GESB PLC

Annual report and financial statements Registered number 2883741 31 January 2017

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GESB PLC Directors' report and financial statements 31 January 2017

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STRATEGIC REPORT

The directors present their strategic report of GESB Plc ('the Company') for the year ended 31 January 2017.

GENERAL

Principal activities

The Company is a special purpose vehicle originally set up in 1994. Its only activity is to hold debenture stock which was acquired on 12 July 1994 and to service bonds acquired on the same date to finance the purchase.

The Company has no direct competitors.

GESB PLC's main overall financial aim is to break even at the end of its 25 year life.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

Results

The results for the year and the Company's financial position at the end of the year are shown in the attached financial statements. The total comprehensive expense after taxation for the year was £(3,747) (2016: £614).

Financial risks

The financial risks of the Company were addressed by the directors when the company set up the financial agreements. The Company's financial receivables are loans due from housing associations via an intermediate company and its financial payables are issued bonds. The financial liabilities are matched by the same nominal value of financial assets. The interest rates are fixed eliminating interest rate risks.

Despite the Company making a small loss this year, professional services fees have been largely fixed which, in conjunction with the above, results in a steady surplus for the life of this special purpose vehicle.

The recoverability of the investment in unlisted debt securities is dependent on the collections from underlying receivables. Receivables are considered impaired when it is probable that the Company will be unable to collect all amounts due according to the relevant contractual terms. The key assumptions for recoverability relate to estimates of the probability of any account going into default, cash flows from borrowers' accounts, their timing and expected proceeds from the sale of repossessed collateral. These key assumptions are based on observed data from historical patterns and are updated regularly as new data becomes available.

In addition, the directors consider how appropriate past trends and patterns could impact the current economic climate and may make any adjustments they believe are necessary to reflect the current economic and market conditions. On 23 June 2016, the UK voted to leave the EU. Subsequently, the triggering of Article 50 took place on 29 March 2017. At the date of signing these accounts the Directors do not foresee any immediate risks crystallising, however, they acknowledge the uncertainty that continues to exist. The directors will continue to keep this under review.

The Directors have considered the investment in unlisted debt securities and are satisfied that it is fully recoverable.

By order of the board

Mr Andreas Demosthenous

On behalf of Wilmington Trust SP Services (London)

Limited
Director
7 July 2017

Directors' report

The directors present their report and audited financial statements of GESB PLC for the year ended 31 January 2017. The Company is incorporated as a public limited company and domiciled in the United Kingdom.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2016: £nil).

Directors and directors' interest

The following directors held office during the year:

Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited Mrs M Clarke-Whelan Mr M H Filer (resigned on the 10 April 2017) Mr D J Wynne (appointed on the 24 March 2017)

None of the directors who held office at the end of the financial year had any disclosable interest in the shares of the Company.

Policy and practice on payment of creditors

It is the Company's policy that payments made to suppliers are made in accordance with those terms and conditions agreed between the Company and its suppliers. The Company owed no amounts to trade creditors at 31 January 2017 (31 January 2016: £nil).

Disclosure of information to auditor

The directors who held office at the date of the approval of this directors' report confirm that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditor is unaware; and each director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware of any relevant information and to establish that the Company's auditor is aware of that information.

Auditor

KPMG LLP was appointed as auditor during the year and is deemed to be reappointed under Section 487 of the Companies Act 2006.

By order of the board

Mr Andreas Demosthenous

On behalf of Wilmington Trust SP Services (London)

Limited

Director

Third Floor, 1 King's Arms Yard

London EC2R 7AF

7 July 2017

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES IN RESPECT OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT AND THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK Accounting Standards and applicable law (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102").

Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They have a general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GESB PLC

We have audited the financial statements of GESB PLC for the year ended 31 January 2016 set out on pages 6 to 18. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and UK Accounting Standards (UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with chapters 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2017 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- · have been properly prepared in accordance with UK Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Based solely on the work required to be undertaken in the course of the audit of the financial statements and from reading the Strategic report and the Directors' report:

- we have not identified material misstatements in those reports; and
- in our opinion, those reports have been prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 2006.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GESB PLC (continued)

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Peter Hine (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of KPMG LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
15 Canada Square
London
EC14 5GL

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Profit and Loss Account

for the year ended 31 January 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Income from fixed asset investments Interest payable and similar charged on bonds in issue	5 6	10,101,580 (9,617,094)	9,978,701 (9,540,596)
Administrative expenses		484,486 (488,406)	438,105 (437,714)
Operating (loss)/profit Other interest receivable and similar income	7	(3,920) 173	391 376
(Loss)/profit before taxation Tax on profit	2	(3,747)	767 (153)
(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(3,747)	614
Other interest receivable and similar income (Loss)/profit before taxation Tax on profit	·	(3,747)	

There were no recognised other comprehensive income during the period other than those amounts reflected in the above profit and loss account.'

Balance Sheet

As at 31 January 2017

	Note	£	2017 £	£	2016 £
Fixed assets Investments	9		101,820,437		100,475,338
Current assets Debtors:					
Falling due within one year Falling due after more than one year	10 11	2,462,532 456,003		2,417,591 945,056	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,918,535 140,590		3,362,647 152,156	
		3,059,125		3,514,803	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	12	(1,883,777)).	(1,877,361)	
Net current assets			1,175,348		1,637,442
Total assets less current liabilities			102,995,785		102,112,780
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	13		(102,749,402)		(101,862,650)
Provision for liabilities and charges	14		(15,899)		(15,899)
Net assets			230,484		234,231
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	15		50,000		50,000
Profit and loss account	18		180,484		184,231
Shareholders' funds	19		230,484		234,231

These financial statements of GESB Plc, registration number 02883741, on pages 6 to 18 were approved by the board of directors on 7 July 2017 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr Andreas Demosthenous

On behalf of Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited

Director

Notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of the financial statements.

Statement of changes in equity for the year ended 31 January 2017

	Note	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total £
Balance as at 1 February 2015 Profit for the year ended 2016 Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Balance as at 31 January 2016	15	50,000	183,617 614 ———————————————————————————————————	233,617 614 ———————————————————————————————————
Balance as at 1 February 2016 Loss for the year ended 2017 Other comprehensive income Total comprehensive income Balance as at 31 January 2017	19	50,000	184,231 (3,747) 	234,231 (3,747)

Cash Flow Statement

for the year ended 31 January 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Cash flows from operating activities			
(Loss)/profit after tax Adjustments to reconcile profit to net cash flows from operating activities:		(3,747)	614
Amortisation of discount on debt securities issued Amortisation of discount of debt securities purchased Decrease in debtors Increase in creditors Tax	6 5	886,752 (1,345,099) 444,113 6,242	810,254 (1,222,220) 399,171 - (223)
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(11,739)	(12,404)
Investing activities			
Other interest	16	173	376
Net cash inflows from investing activities		173	376
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at 1 February		(11,566) 152,156	(12,028) 164,184
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 January	17	140,590	152,156

Notes on pages 10 to 18 form part of the financial statements.

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1 Accounting policies

GESB PLC is a limited company incorporated and domiciled in the United Kingdom with registered number 02883741 and has its registered office at 1 King's Arms Yard, London, EC2R 7AF.

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the Company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The Company's financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 as it applies to the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 January 2017. The Company's first transition period was the year ending 31 January 2015.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland ("FRS 102") as issued in August 2014. The amendments to FRS 102 issued in July 2015 and effective immediately have been applied. The functional currency of these financial statements is sterling. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules. The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Investments

Investments consist of 8.35% debenture stock 2018 and are recorded at cost, plus or minus accrued premium or discount on acquisition which is amortised to generate a constant yield to maturity.

The directors annually review the key assumptions regarding the value of the unlisted debt securities and evaluate the recoverability of the investment.

Debt securities issued

Listed debt securities consist 8.35% guaranteed secured bonds 2018 and are recorded at cost, plus or minus accrued premium or discount on issue which is amortised to generate a constant yield to maturity.

Taxation

Tax on the profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognised directly in equity or other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is provided on timing differences which arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. The following timing differences are not provided for: differences between accumulated depreciation and tax allowances for the cost of a fixed asset if and when all conditions for retaining the tax allowances have been met; and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries, [associates, branch, joint ventures] to the extent that it is not probable that they will reverse in the foreseeable future and the reporting entity is able to control the reversal of the timing difference. Deferred tax is not recognised on permanent differences arising because certain types of income or expense are non-taxable or are disallowable for tax or because certain tax charges or allowances are greater or smaller than the corresponding income or expense.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the reversal of the related difference, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise deposits in the Company's bank accounts. These deposits are available on demand.

Accounting judgements and estimates

In preparing its financial statements in conformity with FRS 102, the Company makes estimates concerning a variety of matters. The estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis.

Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis which assumes the Company will continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The directors have reviewed the future forecasts and have confirmed that adequate financing is available to enable the company to meet its liabilities as they fall due.

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2 Profit before taxati	on

2017	2016
£	£
12,000	12,000
2,340	2,340
	£ 12,000

3 Remuneration of directors

None of the other directors received remuneration for their services except for Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited which received a fee for its services as described in note 20.

4 Staff numbers and costs

The company had no employees during the year (2016: no employees).

5 Income from fixed asset investments

	2017	2016
·	£	£
Income from fixed asset investments:		
Unlisted debt securities	8,756,481	8,756,481
Amortised discount	1,345,099	1,222,220
	10,101,580	9,978,701
Interest payable and similar charges on bonds in issue		
Zatorios paymore and comment came get on control and control	2017	2016
	£	£
Interest paid on debt securities in issue	8,730,342	8,730,342
Amortised discount	886,752	810,254
	9,617,094	9,540,596

7 Other interest receivable and similar income

		2017 £	2016 £
	Bank interest received	173	376
		·	
8	Taxation	2017 £	2016 £
	UK corporation tax Current tax on income for the year Prior year adjustment	- -	153
	Total current tax		153
	Deferred tax (see note 14)	-	-
	Tax on profit	-	153

Factors affecting the tax charge for the year

The current tax charge for the year is (2016: lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (20%, 2016: 20%). The differences are explained below:

8 Taxation (continued)

	2017	2016 £
Current tax reconciliation (Loss)/profit before taxation	£ (3,747)	767
Current tax charge at 20% (2016: 20%)	(749)	153
Effects of: Trade losses carried forward Utilised trade losses	(749) 749	- -
	-	153
		

At 31 January 2017 the company has an unrecognised deferred tax asset of £nil (2016: £nil) related to trading losses carried forward of £nil (2016: £nil).

A reduction in the UK corporation tax rate from 21% to 20% (effective from 1 April 2015) was substantively enacted on 2 July 2013. Further reductions to 19% (effective from 1 April 2017) and to 18% (effective 1 April 2020) were substantively enacted on 26 October 2015, and an additional reduction to 17% (effective 1 April 2020) was substantively enacted on 6 September 2016. This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly. The deferred tax liability at 31 January 2016 has been calculated based on these rates.

This will reduce the company's future current tax charge accordingly and reduce the deferred tax liability at 31 January 2016 accordingly. As at 31 January 2017, there are no tax-related contingent assets or contingent liabilities in accordance with FRS 102 Section 21.

9 Fixed asset investments

	Cost	Amortised discount	Total
	£	£	£
At beginning of year Amortised discount in year	88,790,558	11,684,780 1,345,099	100,475,338 1,345,099
At end of year	88,790,558	13,029,879	101,820,437

The fixed asset investment comprises unlisted debt securities. The debenture stock purchased has been pledged to Royal Exchange Trust Company Limited as security for debt securities issued.

The Directors have considered the above investment and are satisfied that it is fully recoverable.

10	Debtors: due within one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,462,532	2,417,591
11	Debtors: due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £
	Prepayments and accrued income	456,003	945,056
12	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2017 £	2016 £
	Accruals and deferred income Tax payable	1,883,623 154	1,876,363 998
		1,883,777	1,877,361
13	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
13	Creditors, amounts faming due after more than one year	2017 £	2016 £
	Debt securities in issue at cost Amortised discount	93,811,974 8,937,428	93,811,974 8,050,676
	Amounts repayable, other than by instalments, after more than one year	102,749,402	101,862,650

The £104,555,000 8.35% debenture stock was issued on 12 July 1994 and is to be redeemed on 15 November 2018, interest is paid bi-annually.

14 Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred
	Taxation
	£
At beginning of year	15,899
Movement in the year	-
At end of year	15,899

The liability relates to taxation on the amortised discounts that will crystallize when the bonds mature in November 2018.

The elements of deferred taxation are as follows:

	2017	2016
	£	£
Other timing differences	15,899	15,899

Factors that may affect the future tax charges

Changes in the UK corporation tax rates and legislation between the date of the financial statements and the date the bond mature in November 2018 may impact on the deferred tax liability.

15 Called up share capital

aned up share capital	2017 £	2016 £
Authorised Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
		
Allotted, called up and paid	50,000	50,000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	50,000	50,000
	===	

16 Analysis of cash flows

and you or called the tree of	2017 £	2016 £
Return on investments and servicing of finance		
Bank interest received	173	376

17	Analysis of net funds			
		At beginning of year	Cash flow	At end of the year
		£	£	£
	Cash and cash equivalents	152,156	(11,566)	140,590
	Total	152,156	(11,566)	140,590
18	Reconciliation of movement in the profit and loss account			
			2017	2016
			£	£
	(Loss)/profit for the financial year Opening balance of profit and loss account		(3,747) 184,231	614 183,617
	Closing balance of profit and loss account		180,484	184,231
19	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds		2017	2016
			£	£
	(Loss)/profit for the financial year		(3,747)	
	Opening balance of shareholders' funds		234,231	233,617
	Closing balance of shareholders' funds		230,484	234,231

20 Related party disclosures

The ultimate controlling party is Royal Exchange Trust Company Limited, as trustee. During the year the Royal Exchange Trust Company Limited provided services acting as trustees for £5,520 (2016: £5,520)

The Company is an investment company managed by Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited, a member of its Board of Directors. No director received any remuneration other than Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited which receives a fee for the provision of corporate services under the terms of a corporate services agreement. Under the terms of the agreement, Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited is entitled to receive annual fees of £11,269 (2016: £11,270).

21 Ultimate parent company

Of the 50,000 ordinary shares issued in GESB PLC, 49,999 are held by Royal Exchange Trust Company Limited, and 1 share is held by the Royal Exchange Trustee Nominees Limited, incorporated in England and Wales, as trustee under the terms of a trust declared ultimately for charitable purposes. The ultimate parent undertaking of Royal Exchange Trust Company Limited and Royal Exchange Trustee Nominees Limited is Capital plc. The registered address is The Registry, 34 Beckenham Road, Beckenham, Kent, BR3 4TU.

The registered office address for GESB Plc is c/o Wilmington Trust SP Services (London) Limited, Thrid Floor, 1 King's Arms Yard. London, EC2R 7AF.