the net sales value of work done less amounts received as progress payments on account. Excess progress payments are included in creditors as payments on account. Cumulative costs incurred net of amounts transferred to cost of sales, less provision for contingencies and anticipated future losses on contracts are included as long term contract balances in stock.

Grant income

Grants received by the company in relation to research and development projects are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided to write off the cost, less their estimated residual values, of all fixed assets evenly over their expected useful lives. It is calculated at the following rates:

Leasehold improvements

10% straight line per annum

Plant and machinery

10-20% straight line per annum

Furniture, fittings and equipment

33% straight line per annum

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Leased assets

Operating lease rentals are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Stocks and work in progress

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less additional costs to completion and disposal.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date except that the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying timing differences.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date except where rates of exchange are fixed under contractual arrangements.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Pension costs

The company pays into personal defined contribution pension schemes of both employees and directors. The company's contributions are charged in the profit and loss account as incurred.

Research and development

Development costs are charged to the profit and loss account in the year of expenditure, unless individual projects satisfy all of the following criteria:

- The project is clearly defined and related expenditure is separately identifiable;
- The project is technically feasible and commercially viable;
- Current and future costs are expected to be exceeded by future sales; and
- Adequate resources exist for the project to be completed.

In such circumstances the costs are carried forward and amortised over a period not exceeding 3 years commencing in the year the company starts to benefit from the expenditure.

All other research and development costs are written off in the year of expenditure.

2	Turnover	2013	2012
	Analysis by geographical market:	£	3
	United Kingdom Other	2,969,857 30,225,827	6,298,804 13,137,548
		33,195,684	19,436,352
	Turnover is wholly attributable to the principal activity of the company.		
3	Employees	2013 £	2012 £
	Staff costs (including directors) consist of:	_	-
	Wages and salaries Social security costs Other pension costs Other staff costs	2,722,756 241,889 155,697 60,995	2,369,148 271,196 128,047 63,999
		3,181,337	2,832,390
	. The average number of employees, including directors, during the year was a	as follows:	
		2013 Number	2012 Number
	Support	34	30
	Sales Research and development	1 1	2
	Administration	6	6
		42	39

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

4	Directors' emoluments	2013 £	2012 £
	Aggregate emoluments Company pension contributions	301,228 46,542	175,208 8,295
		347,770	183,503

The number of directors for which retirement benefits are accruing under money purchase pension scheme amounted to 1 (2012 - 1).

Emoluments of the highest paid director amounted to £281,780 (2012 - £175,208), contributions to their defined contribution pension scheme amounted to £50,391 (2012 - £8,295).

5	Operating loss This has been arrived at after crediting:	2013 £	2012 £
	Depreciation - owned by the company Hire of land and buildings - operating leases	172,539 194,323	119,142 220,299
	Hire of other assets - operating leases Auditors' remuneration:	5,835	10,462
	- audit services - non audit services Exchange loss	35,250 3,235 251,068	41,379 825 66,021

Taxation on loss from ordinary activities	2013		2012
Current tax	£		£
UK corporation tax charge on loss for the year Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(475,842) (34,581)		(462,045) (42,999)
Total current tax	(510,423)		(505,044)
Deferred tax			
Origination and reversal of timing differences Effects of changes in tax rates on opening liability	33,598 (7,362)		(8,065) (5,708)
Taxation on loss on ordinary activities	(484,187)		(518,817)
The tax assessed for the year is different to the standard rate of corporation are explained below:	tax in the UK.	The	e differences
	2013 £		2012 £
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(1,999,188)		(1,869,691)
Loss on ordinary activities at the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK 23.25% (2012 - 24.5%)	(464,811)		(458,075)
Effects of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	(1,713) (9,318)		(1,804) 12,011
Other short term timing differences Tax rate difference for loss carry back Adjustments in respect of prior periods	(34,581)		(30) (14,153) (42,993)
	(510,423)		(505,044)

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 *(continued)*

7 Tangible assets				Furniture	
		Leasehold improvements £	Plant and machinery £	fittings and equipment	Total £
Cost		_	_	_	
At 1 January 2013		191,013	922,667	375,937	1,489,617
Transfers		-	22,595	-	22,595
Disposals		-	(153,290)		(153,290)
At 31 December 20	13	191,013	791,972	375,937	1,358,922
Depreciation					
At 1 January 2013		142,756	341,966	365,121	849,843
Provided for the ye	ar	42,978	119,201	10,360	172,539
Disposals		-	(17,032)	<u>-</u>	(17,032)
At 31 December 20	13	185,734	444,135	375,481	1,005,350
Net book value					
At 31 December 20	13	5,279	347,837	456	353,572
At 31 December 20	12	48,257	580,701	10,816	639,774

Included within plant and machinery are assets with a net book value of £424,123 (2012 - £528,020) which are generating rental income. The rental income generated by these assets during the year was £385,367 (2012 - £262,560).

8	Stocks	2013 £	2012 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	427,829	687,317

9	Debtors	2013	2012
	Trade debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings Other debtors Amounts recoverable on long term contracts	£ 1,916,860 2,991,753 1,326,146 26,080,696	1,067,343 1,449,348 247,119 7,534,404
		32,315,455	10,298,214
	All amounts shown under debtors fall due for payment within one year.		
10	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Trade creditors Other creditors Amounts owed to group companies Accruals	4,075,240 5,800,342 21,442,155 38,485	1,174,212 3,694,514 6,257,494 7,473
		31,356,222	11,133,693
11	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2013 £	2012 £
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	1,105,448	1,105,448
12	Deferred tax liability	2013 £	2012 £
	At 1 January 2013	54,366	68,139
	Charge/(credit) for the year (see note 6)	26,236 ————	(13,773)
	Deferred tax liability	80,602	54,366
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:		
	Accelerated capital allowances	80,602	54,366

13	Share capital		Allotted, called up	n and fully paid	
		2013 Number	2012 Number	2013 £	2012 £
	Ordinary shares of 10p each	1,302	1,302	130	130
14	Reserves			Share	Profit
				premium account £	and loss account £
	At 1 January 2013 Loss for the year			44,495 -	2,259,339 (1,515,001)
	At 31 December 2013			44,495	744,338
15	Reconciliation of movement in shareho	older's funds		2013 £	2012 £
	Loss for the year Opening shareholder's funds			(1,515,001) 2,303,964	(1,350,874) 3,654,838
	Closing shareholder's funds			788,963	2,303,964
16	Commitments under operating leases				
	As at 31 December 2013, the company has set out below:	ad annual com	nmitments under nor	n-cancellable oper	ating leases as
		2013 Land and buildings	2013 Other	2012 Land and buildings	2012 Other
	Operating leases which expire:	£	3	£	3
	Within one year In two to five years	44,031 110,000	796 6,808	28,199 144,100	7,896
		154,031	7,604	172,299	7,896

Notes forming part of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

17 Related party transactions

The company has taken advantage of the exemption allowed by Financial Reporting Standard 8, "Related Party Transactions", not to disclose any transactions with members of the group headed by Schlumberger Limited, a company incorporated in Curacao, on the grounds that 100% of the voting rights in the company are controlled within that group and the company is included in these consolidated financial statements.

18 Ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party

The company's immediate parent company is Almida Group Limited, a company which is incorporated in England and Wales. The company's ultimate parent company is Schlumberger Limited, a company incorporated in Curacao and whose share capital is listed on The New York Stock Exchange.

The smallest and largest group in which the results of the company are consolidated is that headed by Schlumberger, Limited a company incorporated in Curacao. Copies of its group financial statements are available from: Schlumberger Limited, 5599 San Felipe, Houston, Texas 7705 USA.